ONE HUNDRED SIXTEENTH DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Monday, May 7, 2012

The Senate met at 1:00 p.m. and was called to order by the President.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Senjem imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Rev. Phil Shaw.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Bakk Benson Bonoff Brown Carlson Chamberlain Cohen Dahms Daley DeKruif Dibble Dziedzic	Gazelka Gerlach Gimse Goodwin Hall Hann Harrington Hayden Higgins Hoffman Howe Ingebrigtsen	Koch Koenen Kruse Langseth Latz Lillie Limmer Lourey Magnus Marty McGuire Metzen Mighel	Nelson Newman Nienow Olson Ortman Pappas Parry Pederson Reinert Rest Robling Rosen	Sheran Sieben Skoe Sparks Stumpf Thompson Torres Ray Vandeveer Wiger Wolf
Dziedzic Eaton Fischbach	Ingebrigtsen Jungbauer Kelash	Metzen Michel Miller	Rosen Saxhaug Senjem	
Fischbach	Kelash	Miller	Senjem	

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

EXECUTIVE AND OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were received.

May 2, 2012

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

Dear Senator Fischbach:

We would like to inform you that Governor Mark Dayton has appointed John Linc Stine to serve as Acting Commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, effective on Monday, May 14, 2012.

Sincerely, Tina Smith Chief of Staff Office of Governor Mark Dayton

April 30, 2012

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 2012 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

			Time and	
S.F.	H.F.	Session Laws	Date Approved	Date Filed
No.	No.	Chapter No.	2012	2012
2334		251	11:03 a.m. April 30	April 30
	2627	253	11:04 a.m. April 30	April 30
1597		254	11:04 a.m. April 30	April 30
2342		255	11:05 a.m. April 30	April 30
2535		257	11:05 a.m. April 30	April 30

Sincerely, Mark Ritchie Secretary of State

May 1, 2012

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 2012 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

			Time and	
S.F.	H.F.	Session Laws	Date Approved	Date Filed
No.	No.	Chapter No.	2012	2012
	1607	258	1:45 p.m. May 1	May 1
	2638	259	1:46 p.m. May 1	May 1
	2705	260	1:49 p.m. May 1	May 1
2324		262	1:47 p.m. May 1	May 1
946		263	1:48 p.m. May 1	May 1
2493		264	6:09 p.m. May 1	May 1

Sincerely, Mark Ritchie Secretary of State

May 2, 2012

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 2012 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

			Time and	
S.F.	H.F.	Session Laws	Date Approved	Date Filed
No.	No.	Chapter No.	2012	2012
	2046	266	3:13 p.m. May 2	May 2
	2136	267	3:13 p.m. May 2	May 2
2098		268	3:15 p.m. May 2	May 2
288		269	3:16 p.m. May 2	May 2
1573		270	3:20 p.m. May 2	May 2

Sincerely, Mark Ritchie Secretary of State

May 3, 2012

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

Dear Madam President:

Please be advised that I have received, approved, signed and deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State, S.F. Nos. 1679 and 1528.

Sincerely, Mark Dayton, Governor

May 3, 2012

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 2012 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

S.F. I		Time and					
	H.F.	Session Laws	Date Approved	Date Filed			
No.	No.	Chapter No.	2012	2012			
1679		271	3:14 p.m. May 3	May 3			
	2164	272	3:15 p.m. May 3	May 3			
1528		273	3:16 p.m. May 3	May 3			
	2171	277	3:17 p.m. May 3	May 3			

Sincerely, Mark Ritchie Secretary of State

May 4, 2012

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

I have the honor to inform you that the following enrolled Acts of the 2012 Session of the State Legislature have been received from the Office of the Governor and are deposited in the Office of the Secretary of State for preservation, pursuant to the State Constitution, Article IV, Section 23:

		Time and				
S.F.	H.F.	Session Laws	Date Approved	Date Filed		
No. No.		Chapter No.	2012	2012		
	2555	278	3:20 p.m. May 4	May 4		

116TH DAY]	MONDAY,	MAY 7, 2012	6999	
2795	279	3:27 p.m. May 4	May 4	
2647	280	3:27 p.m. May 4	May 4	
2269	282	3:29 p.m. May 4	May 4	

Sincerely, Mark Ritchie Secretary of State

May 4, 2012

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

Dear Madam President:

I have vetoed and am returning Chapter 281, Senate File 1656, a bill which would require legislative approval of state academic standards and graduation requirements.

Minnesota's existing standards review and revision process is carefully designed and thorough. It has successfully produced rigorous academic standards in math, science, English, language arts, social studies, and the arts. Even when issues of a controversial nature emerge in specific subject areas, the current process has produced standards, which have been widely accepted by stakeholders and held in high esteem nationally. This bill would delay the academic standards process by inserting it into the legislative arena.

This bill would seriously undermine the existing standards review and revision process. Under current law, the process seeks to maximize the input of people with content knowledge and teaching expertise, as well as various stakeholders, while providing multiple opportunities for public input and opinion. It would be very difficult to recruit highly qualified people to serve on the standards committee if they knew the Legislature would then review, approve, or change the standards they worked so diligently to create.

I am also concerned about the additional delays this bill would force upon standards development and implementation timelines, which could cause losses of federal funding and additional costs to school districts. Applications for federal funds typically require a state to commit to a standards and assessment revision timeline. Districts align their curriculum adoption calendars to the state's standard schedule under Minn. Stat. 120B.023. The timeline is very tight. Adding an additional review process could considerably lengthen the amount of time it would take to develop the standards, which in turn would make it difficult for districts to align, purchase, or create new curriculum to train their teachers and to implement the standards.

Finally, this bill would disrupt the efficient functioning of state government, by assigning a role to the Legislative Branch which is the responsibility of the Executive Branch. Academic standards are numerous and detailed. They can take a year or more to discuss, consider, and review by the committee of experts, including teachers, academics, and business leaders. The process culminates in a detailed administrative rulemaking process that provides further opportunities for input by everyone concerned about the outcome. It would be non-productive at best, and counter-productive at worst, to overlay a legislative review process on top of this process, which has been carefully

designed and fine-tuned by legislators and administrations from both parties.

Sincerely, Mark Dayton, Governor

Senator Senjem moved that S.F. No. 1656 and the veto message thereon be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following Senate File, AS AMENDED by the House, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is respectfully requested:

S.F. No. 1212: A bill for an act relating to health records; adding adult children of a deceased patient to the definition of patient; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.291, subdivision 2

Senate File No. 1212 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned May 3, 2012

Senator Brown moved that the Senate do not concur in the amendments by the House to S.F. No. 1212, and that a Conference Committee of 3 members be appointed by the Subcommittee on Conference Committees on the part of the Senate, to act with a like Conference Committee appointed on the part of the House. The motion prevailed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Senator Senjem moved that the Committee Reports at the Desk be now adopted. The motion prevailed.

Senator Ortman from the Committee on Taxes, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2391: A bill for an act relating to stadiums; providing for a new National Football League stadium in Minnesota; establishing a Minnesota Sports Facilities Authority; authorizing the sale and issuance of state appropriation bonds; abolishing the Metropolitan Sports Facilities Commission; providing for use of certain local tax revenue; providing for electronic pull-tab games, electronic linked bingo games, and sports-themed tipboard games; providing for the conditional imposition of certain taxes and collection of other revenues; modifying certain rates of tax on lawful gambling; authorizing the director of the State Lottery to establish gaming machines at a licensed racetrack; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 3.971, subdivision 6; 3.9741, by adding a subdivision; 13.55, subdivision 1; 240.03; 240.13, by adding a subdivision; 297E.01, subdivisions 7, 8, 9; 297E.02, subdivisions

1, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, by adding a subdivision; 297E.13, subdivision 5; 299L.07, subdivisions 2, 2a; 349.12, subdivisions 3b, 3c, 5, 6a, 12a, 18, 25, 25b, 25c, 25d, 29, 31, 32, by adding subdivisions; 349.13; 349.151, subdivisions 4b, 4c, by adding a subdivision; 349.155, subdivisions 3, 4; 349.161, subdivisions 1, 5; 349.162, subdivision 5; 349.163, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 349.1635, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 349.165, subdivision 2; 349.17, subdivisions 6, 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 349.1721; 349.18, subdivision 1; 349.19, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 10; 349.211, subdivision 1a; 349A.01, subdivision 10, by adding subdivisions; 349A.10, subdivision 3; 349A.13; 352.01, subdivision 2a; 473.121, subdivision 5a; 473.164; 473.565, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 10A.01, subdivision 35; Laws 1986, chapter 396, sections 4, as amended; 5, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A; 47; 297A; 349A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 240.30, subdivisions 3, 8; 297E.02, subdivision 4; 349.12, subdivision 2; 473.551; 473.552; 473.553, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17; 473.561; 473.564, subdivisions 2, 3; 473.572; 473.581; 473.592, subdivision 1; 473.595; 473.598; 473.599; 473.76.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 6, after line 13, insert:

"Subd. 5. **Net actual taxes.** "Net actual taxes" means the amount of revenues collected from the taxes in that year minus any refunds and costs of collection."

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Page 9, delete section 9

Page 11, delete subdivision 13

Page 11, line 21, delete "14" and insert "13"

Page 11, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 10. [473J.10] LOCATION.

The stadium to be constructed under this chapter shall be located at the stadium site in the city of Minneapolis."

Page 15, line 29, delete everything after the period

Page 15, delete line 30

Page 16, line 11, delete "NFL team" and insert "state"

Page 16, line 13, delete "team" and insert "state"

Page 16, line 14, delete "the team by"

Page 17, lines 22 and 23, delete "team" and insert "state"

Page 20, line 30, delete "declining to zero 15 years"

Page 24, after line 4, insert:

"Sec. 17. [473J.19] PROPERTY TAX EXEMPTION; SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.

Any real or personal property acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, or occupied by the authority for any of the purposes of this chapter, is acquired, owned, leased, controlled, used, and occupied for public, governmental, and municipal purposes. The stadium and stadium infrastructure are exempt from ad valorem taxation by the state or any political subdivision of the state provided that the properties are subject to special assessments levied by a political subdivision for a local improvement in amounts proportionate to and not exceeding the special benefit received by the properties from the improvement. No possible use of any of the properties in any manner different from their use under this chapter may be considered in determining the special benefit received by the properties. Notwithstanding section 272.01, subdivision 2, or 273.19, real or personal property, which is subject to a lease or use agreement between the authority and another person for uses related to the purposes of this chapter, including the operation of the stadium and related parking facilities, is exempt from taxation regardless of the length of the lease or use agreement or the characteristics of the entity leasing or using the property. This section, insofar as it provides an exemption or special treatment, does not apply to any real property that is leased for residential, business, or commercial development or to a restaurant that is open for general business more than 200 days a year, or other purposes different from those contemplated in this chapter."

Page 29, lines 6 and 7, delete "article 2,"

Pages 34 to 39, delete sections 1 to 3 and insert:

"Section 1. [297A.994] CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS SALES TAX; ALLOCATION OF REVENUES.

Subdivision 1. Scope. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 297A.99, subdivision 11, the provisions of this section govern the remittance of the proceeds of taxes imposed by the city of Minneapolis under the special law.

- Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply.
- (b) "City" means the city of Minneapolis.
- (c) "Special law" means Laws 1986, chapter 396, sections 4 and 5, as amended.
- (d) "Tax" means the sales taxes imposed by the city under the special law.
- (e) The terms defined under section 473J.03 apply for purposes of this section.
- Subd. 3. General allocation of revenues. The commissioner shall remit the revenues from the taxes, less the deductions listed in this subdivision, to the city at least quarterly. The commissioner shall make the following deductions in the order listed before distribution to the city:
 - (1) refunds of any of these taxes due to taxpayers, if any;
- (2) the costs of collecting and administering the taxes, according to the applicable law and agreements between the commissioner and the city. For revenues from the general sales tax, the commissioner must deduct a proportionate share of the cost of collection, as described in section 297A.99, subdivision 11; and
 - (3) notwithstanding the provisions of any agreement between the commissioner and the city

providing for collection and remittance of these taxes, the commissioner must deposit to the general fund the amounts specified in subdivision 4.

- Subd. 4. **General fund allocations.** The commissioner must retain and deposit to the general fund the following amounts, as required by subdivision 3, clause (3):
- (1) for state bond debt service support beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each calendar year thereafter through calendar year 2046, periodic amounts so that not later than December 31, 2046, an aggregate amount equal to a present value of \$150,000,000 has been deposited in the general fund. To determine aggregate present value, the commissioner must consult with the commissioner of management and budget regarding the present value dates, discount rate or rates, and schedules of annual amounts. The present value date or dates must be based on the date or dates bonds are sold under section 16A.965, or the date or dates other state funds, if any, are deposited into the construction fund. The discount rate or rates must be based on the true interest cost of the bonds issued under section 16A.965, or an equivalent 30-year bond index, as determined by the commissioner of management and budget. The schedule of annual amounts must be certified to the commissioner by the commissioner of management and budget and the finance officer of the city;
- (2) for the capital improvement reserve appropriation to the stadium authority beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each calendar year thereafter through calendar year 2056, an aggregate annual amount equal to the amount paid by the state for this purpose in that calendar year under section 473J.13, subdivision 4;
- (3) for the operating expense appropriation to stadium authority beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each calendar year thereafter through calendar year 2056, an aggregate annual amount equal to the amount paid by the state for this purpose in that calendar year under section 473J.13, subdivision 2;
- (4) for recapture of state advances for the city share of capital improvements and operating expenses for calendar years 2016 through 2020 beginning in calendar year 2021, and for each calendar year thereafter until all amounts under this clause have been paid, proportionate amounts periodically until an aggregate amount equal to the present value of all amounts paid by the state have been deposited in the general fund. To determine the present value of the amounts paid by the state to the authority and the present value of amounts deposited to the general fund under this clause, the commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of management and budget regarding the present value dates, discount rate or rates, and schedule of annual amounts. The present value dates must be based on the dates state funds are paid to the authority, or the dates the commissioner of revenue deposits taxes for purposes of this clause to the general fund. The discount rates must be based on the reasonably equivalent cost of state funds as determined by the commissioner of management and budget. The schedule of annual amounts must be revised to reflect amounts paid under section 473J.13, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), and subdivision 4, paragraph (c), and taxes deposited to the general fund from time to time under this clause, and the schedule and revised schedules must be certified to the commissioner by the commissioner of management and budget and the finance officer of the city, and are transferred as accrued from the general fund for repayment of advances made by the state to the authority; and
- (5) to capture increases in taxes imposed under the special law, for the benefit of the stadium authority, beginning in calendar year 2013 and for each calendar year thereafter through 2046, there shall be deposited to the general fund in proportionate periodic payments in the following year, an

amount equal to the following:

- (i) 50 percent of the difference, if any, by which the amount of the net annual taxes for the previous year exceeds the sum of the net actual taxes in calendar year 2011 plus \$1,000,000, inflated at two percent per year since 2011, minus
- (ii) 25 percent of the difference, if any, by which the amount of the net annual taxes for the preceding year exceeds the sum of the net actual taxes in calendar year 2011 plus \$3,000,000, inflated at two percent per year since 2011.
- Sec. 2. Laws 1986, chapter 396, section 4, as amended by Laws 1987, chapter 55, sections 5 and 6, and Laws 2009, chapter 88, article 4, sections 11 and 12, is amended to read:

Sec. 4. SALES AND USE TAX.

Subdivision 1. **Imposition.** Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 477A.016, or any other contrary provision of law, ordinance, or city charter, upon approval by the city's board of estimate and taxation by a vote of at least five members, the city of Minneapolis may by ordinance impose an additional sales tax of up to one-half of one percent on sales taxable pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A that occur within the city, and may also by ordinance impose an additional compensating use tax of up to one-half of one percent on uses of property within the city, the sale of which would be subject to the additional sales tax but for the fact such property was sold outside the city. The tax may not be imposed on gross receipts from sales of intoxicating liquor that are exempt from taxation under sections 297A.25 to 297A.257 or other provision of chapter 297A exempting sales of intoxicating liquor and use from taxation, including amendments adopted after enactment of this aet is imposed on the tax base defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 4, and is subject to the credits and exclusions in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivisions 7 and 8.

For purposes of this subdivision, sales that occur within the city shall not include (a) the sale of tangible personal property (i) which, without intermediate use, is shipped or transported outside Minneapolis by the purchaser and thereafter used in a trade or business or is stored, processed, fabricated or manufactured into, attached to or incorporated into other tangible personal property transported or shipped outside Minneapolis and thereafter used in a trade or business outside Minneapolis, and which is not thereafter returned to a point within Minneapolis, except in the course of interstate or intrastate commerce (storage shall not constitute intermediate use); or (ii) which the seller delivers to a common carrier for delivery outside Minneapolis, places in the United States mail or parcel post directed to the purchaser outside Minneapolis, or delivers to the purchaser outside Minneapolis by means of the seller's own delivery vehicles, and which is not thereafter returned to a point within Minneapolis, except in the course of interstate or intrastate commerce; or (b) sales which would be described in clause (e) or (u) of Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.25, subdivision 1 if the word "Minneapolis" were substituted for the words "Minnesota" or "state of Minnesota" in such clauses. A tax may be imposed under this section only if the taxes imposed under section 5 are imposed at the maximum rate allowed under that section. The tax authorized by this section shall be imposed, until December 31, 2046. The tax may be imposed and may be adjusted periodically by the city council in conformity with Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 12, such that the rate imposed, rounded to the next highest one-tenth of one percent, does not exceed the rate estimated to be required to produce produces revenue sufficient to finance the costs purposes described in subdivision subdivisions 3 and 4, and in Minnesota Statutes, section

297A.994, but in no case may the rate exceed one-half of one percent.

- Subd. 2. **Enforcement; collection.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), these taxes shall be subject to the same interest penalties and other rules imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A. The commissioner of revenue may enter into appropriate agreements with the city to provide for collection of these taxes by the state on behalf of the city. The commissioner may charge the city a reasonable fee for its collection from the proceeds of any taxes, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.99, subdivision 11.
- (b) A taxpayer located outside of the city of Minneapolis who collects use tax under this section in an amount that does not exceed \$10 in a reporting period is not required to remit that tax until the amount of use tax collected is \$10.
 - Subd. 3. Use of property. Revenues received by the city from the tax may only be used:
 - (1) to pay costs of collection;
- (2)(1) to pay or secure the payment of any principal of, premium or interest on bonds issued in accordance with this act;
- (3) (2) to pay costs to acquire, design, equip, construct, improve, maintain, operate, administer, or promote the convention center or related facilities, and other capital projects or economic developments under subdivision 4, including financing costs related to them;
- (4) (3) to pay reasonable and appropriate costs determined by the city to replace housing and the ice arena removed from the site;
- (5) (4) to maintain reserves for the foregoing purposes deemed reasonable and appropriate by the city; and
 - (6) (5) to fund projects and for other purposes under subdivision 4.

Money for replacement housing shall be made available by the city only for new construction, conversion of nonresidential buildings, and for rehabilitation of vacant residential structures, only if all of the units in the newly constructed building, converted nonresidential building, or rehabilitated residential structure are to be used for replacement housing.

- Subd. 4. **Minneapolis downtown and neighborhood projects.** (a) For revenues collected in calendar years 2009 and 2010, to the extent that revenues from the tax authorized in subdivision 1 exceeds the amount needed to fund the purposes in subdivision 3, the city may use the excess revenue to fund any city services. The total amount used in both years for this purpose may not exceed the total amount of aid and credit reductions under Minnesota Statutes, sections 273.1384 and 477A.011 to 477A.014 in calendar years 2008, 2009, and 2010 due to a governor's unallotment or due to statutory reductions.
- (b) Beginning with revenues collected in calendar year 2011, to the extent that revenues from the tax taxes authorized in subdivision 1 exceeds or in section 5 exceed the amount needed to fund the purposes in subdivision 3, the city may use the excess revenue in any year to fund capital projects to further residential, cultural, commercial, and economic development in both downtown Minneapolis and the Minneapolis neighborhoods, to fund other city expenditures in support of the capital projects, or for other economic development, provided the city may direct excess revenue first to convention

center debt, operations, capital improvements, and marketing. The city may issue bonds to fund any such projects or improvements using these taxes or any other available city resources to finance or secure the bonds.

Sec. 3. Laws 1986, chapter 396, section 5, as amended by Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 5, article 12, section 87, is amended to read:

Sec. 5. LIQUOR, LODGING, AND RESTAURANT TAXES.

The city may, by resolution, levy in addition to taxes authorized by other law:

- (1) a sales tax of not more than three percent on the gross receipts on retail on-sales of intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages described in section 473.592 occurring in the when sold at licensed on-sale liquor establishments located within the downtown taxing area, provided that this tax may not be imposed if sales of intoxicating liquor and fermented malt beverages are exempt from taxation under chapter 297A;
- (2) a sales tax of not more than three percent on the gross receipts from the furnishing for consideration of lodging described in section 473.592 for a period of less than 30 days at a hotel, motel, rooming house, tourist court, or trailer camp located within the city by a hotel or motel which has more than 50 rooms available for lodging; the tax imposed under this clause shall be at a rate that, when added to the sum of the rate of the sales tax imposed under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A, the rate of the sales tax imposed under section 4, and the rate of any other taxes on lodging in the city of Minneapolis, equals 13 percent; and
- (3) a sales tax of not more than three percent on the gross receipts on all sales of food primarily for consumption on or off the premises by restaurants and places of refreshment as defined by resolution of the city that occur within the downtown taxing area.

The taxes authorized by this section shall be imposed until January 1, 2057. The taxes shall be imposed and may be adjusted periodically by the city council such that the rates imposed produce revenue sufficient, together with the tax imposed under section 4, to finance the purposes described in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.994, and section 4, subdivisions 3 and 4. These taxes shall be applied, first, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.994, subdivision 3, clauses (1) to (3), and then, solely to pay costs of collection and to pay or, secure, maintain, and fund the payment of any principal of, premium on, and interest on any bonds or any costs referred to other purposes in section 4, subdivision 3 or 4. The commissioner of revenue may enter into appropriate agreements with the city to provide for the collection of these taxes by the state on behalf of the city. The commissioner may charge the city a reasonable fee for its collection from the proceeds of any taxes. These taxes shall be subject to the same interest penalties and enforcement provisions as the taxes imposed under section 473.592 Minnesota Statutes, chapter 297A."

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Page 40, line 19, after "article" insert "for the Target Center"
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Page 40, line 21, after "article" insert "regarding the Target Center"

Page 40, line 25, after "exemption" insert "regarding the Target Center"

Page 71, delete article 6

Page 81, line 25, delete everything after the period and insert "The league must negotiate in good

faith for the time it uses the stadium."

Page 81, delete lines 26 and 27

Page 81, before line 28, insert:

"Sec. 3. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, or Laws 1996, chapter 464, article 1, section 8, or any other law to the contrary, the city of Bloomington and its port authority may extend the duration limits of tax increment financing district No. 1-G, containing the former Met Center property, including Lindau Lane and that portion of tax increment financing district No. 1-C north of the existing building line on Lot 1, Block 1, Mall of America 7th Addition, exclusive of Lots 2 and 3, through December 31, 2038.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance of the governing body of the city of Bloomington with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivision 3.

Sec. 4. CITY OF BLOOMINGTON; TAX INCREMENT FINANCING EXTENSION.

Notwithstanding the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 469.176, or any other law to the contrary, the city of Bloomington and its port authority may extend the duration limits of Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-I, containing the Bloomington Central Station property for a period through December 31, 2038.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective upon compliance of the governing body of the city of Bloomington with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.1782, subdivision 2, and 645.021, subdivision 3."

Page 84, line 12, delete "\$7,693" and insert "\$7,963"

Page 86, line 23, delete everything after the semicolon and insert "349.15, subdivision 3; and 349.19, subdivision 2a"

Page 86, line 24, delete "2"

Page 86, after line 28, insert:

"ARTICLE 8

SALES AND USE TAX

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 297A.66, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 4a. Solicitor. (a) "Solicitor," for purposes of subdivision 1, paragraph (a), means a person, whether an independent contractor or other representative, who directly or indirectly solicits business for the retailer.
- (b) A retailer is presumed to have a solicitor in this state if it enters into an agreement with a resident under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an Internet Web site, or otherwise, to the seller.

This paragraph only applies if the total gross receipts from sales to customers located in this state who were referred to the retailer by all residents with this type of agreement with the retailer are at least \$10,000 in the 12-month period ending on the last day of the most recent calendar quarter before the calendar quarter in which the sale is made.

- (c) The presumption under paragraph (a) may be rebutted by proof that the resident with whom the retailer has an agreement did not engage in any solicitation in this state on behalf of the retailer that would satisfy the nexus requirements of the United States Constitution during the 12-month period in question. Nothing in this section shall be construed to narrow the scope of the terms affiliate, agent, salesperson, canvasser, or other representative for purposes of subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
- (d) For purposes of this paragraph, "resident" includes an individual who is a resident of this state, as defined in section 290.01, or a business that owns tangible personal property located in this state or has one or more employees providing services for it in this state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective for sales and purchases made after June 30, 2012."

Renumber the sections and articles in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 6, delete the first comma and insert "and" and delete ", and"

Page 1, line 7, delete everything before the semicolon

Page 1, line 9, delete everything after the semicolon

Page 1, line 10, delete everything before "appropriating"

Amend the title numbers accordingly

And when so amended the bill be reported to the Senate without recommendation. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Senator Robling from the Committee on Finance, to which was re-referred

H.F. No. 322: A bill for an act relating to family law; increasing the parenting time presumption; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 518.131, subdivision 7; 518.175, subdivision 1.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S.F. No. 2391 was read the second time.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H.F. No. 322 was read the second time.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Messages From the House.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has adopted the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee on House File No. 2685, and repassed said bill in accordance with the report of the Committee, so adopted.

House File No. 2685 is herewith transmitted to the Senate.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted May 7, 2012

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 2685

A bill for an act relating to transportation; modifying provisions governing transportation policy and finance, including trunk highway designation, work and contracting on trunk highways, motor vehicles, motor vehicle weight limit regulations, motor vehicle titles, electric-assisted bicycles and related regulations, bridge inspections, special veterans license plates, pupil transportation, municipal state-aid street fund eligibility and apportionment, small vehicle passenger service, driver and vehicle information system, deputy registrars of motor vehicles, civilian escort drivers, bicycle equipment, school buses, small business contracts, and legislative reports; making contingent appropriations; setting fees; renumbering statutes; making technical changes; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 160.27, by adding a subdivision; 160.2715; 161.14, by adding a subdivision; 161.20, subdivision 4; 161.321; 161.3212; 162.09, by adding a subdivision; 165.01; 165.03; 168.002, subdivisions 19, 20; 168.012, by adding a subdivision; 168.013, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 168.185; 168A.03, subdivision 1; 168A.07, subdivision 1; 169.011, subdivisions 4, 27, 44, 45; 169.06, subdivision 4; 169.222, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, by adding subdivisions; 169.223, subdivisions 1, 5; 169.72, subdivision 1; 169.86, subdivision 3b; 169.872, subdivision 1a; 169.98, subdivisions 1, 3; 171.01, subdivision 41; 171.02, subdivision 2b; 174.03, subdivision 1b; 221.091, subdivision 2; 299D.085, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 299D.09; 473.388, subdivisions 2, 4; 604A.21, subdivision 5; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 168.12, subdivision 5; 168.123, subdivision 1; 171.075, subdivision 1; 299A.705, subdivision 3; Laws 2009, chapter 158, section 10; Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 3, article 1, section 4; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 161; 171; 375; repealing Minnesota Rules, parts 8810.9000; 8810.9100; 8810.9200; 8810.9300; 8810.9400; 8810.9500; 8810.9600; 8810.9700.

May 5, 2012

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 2685 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments and that H. F. No. 2685 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. TRUNK HIGHWAY **APPROPRIATIONS**

\$ 17,530,000

Subdivision 1. Appropriations for Transportation

These appropriations are to the commissioner of transportation for the purposes specified in this section.

Unless specified, otherwise appropriations are for fiscal year 2013 from the trunk highway fund and are available until expended.

Subd. 2. Willmar District Headquarters

7,500,000

To design, construct, furnish, and equip a maintenance facility addition to the existing building, Willmar district headquarters and corresponding remodeling of the headquarters building.

Subd. 3. Plymouth Truck Station

5,600,000

To construct and equip a new truck station and bridge crew building in Plymouth.

Subd. 4. Cambridge Truck Station

3,300,000

To design, construct, furnish, and equip a new truck station facility in Cambridge, including ancillary buildings and site improvements.

Subd. 5. Crookston, Eden Prairie, and Mendota

Truck Station Design

1,100,000

To design new additions to the existing truck station buildings in Crookston, Eden Prairie, and Mendota.

$\frac{Subd.\ 6.}{\textbf{Collection}} \frac{\textbf{Overweight Motor Vehicle Registration}}{\textbf{Collection}}$

30,000

To modify Department of Transportation permit system to allow the department to collect additional registration taxes for overweight motor vehicles.

This appropriation is only available if legislation is enacted in the 2012 legislative session authorizing the commissioner to collect a surcharge or additional registration tax on motor vehicles.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 2

TRUNK HIGHWAY BONDS

Section 1. ROCHESTER MAINTENANCE FACILITY.

\$16,100,000 is appropriated to the commissioner of transportation to design, construct, furnish, and equip the maintenance facility in Rochester and corresponding remodeling of the existing district headquarters building. This appropriation is from the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund.

Sec. 2. BOND SALE EXPENSES.

\$20,000 is appropriated from the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund to the commissioner of management and budget for bond sale expenses under Minnesota Statutes, section 167.50, subdivision 4.

Sec. 3. TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND BOND PROCEEDS ACCOUNT.

To provide the money appropriated in this article from the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund, the commissioner of management and budget shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an amount up to \$16,120,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, sections 167.50 to 167.52, and by the Minnesota Constitution, article XIV, section 11, at the times and in the amounts requested by the commissioner of transportation. The proceeds of the bonds, except accrued interest and any premium received from the sale of the bonds, must be credited to the bond proceeds account in the trunk highway fund.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This article is effective the day following final enactment.

ARTICLE 3

TRANSPORTATION POLICY

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 161.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 70. **Black and Yellow Trail.** Trunk Highway signed 14 as of the effective date of this section, from the border with South Dakota to the border with Wisconsin, is designated as the "Black and Yellow Trail." The commissioner shall adopt a suitable design to mark this highway and erect appropriate signs, subject to section 161.139.

Sec. 2. [161.3207] CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR CONTRACTS; DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. Scope. The terms used in sections 161.3207 to 161.3209 have the meanings given them in this section.

- Subd. 2. Acceptance. "Acceptance" means an action of the commissioner authorizing the execution of a construction manager/general contractor contract.
 - Subd. 3. Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of transportation.
- Subd. 4. **Construction manager/general contractor.** "Construction manager/general contractor" means a proprietorship, partnership, limited liability partnership, joint venture, corporation, any type of limited liability company, professional corporation, or any legal entity selected by the commissioner to act as a construction manager to manage the construction process, which includes, but is not limited to, responsibility for the price, schedule, and execution of preconstruction services or the workmanship of construction performed according to section 161.3209, or both.
- Subd. 5. Construction manager/general contractor contract. "Construction manager/general contractor contract" means a contract for construction of a project between a construction manager/general contractor and the commissioner, which must include terms providing for a price, construction schedule, and workmanship of the construction performed. The construction manager/general contractor contract may include provisions for incremental price contracts for specific work packages, additional work performed, contingencies, or other contract provisions that will allow the commissioner to negotiate time and cost changes to the contract.
- Subd. 6. Past performance; experience. "Past performance" or "experience" does not include the exercise or assertion of a person's legal rights.
- Subd. 7. **Preconstruction services.** "Preconstruction services" means all non-construction-related services that a construction manager/general contractor is allowed to perform before execution of a construction manager/general contractor contract or work package.
- Subd. 8. Preconstruction services contract. "Preconstruction services contract" means a contract under which a construction manager/general contractor is paid on the basis of the actual cost to perform the work specified in the contract plus an amount for overhead and profit for all preconstruction services.
- Subd. 9. **Project.** "Project" means any project selected by the commissioner as a construction manager/general contractor project under section 161.3208.

- Subd. 10. Request for proposals; RFP. "Request for proposals" or "RFP" means the document or publication soliciting proposals for a construction manager/general contractor contract.
- Subd. 11. **Request for qualifications; RFQ.** "Request for qualifications" or "RFQ" means a document or publication used to prequalify and short-list potential construction managers/general contractors.
- Subd. 12. **Work package.** "Work package" means the scope of work for a defined portion of a project. A defined portion includes construction services on any project aspect, including procuring materials or services.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires one year following the acceptance of ten construction manager/general contractor contracts.

Sec. 3. [161.3208] CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR; AUTHORITY.

Subdivision 1. Selection authority; limitation. Notwithstanding sections 16C.25, 161.32, and 161.321, or any other law to the contrary, the commissioner may select a construction manager/general contractor as provided in section 161.3209, and award a construction manager/general contractor contract. The number of awarded contracts shall not exceed four in any calendar year.

- Subd. 2. **Determination.** Final determination to use a construction manager/general contractor contracting procedure may be made only by the commissioner.
- Subd. 3. Cancellation. The solicitation of construction manager/general contractor requests for qualifications or proposals does not obligate the commissioner to enter into a construction manager/general contractor contract. The commissioner may accept or reject any or all responses received as a result of the request. The solicitation of proposals may be canceled at any time at the commissioner's sole discretion if cancellation is considered to be in the state's best interest. If the commissioner rejects all responses or cancels the solicitation for proposals, the commissioner may resolicit a request for proposals using the same or different requirements.
- Subd. 4. **Reporting.** The commissioner shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and transportation finance each time the commissioner decides to use the construction manager/general contractor method of procurement and explain why that method was chosen.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires one year following the acceptance of ten construction manager/general contractor contracts.

Sec. 4. [161.3209] CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR; PROCEDURES.

Subdivision 1. Solicitation of proposals. If the commissioner determines that a construction manager/general contractor method of procurement is appropriate for a project, the commissioner shall establish a two-phase procedure for awarding the construction manager/general contractor contract, as described in subdivisions 2 and 3.

Subd. 2. Phase 1 - request for proposals. (a) The commissioner shall prepare or have prepared

an RFP for each construction manager/general contractor contract as provided in this section. The RFP must contain, at a minimum, the following elements:

- (1) the minimum qualifications of the construction manager/general contractor;
- (2) the procedures for submitting proposals and the criteria for evaluation of qualifications and the relative weight for each criteria;
 - (3) the form of the contract to be awarded;
 - (4) the scope of intended construction work;
 - (5) a listing of the types of preconstruction services that will be required;
 - (6) an anticipated schedule for commencing and completing the project;
 - (7) any applicable budget limits for the project;
 - (8) the requirements for insurance, statutorily required performance, and payment bonds;
- (9) the requirements that the construction manager/general contractor provide a letter from a surety or insurance company stating that the construction manager/general contractor is capable of obtaining a performance bond and payment bond covering the estimated contract cost;
- (10) the method for how construction manager/general contractor fees for the preconstruction services contract will be negotiated;
- (11) a statement that past performance or experience does not include the exercise or assertion of a person's legal rights; and
 - (12) any other information desired by the commissioner.
 - (b) Before receiving any responses to the RFP:
- (1) the commissioner shall appoint a technical review committee of at least five individuals, of which one is a Department of Transportation manager who is also a licensed professional engineer in Minnesota;
- (2) the technical review committee shall evaluate the construction manager/general contractor proposals according to criteria and subcriteria published in the RFP and procedures established by the commissioner. The commissioner shall, as designated in the RFP, evaluate construction manager/general contractor proposals on the basis of best value as defined in section 16C.05, or using the qualifications-based selection process set forth in section 16C.095, except that subdivision 1 of section 16C.095 shall not apply. If the commissioner does not receive at least two proposals from construction managers, the commissioner may:
 - (i) solicit new proposals;
 - (ii) revise the RFP and thereafter solicit new proposals using the revised RFP;
 - (iii) select another allowed procurement method; or
 - (iv) reject the proposals; and

- (3) the technical review committee shall evaluate the responses to the request for proposals and rank the construction manager/general contractor based on the predefined criteria set forth in the RFP in accordance with paragraph (a), clause (2).
- (c) Unless all proposals are rejected, the commissioner shall conduct contract negotiations for a preconstruction services contract with the construction manager/general contractor with the highest ranking. If the construction manager/general contractor with the highest ranking declines or is unable to reach an agreement, the commissioner may begin contract negotiations with the next highest ranked construction manager/general contractor.
- (d) Before issuing the RFP, the commissioner may elect to issue a request for qualifications (RFQ) and short-list the most highly qualified construction managers/general contractors. The RFQ must include the procedures for submitting statements of qualification, the criteria for evaluation of qualifications, and the relative weight for each criterion. The statements of qualifications must be evaluated by the technical review committee.
- Subd. 3. Phase 2 construction manager/general contractor contract. (a) Before conducting any construction-related services, the commissioner shall:
 - (1) conduct an independent cost estimate for the project or each work package; and
- (2) conduct contract negotiations with the construction manager/general contractor to develop a construction manager/general contractor contract. This contract must include a minimum construction manager/general contractor self-performing requirement of 30 percent of the negotiated cost. Items designated in the construction manager/general contractor contract as specialty items may be subcontracted and the cost of any specialty item performed under the subcontract will be deducted from the cost before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor.
- (b) If the construction manager/general contractor and the commissioner are unable to negotiate a contract, the commissioner may use other contract procurement processes or may readvertise the construction manager/general contractor contract. The construction manager/general contractor may (1) bid or propose on the project if advertised under section 161.32 or 161.3206 or (2) join a design-build team if advertised under sections 161.3410 to 161.3428.
- (c) The commissioner shall provide to all bidders or design-build teams, all data shared between the commissioner and the construction manager/general contractor during the contract negotiations under this subdivision.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires one year following the acceptance of ten construction manager/general contractor contracts.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 161.3212, is amended to read:

161.3212 WORKING CAPITAL FUND.

The commissioner, to the extent allowed by other law or contract, may grant available money that has been appropriated for socially or economically disadvantaged business programs to a guaranty fund administered by a nonprofit organization that makes or guarantees working capital loans to <u>businesses</u> <u>small business concerns</u> owned and operated by socially <u>or</u> and economically disadvantaged <u>persons</u> as <u>defined</u> individuals. "Small business concern" and

"socially and economically disadvantaged individual" have the meanings given them in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 23.5 26.5. The purpose of loans made or guaranteed by the organization must be to provide short-term working capital to enable eligible businesses to be awarded contracts for goods and services or for construction-related services from government agencies.

Money contributed from a constitutionally or statutorily dedicated fund must be used only for purposes consistent with the purposes of the dedicated fund.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Rules; advisory committee.** (a) The rules shall be made and promulgated by the commissioner acting with the advice of a committee selected by the several county boards acting through the officers of the statewide association of county commissioners. The committee shall be composed of nine members so selected that each member shall be from a different state highway construction district. Not more than five of the nine members of the committee shall be county commissioners. The remaining members shall be county highway engineers. In the event that agreement cannot be reached on any rule, the commissioner's determination shall be final. The rules shall be printed and copies forwarded to the county engineers of the several counties. For the purposes of this section, the expedited process for adopting rules established in section 14.389 may be used.
 - (b) Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, the committee does not expire.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Rules have force of law.** The rules shall have the force and effect of law upon compliance with the provisions of sections 14.05 to 14.28 as provided in chapter 14.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Rules; advisory committee.** (a) The rules shall be made and promulgated by the commissioner acting with the advice of a committee selected by the governing bodies of such cities, acting through the officers of the statewide association of municipal officials. The committee shall be composed of 12 members, so selected that there shall be one member from each state highway construction district and in addition one member from each city of the first class. Not more than six members of the committee shall be elected officials of the cities. The remaining members of the committee shall be city engineers. In the event that agreement cannot be reached on any rule the commissioner's determination shall be final. The rules shall be printed and copies forwarded to the clerks and engineers of the cities. For the purposes of this section, the expedited process for adopting rules established in section 14.389 may be used.
 - (b) Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, the committee does not expire.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Rules have force of law.** The rules shall have the force and effect of law upon compliance with the provisions of sections 14.05 to 14.28 as provided in chapter 14.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Federal census is conclusive. (a) In determining whether any city has a population

of 5,000 or more, the last federal census shall be conclusive, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision.

- (b) The governing body of a city may contract with the United States Bureau of the Census to take a special census. A certified copy of the results of the census shall be filed with the appropriate state authorities by the city. The result of the census shall be the population of the city for the purposes of any law providing that population is a required qualification for distribution of highway aids under chapter 162. The special census shall remain in effect until the next federal census is completed and filed. The expense of taking the special census shall be paid by the city.
- (c) If an entire area not heretofore incorporated as a city is incorporated as such during the interval between federal censuses, its population shall be determined by its incorporation census. The incorporation census shall be determinative of the population of the city only until the next federal census.
- (d) The population of a city created by the consolidation of two or more previously incorporated cities shall be determined by the most recent population estimate of the Metropolitan Council or state demographer, until the first federal decennial census or special census taken after the consolidation.
- (e) The population of a city that is not receiving a municipal state-aid street fund apportionment shall be determined, upon request of the city, by the most recent population estimate of the Metropolitan Council or state demographer. A municipal state-aid street fund apportionment received by the city must be based on this population estimate until the next federal decennial census or special census.
- (f) A city that is found in the most recent federal decennial census to have a population of less than 5,000 is deemed for the purposes of this chapter and the Minnesota Constitution, article XIV, to have a population of 5,000 or more under the following circumstances: (1) immediately before the most recent federal decennial census, the city was receiving municipal state-aid street fund distributions; and (2) the population of the city was found in the most recent federal decennial census to be less than 5,000. Following the end of the first calendar year that ends in "5" after the decennial census and until the next decennial census, the population of any city must be determined under paragraphs (a) to (e).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Factors in formula.** After deducting for administrative costs and for the disaster fund and research account as heretofore provided, and for any allocation made under section 162.125, the remainder of the total sum provided for in subdivision 1 of section 162.12 shall be identified as the apportionment sum, and shall be apportioned by the commissioner to the cities having a population of 5,000 or more, in accordance with the following formula:

- (1) An amount equal to 50 percent of such apportionment sum shall be apportioned among the cities having a population of 5,000 or more so that each such city shall receive of such amount the percentage that its money needs bears to the total money needs of all such cities.
- (2) An amount equal to 50 percent of such apportionment sum shall be apportioned among the cities having a population of 5,000 or more so that each such city shall receive of such amount the percentage that its population bears to the total population of all such cities. For purposes of this

subdivision, the population of a city is the greater of 5,000 or the number calculated under section 162.09, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.155, is amended to read:

162.155 RULES FOR VARIANCES RULEMAKING.

- (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules, no later than January 1, 1980, in accordance with sections 15.041 to 15.052, setting forth the criteria to be considered by the commissioner in evaluating requests for variances under sections 162.02, subdivision 3a and 162.09, subdivision 3a. The rules shall must include, but are not limited to, economic, engineering and safety guidelines.
- (b) The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing the engineering standards adopted pursuant to section for cost estimation under sections 162.07, subdivision 2, or and 162.13, subdivision 2, shall be adopted pursuant to the requirements of chapter 15 by July 1, 1980.
- (c) The rules adopted by the commissioner under this section, and sections 162.02; 162.07, subdivision 2; 162.09; and 162.13, subdivision 2, are exempt from the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14. The rules are subject to section 14.386, except that, notwithstanding paragraph (b) of that section, the rules continue in effect until repealed or superseded by other law or rule.
 - Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 165.01, is amended to read:

165.01 DEFINITIONS.

Subdivision 1. **Scope.** For the purposes of this chapter, the terms defined in this section and section 160.02 have the meanings given them.

- Subd. 2. **AASHTO manual.** "AASHTO manual" means the Manual for Condition Evaluation of Bridges, published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. "The Manual for Bridge Evaluation," published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, is incorporated by reference.
- Subd. 3. **Bridge.** "Bridge" is defined as a structure, including supports erected over a depression or an obstruction, such as water, a highway, or a railway, having a track or passageway for carrying traffic or other moving loads, and having an opening measured horizontally along the center of the roadway of ten feet or more between undercopings of abutments, between the spring line of arches, or between the extreme ends of openings for multiple boxes. Bridge also includes multiple pipes where the clear distance between openings is less than one-half of the smaller contiguous opening. This definition of a bridge includes only those railroad and pedestrian bridges over a public highway or street.
- Subd. 4. National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS). "NBIS" means standards established by the Federal Highway Administration in Code of Federal Regulations, title 23, part 650, subpart C, incorporated by reference.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 165.03, is amended to read:

165.03 STRENGTH OF BRIDGE; INSPECTION.

Subdivision 1. **Standards generally.** Each bridge, including a privately owned bridge, must conform to the strength, width, clearance, and safety standards imposed by the commissioner for the connecting highway or street. This subdivision applies to a bridge that is constructed after August 1, 1989, on any public highway or street. The bridge must have sufficient strength to support with safety the maximum vehicle weights allowed under sections 169.822 to 169.829 and must have the minimum width specified in section 165.04, subdivision 3.

- Subd. 1a. **Inspection.** (a) Each bridge must be inspected annually, unless a longer interval not to exceed two years 24 months for bridges or four years 48 months for bridges classified as culverts is authorized by the commissioner. The commissioner's authorization must be based on factors including, but not limited to, the age and condition of the bridge, the rate of deterioration of the bridge, the type of structure, the susceptibility of the bridge to failure, and the characteristics of traffic on the bridge. The commissioner may require interim inspections at intervals of less than one year on bridges that are posted, bridges subjected to extreme scour conditions, bridges subject to significant substructure movement or settlement, and for other reasons as specified or inferred in the AASHTO manual.
 - (b) Additional requirements apply to structures meeting the NBIS definition of a bridge:
- (1) Underwater structural elements must be inspected at regular intervals not to exceed 60 months. The commissioner may require inspections at intervals of less than 60 months on certain underwater structural elements based on factors including, but not limited to, construction material, environment, age, scour characteristics, the condition ratings from past inspections, and any known deficiencies.
- (2) Fracture critical members, or FCMs, must receive a hands-on fracture critical inspection at intervals not to exceed 24 months. The commissioner may require inspections at intervals of less than 24 months on certain FCMs based on factors including, but not limited to, age, traffic characteristics, and any known deficiencies.
- (3) The commissioner may establish criteria to determine the level and frequency of these inspections. If warranted by special circumstances, the commissioner retains the authority to determine the inspection type and required inspection frequency for any bridge on the state inventory.
- (b) (c) The thoroughness of each inspection depends on such factors as age, traffic characteristics, state of maintenance, and known deficiencies. The evaluation of these factors is the responsibility of the engineer assigned the responsibility for inspection as defined by rule adopted by the commissioner of transportation.
- Subd. 2. **Inspection and inventory responsibilities; rules; forms.** (a) The commissioner of transportation will adopt the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) established by the Federal Highway Administration in Code of Federal Regulations, title 23, part 650, subpart C, or its successor documents, for structures meeting the NBIS definition of a bridge. The commissioner shall establish inspection and inventory standards for structures defined as bridges by section 165.01, subdivision 3.
- (a) (b) The commissioner of transportation shall adopt official inventory and bridge inspection report forms for use in making bridge inspections by the owners or highway authorities specified by this subdivision. Inspections must be made at regular intervals, not to exceed two years for bridges

and not to exceed four years for culverts the intervals outlined in subdivision 1a, by the following owner or official:

- (1) the commissioner of transportation for all bridges located wholly or partially within or over the right-of-way of a state trunk highway;
- (2) the county highway engineer for all bridges located wholly or partially within or over the right-of-way of any county or town road, or any street within a municipality that does not have a city engineer regularly employed;
- (3) the city engineer for all bridges located wholly or partially within or over the right-of-way of any street located within or along municipal limits;
- (4) the commissioner of transportation in case of a toll bridge that is used by the general public and that is not inspected and certified under subdivision 6; provided, that the commissioner of transportation may assess the owner for the costs of the inspection;
- (5) the owner of a bridge over a public highway or street or that carries a roadway designated for public use by a public authority, if not required to be inventoried and inspected under clause (1), (2), (3), or (4).
- (b) (c) The commissioner of transportation shall prescribe the standards for bridge inspection and inventory by rules inspection and inventory procedures required to administer the bridge inspection program in Minnesota and has the authority to establish and publish standards that describe the inspection and inventory requirements to ensure compliance with paragraph (a). The owner or highway authority shall inspect and inventory in accordance with these standards and furnish the commissioner with such data as may be necessary to maintain a central inventory.
- Subd. 3. **County inventory and inspection records and reports.** The county engineer shall maintain a complete inventory record of all bridges as set forth in subdivision 2, paragraph (a) (b), clause (2), with the inspection reports thereof, and shall certify annually to the commissioner, as prescribed by the commissioner, that inspections have been made at regular intervals, not to exceed two years for bridges and not to exceed four years for culverts the intervals outlined in subdivision 1a. A report of the inspections must be filed annually, on or before February 15 of each year, with the county auditor or town clerk, or the governing body of the municipality. The report must contain recommendations for the correction of or legal posting of load limits on any bridge or structure that is found to be understrength or unsafe.
- Subd. 4. **Municipal inventory and inspection records and reports.** The city engineer shall maintain a complete inventory record of all bridges as set forth in subdivision 2, paragraph (a) (b), clause (3), with the inspection reports thereof, and shall certify annually to the commissioner, as prescribed by the commissioner, that inspections have been made at regular intervals, not to exceed two years for bridges and not to exceed four years for culverts the intervals outlined in subdivision 1a. A report of the inspections must be filed annually, on or before February 15 of each year, with the governing body of the municipality. The report must contain recommendations for the correction of or legal posting of load limits on any bridge or structure that is found to be understrength or unsafe.
- Subd. 5. **Agreement.** Agreements may be made among the various units of governments, or between governmental units and qualified engineering personnel to carry out the responsibilities for the bridge inspections and reports, as established by subdivision 2.

- Subd. 6. **Other bridges.** The owner of a toll bridge and the owner of a bridge described in subdivision 2, paragraph (a) (b), clause (5), shall certify to the commissioner, as prescribed by the commissioner, that inspections of the bridge or culvert have been made at regular intervals, not to exceed two years for bridges and not to exceed four years for culverts the intervals outlined in subdivision 1a. The certification must be accompanied by a report of the inspection. The report must contain recommendations for the correction of or legal posting of load limitations if the bridge is found to be understrength or unsafe.
- Subd. 6a. Bridge load rating and posting. (a) The term "posting" means the placement of regulatory signs at a bridge indicating the safe load carrying capacity of the bridge.
- (b) Each structure required to be inspected under subdivision 2, paragraph (a), must be load rated to determine its safe load carrying capacity, and this rating must be reported on a structure inventory sheet form provided by the commissioner of transportation. A structure must be rerated when it is determined that a significant change has occurred in the condition of the structure or due to additional dead load placed on the structure since the last load rating. Load ratings must be reviewed and the structure rerated if necessary when the allowable legal load using the structure is increased. Changes in the load rating of a bridge must be indicated on the structure inventory sheet form.
- (c) If it is determined that the maximum legal load under state law exceeds the load permitted on the structure under the operating rating stress level assigned, the bridge must be posted. Posting signs adopted by the commissioner shall be used for the posting. The owner or highway authority shall post the bridge in accordance with the posted load assigned by the commissioner.
- Subd. 7. **Department of Natural Resources bridge.** (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 2, the commissioners of transportation and natural resources shall negotiate a memorandum of understanding that governs the inspection of bridges owned, operated, or maintained by the commissioner of natural resources
 - (b) The memorandum of understanding must provide for:
 - (1) the inspection and inventory of bridges subject to federal law or regulations;
 - (2) the frequency of inspection of bridges described in paragraph (a) subdivision 1a; and
 - (3) who may perform inspections required under the memorandum of understanding.
- Subd. 8. **Biennial report on bridge inspection quality assurance.** By February 1 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner shall submit a report electronically to the members of the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance concerning quality assurance for bridge inspections. At a minimum, the report must:
- (1) summarize the bridge inspection quality assurance and quality control procedures used in Minnesota;
- (2) identify any substantive changes to quality assurance and quality control procedures made in the previous two years;
- (3) summarize and provide a briefing on findings from bridge inspection quality reviews performed in the previous two years;
 - (4) identify actions taken and planned in response to findings from bridge inspection quality

reviews performed in the previous two years;

- (5) summarize the results of any bridge inspection compliance review by the Federal Highway Administration; and
- (6) identify actions in response to the Federal Highway Administration compliance review taken by the department in order to reach full compliance.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.002, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
- Subd. 19. **Motorcycle.** "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, including motor scooters and bicycles with motor attached, other than those vehicles defined as motorized bicycles in subdivision 20, but excluding a tractor has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 44.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.002, subdivision 20, is amended to read:
- Subd. 20. **Motorized bicycle.** "Motorized bicycle" means a bicycle that is propelled by an electric or a liquid fuel motor of a piston displacement capacity of 50 cubic centimeters or less, and a maximum of two brake horsepower, which is capable of a maximum speed of not more than 30 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than one percent grade in any direction when the motor is engaged. "Motorized bicycle" includes an electric-assisted bicycle as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27 has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 45.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.012, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2d. Electric-assisted bicycles. Electric-assisted bicycles must not be taxed as motor vehicles using the public streets and highways, and are exempt from the provisions of this chapter.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.013, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 22. Optional donation for education on anatomical gifts. As part of procedures for payment of the vehicle registration tax under this section, the commissioner shall allow a vehicle owner to add to the tax a \$2 donation for the purposes of public information and education on anatomical gifts under section 171.075, for in-person transactions conducted by a deputy registrar appointed under section 168.33, subdivision 2. This subdivision applies to annual renewal registrations only, and does not apply to registrations authorized under sections 168.053 to 168.057, 168.127, 168.187, and 168.27.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2013.

- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 168.12, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Additional fee.** (a) In addition to any fee otherwise authorized or any tax otherwise imposed upon any vehicle, the payment of which is required as a condition to the issuance of any plate or plates, the commissioner shall impose the fee specified in paragraph (b) that is calculated to cover the cost of manufacturing and issuing the plate or plates, except for plates issued to disabled veterans as defined in section 168.031 and plates issued pursuant to section 168.124, 168.125, or 168.27, subdivisions 16 and 17, for passenger automobiles. The commissioner shall issue graphic design plates only for vehicles registered pursuant to section 168.017 and recreational vehicles registered pursuant to section 168.013, subdivision 1g.

(b) Unless otherwise specified or exempted by statute, the following plate and validation sticker fees apply for the original, duplicate, or replacement issuance of a plate in a plate year:

License Plate	Single		Double	
Regular and Disability	\$	4.50	\$ 6.00	
Special	\$	8.50	\$ 10.00	
Personalized (Replacement)	\$	10.00	\$ 14.00	
Collector Category	\$	13.50	\$ 15.00	
Emergency Vehicle Display	\$	3.00	\$ 6.00	
Utility Trailer Self-Adhesive	\$	2.50		
Vertical Motorcycle Plate	\$	100.00	NA	
Stickers				
Duplicate year	\$	1.00	\$ 1.00	
International Fuel Tax Agreement	\$	2.50		

- (c) For vehicles that require two of the categories above, the registrar shall only charge the higher of the two fees and not a combined total.
- (d) As part of procedures for payment of the fee under paragraph (b), the commissioner shall allow a vehicle owner to add to the fee, a \$2 donation for the purposes of public information and education on anatomical gifts under section 171.075.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 168.123, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **General requirements; fees.** (a) On payment of a fee of \$10 for each set of two plates, or for a single plate in the case of a motorcycle plate, payment of the registration tax required by law, and compliance with other applicable laws relating to vehicle registration and licensing, as applicable, the commissioner shall issue:

- (1) special veteran's plates to an applicant who served in the active military service in a branch of the armed forces of the United States or of a nation or society allied with the United States in conducting a foreign war, was discharged under honorable conditions, and is a registered owner of a passenger automobile as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 24, recreational motor vehicle as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 27, or one-ton pickup truck as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 21b, but which is not a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 16: or
- (2) a veteran's special motorcycle plate as described in subdivision 2, paragraph (a), (f), (h), (i), or (j), or another special plate designed by the commissioner to an applicant who is a registered owner of a motorcycle as defined in section 168.002, subdivision 19, and meets the criteria listed in this paragraph and in subdivision 2, paragraph (a), (f), (h), (i), or (j). Plates issued under this clause must be the same size as regular motorcycle plates. Special motorcycle license plates issued under

this clause are not subject to section 168.1293.

- (b) The additional fee of \$10 is payable for each set of veteran's plates, is payable only when the plates are issued, and is not payable in a year in which stickers are issued instead of plates.
- (c) The veteran must have a certified copy of the veteran's discharge papers, indicating character of discharge, at the time of application. If an applicant served in the active military service in a branch of the armed forces of a nation or society allied with the United States in conducting a foreign war and is unable to obtain a record of that service and discharge status, the commissioner of veterans affairs may certify the applicant as qualified for the veterans' plates provided under this section.
- (d) For license plates issued for one-ton trucks described in paragraph (a), clause (1), the commissioner shall collect a surcharge of \$5 on each \$10 fee collected under paragraph (a). The surcharge must be deposited in the vehicle services operating account in the special revenue fund.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168A.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **No certificate issued.** The registrar shall not issue a certificate of title for:

- (1) a vehicle owned by the United States;
- (2) a vehicle owned by a nonresident and not required by law to be registered in this state;
- (3) a vehicle owned by a nonresident and regularly engaged in the interstate transportation of persons or property for which a currently effective certificate of title has been issued in another state;
 - (4) a vehicle moved solely by animal power;
 - (5) an implement of husbandry;
 - (6) special mobile equipment;
 - (7) a self-propelled wheelchair or invalid tricycle;
- (8) a trailer (i) having a gross weight of 4,000 pounds or less unless a secured party holds an interest in the trailer or a certificate of title was previously issued by this state or any other state or (ii) designed primarily for agricultural purposes except a recreational vehicle or a manufactured home, both as defined in section 168.002, subdivisions 16 and 27;
 - (9) a snowmobile; and
 - (10) a spotter truck, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 77; and
 - (11) an electric-assisted bicycle, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168A.07, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Ownership at issue; certificate withheld or bond filed.** In the event application is made in this state for a certificate of title on a vehicle and the department is not satisfied as to the ownership of the vehicle or the existence of security interests therein, the vehicle may be registered but the department, subject to subdivision 1a, shall either:

- (1) withhold issuance of a certificate of title until the applicant shall present documents reasonably sufficient to satisfy the department of the applicant's ownership of the vehicle and as to any security interest therein; or
- (2) as a condition to issuing a certificate of title, require the applicant to file a bond in the form and amount provided in subdivision 1b.
- Subd. 1a. Ownership at issue; requirements for certificate issuance. (a) In the event application is made in this state for a certificate of title on a vehicle with a model year designated by the manufacturer of more than five years prior to the year in which application is made, and the applicant is unable to establish sole ownership of the vehicle because one or more owners, prior owners, or lienholders cannot be found, the department shall issue a certificate of title to the applicant if the applicant submits:
 - (1) the application;
 - (2) a bond in the form and amount provided in subdivision 1b;
- (3) an affidavit that identifies the make, model year, and vehicle identification number of the vehicle, and includes a statement that:
 - (i) the applicant is an owner of the vehicle;
 - (ii) the applicant has physical possession of the vehicle; and
- (iii) in attempting to transfer interest in the vehicle or obtain a certificate of title or lien release, the applicant was unable after using due diligence to (A) determine the names or locations of one or more owners, prior owners, or lienholders; or (B) successfully contact one or more owners, prior owners, or lienholders known to the applicant; and
 - (4) payment for required taxes and fees.
- (b) Unless the department has been notified of the pendency of an action to recover the bond under paragraph (a), clause (2), the department shall allow it to expire at the end of three years.
- Subd. 1b. Bond requirements. A bond filed under this section must be in the form prescribed by the department and executed by the applicant, and either accompanied by the deposit of cash or executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, in an amount equal to 1-1/2 times the value of the vehicle as determined by the department. The bond shall be conditioned to indemnify any prior owner and secured party and any subsequent purchaser of the vehicle or person acquiring any security interest therein, or the successor in interest of any said person, against any expense, loss, or damage, including reasonable attorneys' fees, by reason of the issuance of the certificate of title to the vehicle or on account of any defect in or undisclosed security interest upon the right, title and interest of the applicant in and to the vehicle. Any such interested person shall have a right of action to recover on such bond for any breach of its conditions, but the aggregate liability of the surety to all such persons shall in no event exceed the amount of the bond. Unless the department has been notified of the pendency of an action to recover on the bond and if all questions as to ownership and outstanding security interests have been resolved to the satisfaction of the department, such bond, and any deposit accompanying it, shall be returned at the end of three years or prior thereto in the event the vehicle is no longer registered in this state and the currently valid certificate of title is surrendered.

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.011, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Bicycle.** (a) "Bicycle" means every device <u>capable of being</u> propelled solely by human power upon which any person may ride, having two tandem wheels except scooters and similar devices, and including any device generally recognized as a bicycle though equipped with two front or rear wheels. Bicycle includes an electric-assisted bicycle, as defined in subdivision 27.
 - (b) "Bicycle" does not include scooters, motorized foot scooters, or similar devices.
 - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.011, subdivision 27, is amended to read:
- Subd. 27. **Electric-assisted bicycle.** "Electric-assisted bicycle" means a motor vehicle bicycle with two or three wheels that:
 - (1) has a saddle and fully operable pedals for human propulsion;
 - (2) meets the requirements:
- (i) of federal motor vehicle safety standards for a motor-driven cycle in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, sections 571.1 et seq.; or
- (ii) for bicycles under Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 1512, or successor requirements; and
- (3) has an electric motor that (i) has a power output of not more than 1,000 watts, (ii) is incapable of propelling the vehicle at a speed of more than 20 miles per hour, (iii) is incapable of further increasing the speed of the device when human power alone is used to propel the vehicle at a speed of more than 20 miles per hour, and (iv) disengages or ceases to function when the vehicle's brakes are applied.
 - Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.011, subdivision 44, is amended to read:
- Subd. 44. **Motorcycle.** "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, including motor scooters and bicycles with motor attached, other than those vehicles defined as. Motorcycle does not include (1) motorized bicycles as defined in subdivision 45, but excluding (2) electric-assisted bicycles as defined in subdivision 27, or (3) a tractor.
 - Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.011, subdivision 45, is amended to read:
- Subd. 45. **Motorized bicycle.** "Motorized bicycle" means a bicycle that is propelled by an electric or a liquid fuel motor of a piston displacement capacity of 50 cubic centimeters or less, and a maximum of two brake horsepower, which is capable of a maximum speed of not more than 30 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than one percent grade in any direction when the motor is engaged. "Motorized bicycle" includes does not include an electric-assisted bicycle as defined in subdivision 27.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Obedience to traffic-control signal or flagger; presumptions.** (a) The driver of any vehicle shall obey the instructions of any official traffic-control device applicable thereto placed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, unless otherwise directed by a police officer or by

a certified overdimensional load escort driver flagger authorized under this subdivision, subject to the exceptions granted the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle in this chapter.

- (b) No provision of this chapter for which official traffic-control devices are required shall be enforced against an alleged violator if at the time and place of the alleged violation an official device is not in proper position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant person. Whenever a particular section does not state that official traffic-control devices are required, such section shall be effective even though no devices are erected or in place.
- (c) Whenever official traffic-control devices are placed in position approximately conforming to the requirements of this chapter, such devices shall be presumed to have been so placed by the official act or direction of lawful authority, unless the contrary shall be established by competent evidence
- (d) Any official traffic-control device placed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and purporting to conform to the lawful requirements pertaining to such devices shall be presumed to comply with the requirements of this chapter, unless the contrary shall be established by competent evidence.
- (e) A flagger in a designated work zone may stop vehicles and hold vehicles in place until it is safe for the vehicles to proceed. A person operating a motor vehicle that has been stopped by a flagger in a designated work zone may proceed after stopping only on instruction by the flagger.
- (f) An overdimensional load escort driver with a certificate issued under section 299D.085, while acting as a flagger escorting a legal overdimensional load, may stop vehicles and hold vehicles in place until it is safe for the vehicles to proceed. A person operating a motor vehicle that has been stopped by an escort driver acting as a flagger may proceed only on instruction by the flagger or a police officer.
- (g) A person may stop and hold vehicles in place until it is safe for the vehicles to proceed, if the person: (1) holds a motorcycle road guard certificate issued under section 171.60; (2) meets the safety and equipment standards for operating under the certificate; (3) is acting as a flagger escorting a motorcycle group ride; (4) has notified each statutory or home rule charter city through which the motorcycle group is proceeding; and (5) has obtained consent from the chief of police, or the chief's designee, of any city of the first class through which the group is proceeding. A flagger operating as provided under this paragraph may direct operators of motorcycles within a motorcycle group ride or other vehicle traffic, notwithstanding any contrary indication of a traffic-control device, including stop signs or traffic-control signals. A person operating a vehicle that has been stopped by a flagger under this paragraph may proceed only on instruction by the flagger or a police officer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective one year after publication in the State Register of rules adopted under section 171.60, subdivision 5.

- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.09, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Reports confidential; evidence, fee, penalty, appropriation.** (a) All reports and supplemental information required under this section must be for the use of the commissioner of public safety and other appropriate state, federal, county, and municipal governmental agencies for accident analysis purposes, except:
 - (1) the commissioner of public safety or any law enforcement agency shall, upon written

request of any individual involved in an accident or upon written request of the representative of the individual's estate, surviving spouse, or one or more surviving next of kin, or a trustee appointed under section 573.02, or other person injured in person, property, or means of support, or who incurs other pecuniary loss by virtue of the accident, disclose to the requester, the requester's legal counsel, or a representative of the requester's insurer the report required under subdivision 8;

- (2) the commissioner of public safety shall, upon written request, provide the driver filing a report under subdivision 7 with a copy of the report filed by the driver;
- (3) the commissioner of public safety may verify with insurance companies vehicle insurance information to enforce sections 65B.48, 169.792, 169.793, 169.796, and 169.797;
- (4) the commissioner of public safety shall provide the commissioner of transportation the information obtained for each traffic accident involving a commercial motor vehicle, for purposes of administering commercial vehicle safety regulations; and
- (5) upon specific request, the commissioner of public safety shall provide the commissioner of transportation the information obtained regarding each traffic accident involving damage to identified state-owned infrastructure, for purposes of debt collection under section 161.20, subdivision 4; and
- (5) (6) the commissioner of public safety may give to the United States Department of Transportation commercial vehicle accident information in connection with federal grant programs relating to safety.
- (b) Accident reports and data contained in the reports are not discoverable under any provision of law or rule of court. No report shall be used as evidence in any trial, civil or criminal, or any action for damages or criminal proceedings arising out of an accident. However, the commissioner of public safety shall furnish, upon the demand of any person who has or claims to have made a report or upon demand of any court, a certificate showing that a specified accident report has or has not been made to the commissioner solely to prove compliance or failure to comply with the requirements that the report be made to the commissioner.
- (c) Nothing in this subdivision prevents any individual who has made a report under this section from providing information to any individuals involved in an accident or their representatives or from testifying in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of an accident, as to facts within the individual's knowledge. It is intended by this subdivision to render privileged the reports required, but it is not intended to prohibit proof of the facts to which the reports relate.
- (d) Disclosing any information contained in any accident report, except as provided in this subdivision, section 13.82, subdivision 3 or 6, or other statutes, is a misdemeanor.
- (e) The commissioner of public safety shall charge authorized persons as described in paragraph (a) a \$5 fee for a copy of an accident report. Ninety percent of the \$5 fee collected under this paragraph must be deposited in the special revenue fund and credited to the driver services operating account established in section 299A.705 and ten percent must be deposited in the general fund. The commissioner may also furnish an electronic copy of the database of accident records, which must not contain personal or private data on an individual, to private agencies as provided in paragraph (g), for not less than the cost of preparing the copies on a bulk basis as provided in section 13.03, subdivision 3.

- (f) The fees specified in paragraph (e) notwithstanding, the commissioner and law enforcement agencies shall charge commercial users who request access to response or incident data relating to accidents a fee not to exceed 50 cents per record. "Commercial user" is a user who in one location requests access to data in more than five accident reports per month, unless the user establishes that access is not for a commercial purpose. Of the money collected by the commissioner under this paragraph, 90 percent must be deposited in the special revenue fund and credited to the driver services operating account established in section 299A.705 and ten percent must be deposited in the general fund.
- (g) The fees in paragraphs (e) and (f) notwithstanding, the commissioner shall provide an electronic copy of the accident records database to the public on a case-by-case basis using the cost-recovery charges provided for under section 13.03, subdivision 3. The database provided must not contain personal or private data on an individual. However, unless the accident records database includes the vehicle identification number, the commissioner shall include the vehicle registration plate number if a private agency certifies and agrees that the agency:
 - (1) is in the business of collecting accident and damage information on vehicles;
- (2) will use the vehicle registration plate number only for identifying vehicles that have been involved in accidents or damaged, to provide this information to persons seeking access to a vehicle's history and not for identifying individuals or for any other purpose; and
 - (3) will be subject to the penalties and remedies under sections 13.08 and 13.09.
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.222, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Bicycle equipment.** (a) No person shall operate a bicycle at nighttime unless the bicycle or its operator is equipped with (1) a lamp which shall emit emits a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front; and with (2) a red reflector of a type approved by the Department of Public Safety which is visible from all distances from 100 feet to 600 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of headlamps on a motor vehicle.
- (b) No person may operate a bicycle at any time when there is not sufficient light to render persons and vehicles on the highway clearly discernible at a distance of 500 feet ahead unless the bicycle or its operator is equipped with reflective surfaces that shall be visible during the hours of darkness from 600 feet when viewed in front of lawful lower beams of headlamps on a motor vehicle. The reflective surfaces shall include reflective materials on each side of each pedal to indicate their presence from the front or the rear and with a minimum of 20 square inches of reflective material on each side of the bicycle or its operator. Any bicycle equipped with side reflectors as required by regulations for new bicycles prescribed by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission shall be considered to meet the requirements for side reflectorization contained in this subdivision.
- (c) A bicycle may be equipped with a front lamp that emits a white flashing signal, or a rear lamp that emits a red flashing signal, or both.
- (d) A bicycle may be equipped with tires having studs, spikes, or other protuberances designed to increase traction.
- (b) (e) No person shall operate a bicycle unless it is equipped with a brake which will enable the operator to make the braked wheels skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

- (e) (f) No person shall operate upon a highway any two-wheeled bicycle equipped with handlebars so raised that the operator must elevate the hands above the level of the shoulders in order to grasp the normal steering grip area.
- (d) (g) No person shall operate upon a highway any bicycle which is of such a size as to prevent the operator from stopping the bicycle, supporting it with at least one foot on the highway surface and restarting in a safe manner.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.222, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 6b. **Operator age.** No person under the age of 15 shall operate an electric-assisted bicycle.
 - Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.222, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Sale with reflectors and other equipment.** No person shall sell or offer for sale any new bicycle unless it is equipped with reflectors and other equipment as required by subdivision 6, clauses (a) and paragraphs (b) and (e) and by the applicable regulations for new bicycles prescribed by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission.
 - Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.223, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Safety equipment; parking.** Except as otherwise provided in this section, Section 169.974 relating to motorcycles is applicable to motorized bicycles, except as otherwise provided in this section and except that:
- (1) protective headgear includes headgear that meets the American National Standard for Protective Headgear for Bicyclists, ANSI Z90.4-1984, approved by the American National Standards Institute, Inc. standards under Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 1203, or successor requirements;
- (2) a motorized bicycle equipped with a headlight and taillight meeting the requirements of lighting for motorcycles may be operated during nighttime hours;
- (3) except as provided in clause (5), protective headgear is not required for operators 18 years of age or older; and
- (4) the provisions of section 169.222, subdivision 9, governing the parking of bicycles apply to motorized bicycles;
- (5) the operator of an electric-assisted bicycle must wear properly fitted and fastened headgear that meets the American National Standard for Protective Headgear for Bicyclists, ANSI Z90.4-1984, approved by the American National Standards Institute, Inc., when operating the electric-assisted bicycle on a street or highway; and
 - (6) eye protection devices are not required for operators of electric-assisted bicycles.
 - Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.223, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Other operation requirements and prohibitions. (a) A person operating a motorized bicycle on a roadway shall ride as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway except in one of the following situations:
 - (1) when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction;

- (2) when preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway; or
- (3) when reasonably necessary to avoid conditions, including fixed or moving objects, vehicles, pedestrians, animals, surface hazards, or narrow width lanes, that make it unsafe to continue along the right-hand curb or edge.
- (b) Persons operating motorized bicycles on a roadway may not ride more than two abreast and may not impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic. On a laned roadway, a person operating a motorized bicycle shall ride within a single lane.
- (c) This section does not permit the operation of a motorized bicycle on a bicycle path or bicycle lane that is reserved for the exclusive use of nonmotorized traffic.
- (d) Subject to the provisions of section 160.263, subdivision 3, a person may operate an electric assisted bicycle on a bicycle lane. A person may operate an electric assisted bicycle on the shoulder of a roadway if the electric assisted bicycle is traveling in the same direction as the adjacent vehicular traffic.
 - Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.72, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Solid rubber, metal, and studded tires; exceptions; permits.** (a) Every solid rubber tire on a vehicle shall must have rubber on its entire traction surface at least one inch thick above the edge of the flange of the entire periphery.
- (b) No person shall operate or move on any highway any motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, having any metal tire in contact with the roadway, except in case of emergency.
- (c) Except as provided in this section, no tire on a vehicle moved on a highway shall have on its periphery any block, stud, flange, cleat, or spike or any other protuberances of any material other than rubber which projects beyond the tread of the traction surface of the tire.
 - (d) It shall be is permissible to use any of the following on highways:
- (1) implements of husbandry with tires having protuberances which will not injure the highway, and;
- (2) tire chains of reasonable proportions upon any vehicle when required for safety because of snow, ice, or other conditions tending to cause a vehicle to skid; and
 - (3) tires on a bicycle as provided in section 169.222, subdivision 6.
- (d) (e) The commissioner and local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may, in their discretion, issue special permits authorizing the operation upon a highway of traction engines or tractors having movable tracks with transverse corrugations upon the periphery of such movable tracks or farm tractors or other farm machinery, the operation of which upon a highway would otherwise be prohibited under this chapter.
 - Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 169.86, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Fees; proceeds deposited; appropriation.** The commissioner, with respect to highways under the commissioner's jurisdiction, may charge a fee for each permit issued. <u>Unless</u> otherwise specified, all such fees for permits issued by the commissioner of transportation shall

be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trunk highway fund. Except for those annual permits for which the permit fees are specified elsewhere in this chapter, the fees shall be:

- (a) \$15 for each single trip permit.
- (b) \$36 for each job permit. A job permit may be issued for like loads carried on a specific route for a period not to exceed two months. "Like loads" means loads of the same product, weight, and dimension.
- (c) \$60 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:
- (1) motor vehicles used to alleviate a temporary crisis adversely affecting the safety or well-being of the public;
- (2) motor vehicles which travel on interstate highways and carry loads authorized under subdivision 1a;
- (3) motor vehicles operating with gross weights authorized under section 169.826, subdivision 1a;
 - (4) special pulpwood vehicles described in section 169.863;
 - (5) motor vehicles bearing snowplow blades not exceeding ten feet in width;
 - (6) noncommercial transportation of a boat by the owner or user of the boat;
 - (7) motor vehicles carrying bales of agricultural products authorized under section 169.862; and
 - (8) special milk-hauling vehicles authorized under section 169.867.
- (d) \$120 for an oversize annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:
 - (1) mobile cranes;
 - (2) construction equipment, machinery, and supplies;
 - (3) manufactured homes and manufactured storage buildings;
 - (4) implements of husbandry;
 - (5) double-deck buses;
- (6) commercial boat hauling and transporting waterfront structures, including, but not limited to, portable boat docks and boat lifts;
- (7) three-vehicle combinations consisting of two empty, newly manufactured trailers for cargo, horses, or livestock, not to exceed 28-1/2 feet per trailer; provided, however, the permit allows the vehicles to be moved from a trailer manufacturer to a trailer dealer only while operating on twin-trailer routes designated under section 169.81, subdivision 3, paragraph (c); and
- (8) vehicles operating on that portion of marked Trunk Highway 36 described in section 169.81, subdivision 3, paragraph (e).

(e) For vehicles which have axle weights exceeding the weight limitations of sections 169.823 to 169.829, an additional cost added to the fees listed above. However, this paragraph applies to any vehicle described in section 168.013, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), but only when the vehicle exceeds its gross weight allowance set forth in that paragraph, and then the additional cost is for all weight, including the allowance weight, in excess of the permitted maximum axle weight. The additional cost is equal to the product of the distance traveled times the sum of the overweight axle group cost factors shown in the following chart:

Overweight Axle Group Cost Factors

Weight (pounds)	Cost Per Mile For Each Group Of:			
exceeding weight limitations on axles	Two consecutive axles spaced within 8 feet or less	Three consecutive axles spaced within 9 feet or less	Four consecutive axles spaced within 14 feet or less	
0-2,000	.12	.05	.04	
2,001-4,000	.14	.06	.05	
4,001-6,000	.18	.07	.06	
6,001-8,000	.21	.09	.07	
8,001-10,000	.26	.10	.08	
10,001-12,000	.30	.12	.09	
12,001-14,000	Not permitted	.14	.11	
14,001-16,000	Not permitted	.17	.12	
16,001-18,000	Not permitted	.19	.15	
18,001-20,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.16	
20,001-22,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.20	

The amounts added are rounded to the nearest cent for each axle or axle group. The additional cost does not apply to paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (3).

For a vehicle found to exceed the appropriate maximum permitted weight, a cost-per-mile fee of 22 cents per ton, or fraction of a ton, over the permitted maximum weight is imposed in addition to the normal permit fee. Miles must be calculated based on the distance already traveled in the state plus the distance from the point of detection to a transportation loading site or unloading site within the state or to the point of exit from the state.

(f) As an alternative to paragraph (e), an annual permit may be issued for overweight, or oversize and overweight, mobile cranes; construction equipment, machinery, and supplies; implements of husbandry; and commercial boat hauling. The fees for the permit are as follows:

Gross Weight (pounds) of Vehicle Annual Permit Fee 90,000 or less \$200

90,001 - 100,000	\$300
100,001 - 110,000	\$400
110,001 - 120,000	\$500
120,001 - 130,000	\$600
130,001 - 140,000	\$700
140,001 - 145,000	\$800

If the gross weight of the vehicle is more than 145,000 pounds the permit fee is determined under paragraph (e).

- (g) For vehicles which exceed the width limitations set forth in section 169.80 by more than 72 inches, an additional cost equal to \$120 added to the amount in paragraph (a) when the permit is issued while seasonal load restrictions pursuant to section 169.87 are in effect.
- (h) \$85 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months, for refuse-compactor vehicles that carry a gross weight of not more than: 22,000 pounds on a single rear axle; 38,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle; or, subject to section 169.828, subdivision 2, 46,000 pounds on a tridem rear axle. A permit issued for up to 46,000 pounds on a tridem rear axle must limit the gross vehicle weight to not more than 62,000 pounds.
- (i) \$300 for a motor vehicle described in section 169.8261. The fee under this paragraph must be deposited as follows:
 - (1) in fiscal years 2005 through 2010:
- $\frac{\text{(i)}}{\text{(1)}}$ the first \$50,000 in each fiscal year must be deposited in the trunk highway fund for costs related to administering the permit program and inspecting and posting bridges; and
- (ii) (2) all remaining money in each fiscal year must be deposited in a the bridge inspection and signing account in the special revenue fund as provided under subdivision 5a. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for:
- (A) inspection of local bridges and identification of local bridges to be posted, including contracting with a consultant for some or all of these functions; and
 - (B) erection of weight-posting signs on local bridges; and
 - (2) in fiscal year 2011 and subsequent years must be deposited in the trunk highway fund.
- (j) Beginning August 1, 2006, \$200 for an annual permit for a vehicle operating under authority of section 169.824, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.86, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. Bridge inspection and signing account; appropriation. (a) A bridge inspection and signing account is established in the special revenue fund. The account consists of fees for special permits as specified under this chapter, and any other money donated, allotted, transferred,

or otherwise provided to the account.

- (b) The revenue in the bridge inspection and signing account under this subdivision is annually appropriated to the commissioner for:
- (1) inspection of local bridges and identification of local bridges to be posted, including contracting with a consultant for some or all of these functions; and
 - (2) erection of weight-posting signs on local bridges.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.865, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Deposit of revenues; appropriation.** (a) Revenue from the permits issued by the commissioner under this section must be deposited:
- (1) in fiscal years 2008 through 2011, in the bridge inspection and signing account in the special revenue fund; and
- (2) in fiscal year 2012 and subsequent years, in the trunk highway fund as provided under section 169.86, subdivision 5a.
- (b) The revenue in the bridge inspection and signing account under this section is annually appropriated to the commissioner for:
- (1) inspection of local bridges and identification of local bridges to be posted, including contracting with a consultant for some or all of these functions; and
 - (2) erection of weight-posting signs on local bridges.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.872, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. **Limit on civil penalties.** A civil penalty for excessive weight under section 169.871 may be imposed based on a record of a shipment under this section only if a state law enforcement officer or motor transportation representative: (1) has inspected and copied the record within 14 days of the date the shipment was received by the person keeping the record; and (2) has assessed the penalty within 90 days of the date the officer or representative inspected and copied the record.
 - Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.98, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Colors and markings.** (a) Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 2a, all motor vehicles which are primarily used in the enforcement of highway traffic rules by the State Patrol or for general uniform patrol assignment by any municipal police department or other law enforcement agency, except conservation officers, shall have uniform colors and markings as provided in this subdivision. Motor vehicles of:
- (1) municipal police departments, including the University of Minnesota Police Department and park police units, shall be predominantly blue, brown, green, black, or white;
 - (2) the State Patrol shall be predominantly maroon; and

- (3) the county sheriff's office shall be predominantly brown, black, gold, or white.
- (b) The identity of the governmental unit operating the vehicle shall be displayed on both front door panels and on the rear of the vehicle. The identity may be in the form of a shield or emblem, or may be the word "police," "sheriff," or the words "State Patrol" or "conservation officer," as appropriate, with letters not less than 2-1/2 inches high, one-inch wide and of a three-eighths inch brush stroke. The identity shall be of a color contrasting with the background color so that the motor vehicle is easily identifiable as belonging to a specific type of law enforcement agency. Each vehicle shall be marked with its own identifying number on the rear of the vehicle. The number shall be printed in the same size and color required pursuant to this subdivision for identifying words which may be displayed on the vehicle.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.98, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Security guard vehicle.** (a) All motor vehicles which are used by security guards in the course of their employment may have any color other than those specified in subdivision 1 for law enforcement vehicles. The identity of the security service shall be displayed on the motor vehicle as required for law enforcement vehicles.
- (b) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), a security guard may continue to use a motor vehicle that is predominantly black in the course of the guard's employment if the vehicle was being used in this manner before August 1, 2002.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (3), a security guard may continue to use a motor vehicle that is predominantly gold in the course of the guard's employment if the vehicle was being used in this manner before August 1, 2012.
 - Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 171.01, subdivision 41, is amended to read:
- Subd. 41. **Motorized bicycle.** "Motorized bicycle" means a bicycle that is propelled by an electric or a liquid fuel motor of a piston displacement capacity of 50 cubic centimeters or less, and a maximum of two brake horsepower, which is capable of a maximum speed of not more than 30 miles per hour on a flat surface with not more than one percent grade in any direction when the motor is engaged. "Motorized bicycle" includes an electric-assisted bicycle as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27 has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 45.
- Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 171.075, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Anatomical gift account.** An anatomical gift account is established in the special revenue fund. The account consist of funds donated under sections 168.12 168.013, subdivision 5 22, and 171.06, subdivision 2, and any other money donated, allotted, transferred, or otherwise provided to the account. Money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for (1) grants under subdivision 2, and (2) administrative expenses in implementing the donation and grant program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2013.

Sec. 43. [171.60] MOTORCYCLE ROAD GUARD CERTIFICATE.

Subdivision 1. Certificate required. No person may perform traffic control as a motorcycle road

guard as provided under chapter 169 without a valid motorcycle road guard certificate issued by the commissioner.

- Subd. 2. Certification qualifications and standards. Through the Minnesota Motorcycle Safety Center, the commissioner of public safety shall:
- (1) establish qualifications and requirements for a person to obtain a motorcycle road guard certificate under this section, which must include:
 - (i) a minimum 18 years of age;
 - (ii) possession of a valid driver's license; and
 - (iii) successful completion of a motorcycle road guard certification course;
- (2) develop and offer, whether by the Minnesota Motorcycle Safety Center or authorized agents, a motorcycle road guard certification course; and
- (3) establish safety and equipment standards for a person who operates under a motorcycle road guard certificate, including but not limited to specifying requirements for a reflective safety vest.
- Subd. 3. Fee. The commissioner of public safety shall assess a fee for each applicant for a motorcycle road guard certificate, calculated to cover the commissioner's cost of establishing and administering the program.
- Subd. 4. Penalty. A person who violates any provision of this section is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.
- Subd. 5. **Rulemaking.** The commissioner of public safety shall adopt rules to carry out the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding section 16A.1283, the rules must specify the fee to be assessed under subdivision 3.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 to 4 are effective one year after publication in the State Register of rules adopted under subdivision 5. Subdivision 5 is effective the day following final enactment.
 - Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 174.03, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1d. Freight rail economic development study. (a) The commissioner of transportation, in cooperation with the commissioner of the Department of Employment and Economic Development, shall conduct a freight rail economic development study. The study will assess the economic impact of freight railroads in the state and identify opportunities to expand business development and enhance economic competitiveness through improved utilization of freight rail options. Findings from the study shall be incorporated as an amendment to the statewide freight and passenger rail plan.
- (b) The commissioner of transportation shall provide an interim progress report on the study by January 15, 2013, and a final report on September 1, 2013, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance and over employment and economic development. The reports shall include any recommended legislative initiatives.

(c) The commissioner of transportation may expend up to \$216,000 in fiscal year 2013 under section 222.50, subdivision 7, to pay the costs of this study and report.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 45. [174.40] SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.

- (b) "Bond eligible cost" means expenditures under this section for acquisition of land or permanent easements, predesign, design, preliminary and final engineering, environmental analysis, construction, and reconstruction of publicly owned infrastructure in this state with a useful life of at least ten years that provides for nonmotorized transportation to and from a school; preparation of land for which a route to school is established, including demolition of structures and remediation of any hazardous conditions on the land; and the unpaid principal on debt issued by a political subdivision for a safe routes to school project.
- (c) "Federal program" means the safe routes to school program under Title I, section 1404 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) of 2005, Public Law 109-59.
- (d) "School" means a school, as defined in section 120A.22, subdivision 4, excluding a home school.
- Subd. 2. Program creation. (a) A safe routes to school program is established to provide assistance in capital investments for safe and appealing nonmotorized transportation to and from a school. The commissioner shall develop and implement the safe routes to school program as provided in this section. Financial assistance under this section is to supplement or replace aid for infrastructure projects under the federal program.
- (b) The commissioner may provide grants or other financial assistance for a safe routes to school project at the commissioner's discretion, subject to the requirements of this section.
- Subd. 3. Safe routes to school accounts. (a) A safe routes to school account is established in the bond proceeds fund. The account consists of state bond proceeds appropriated to the commissioner. Money in the account may only be expended on bond-eligible costs of a project receiving financial assistance as provided under this section. All uses of funds from the account must be for publicly owned property.
- (b) A safe routes to school account is established in the general fund. The account consists of funds as provided by law, and any other money donated, allotted, transferred, or otherwise provided to the account. Money in the account may only be expended on a project receiving financial assistance as provided under this section.
- Subd. 4. State general obligation bond funds. Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, clause (a), requires that state general obligation bonds be issued to finance only the acquisition or betterment of public land, buildings, and other public improvements of a capital nature. The legislature has determined that many school transportation infrastructure projects will constitute betterments and capital improvements within the meaning of the Minnesota Constitution and capital expenditures under generally accepted accounting principles, and will be financed more efficiently

and economically under this section than by direct appropriations for specific projects.

- Subd. 5. Program administration. (a) The commissioner shall establish general program requirements and a competitive process for financial assistance, including but not limited to eligibility requirements for grant recipients and projects; procedures for solicitation of grants; application requirements; procedures for payment of financial assistance awards; and a schedule for application, evaluation, and award of financial assistance.
 - (b) An application must include:
 - (1) a detailed and specific description of the project;
- (2) an estimate, along with necessary supporting evidence, of the total costs for the project and the allocation of identified and proposed funding sources for the project;
 - (3) an assessment of the need for and benefits of the project;
- (4) a resolution adopted by the governing body of the school for which a safe routes to school grant is requested, certifying that: (i) the governing body of the school supports the project; and (ii) funds, if any, required to be supplied by the school to complete the project are available and committed;
- (5) a timeline indicating the major milestones of the project and their anticipated completion dates; and
 - (6) any additional information or material the commissioner prescribes.
- (c) The commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to (1) publicize each solicitation for applications among all eligible recipients, and (2) provide technical and informational assistance in creating and submitting applications.
- (d) By January 1, 2013, the commissioner of transportation shall publish and maintain a manual on the safe routes to school program that assists applicants for and recipients of financial assistance. The manual must include a list of eligibility and general program requirements, an explanation of the application process, and a review of the criteria used to evaluate projects.
- Subd. 6. Evaluation criteria. The commissioner shall establish criteria for evaluation of applications and selection of projects. The criteria must include:
- (1) establishment or capital improvement of transportation infrastructure that improves safety and encourages nonmotorized transportation to and from a school;
- (2) compliance with all applicable requirements for capital infrastructure projects established by the Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation, for the federal program; and
 - (3) other components as determined by the commissioner.
- Subd. 7. Grant cancellation. If, five years after execution of a grant agreement, the commissioner determines that the grantee has not proceeded in a timely manner with implementation of the project funded, the commissioner must cancel the grant and the grantee must repay to the commissioner all grant money paid to the grantee. Section 16A.642 applies to any appropriations

made from the bond proceeds fund to the commissioner under this section that have not been awarded as financial assistance.

- Subd. 8. Legislative report. By November 1 annually, the commissioner shall submit a report on the safe routes to school program to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance. The report must at a minimum:
 - (1) summarize program implementation;
 - (2) provide an overview of grant evaluation and criteria used in project selection;
- (3) provide a brief description of each project funded in the previous fiscal year, including the amount of money provided from each safe routes to school account under this section and the amount provided under the federal program;
 - (4) summarize the status of the federal program or successor legislation; and
- (5) identify any recommendations for legislative changes, including proposals to improve program effectiveness.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 221.091, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Small vehicle passenger service.** (a) A city that licenses and regulates small vehicle passenger service must do so by ordinance. The ordinance must, at a minimum, provide for driver qualifications, insurance, vehicle safety, and periodic vehicle inspections. A city that has adopted an ordinance complying with this subdivision may enforce the registration requirement in section 221.021.
- (b) A person who provides small vehicle passenger service to an individual for the purpose of obtaining nonemergency medical care and who receives reimbursement under section 256B.0625, subdivision 17, for providing the service, must comply with the rules of the commissioner adopted under section 174.30.
 - Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 222.63, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Rail bank property use; petty misdemeanors penalties.** (a) Except for the actions of road authorities and their agents, employees, and contractors, and of utilities, in carrying out their duties imposed by permit, law, or contract, and except as otherwise provided in this section, it is unlawful to knowingly perform any of the following activities on rail bank property:
 - (1) obstruct any trail;
 - (2) deposit snow or ice;
 - (3) remove or place any earth, vegetation, gravel, or rock without authorization;
 - (4) obstruct or remove any ditch-draining device, or drain any harmful or dangerous materials;
- (5) erect a fence, or place or maintain any advertising, sign, or memorial, except upon authorization by the commissioner of transportation;

- (6) remove, injure, displace, or destroy right-of-way markers or reference or witness monuments or markers placed to preserve section or quarter-section corners defining rail bank property limits;
- (7) drive upon any portion of rail bank property, except at approved crossings, and except where authorized for snowmobiles, emergency vehicles, maintenance vehicles, or other vehicles authorized to use rail bank property;
- (8) deface, mar, damage, or tamper with any structure, work, material, sign, marker, paving, guardrail, drain, or any other rail bank appurtenance; or
- (9) park, overhang, or abandon any unauthorized vehicle or implement of husbandry on, across, or over the limits of rail bank property.;
 - (10) plow, disc, or perform any other detrimental operation; or
 - (11) place or maintain any permanent structure.
- (b) Unless a greater penalty is provided elsewhere in statute, <u>any a violation of this subdivision</u> is a petty misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation is a misdemeanor.
- (c) The cost to remove, repair, or perform any other corrective action necessitated by a violation of this subdivision may be charged to the violator.
 - Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 296A.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Exemptions.** The provisions of subdivision 1 do not apply to gasoline or denatured ethanol purchased by:
- (1) a transit system or transit provider receiving financial assistance or reimbursement under section 174.24, 256B.0625, subdivision 17, or 473.384;
- (2) providers of transportation to recipients of medical assistance home and community-based services waivers enrolled in day programs, including adult day care, family adult day care, day treatment and habilitation, prevocational services, and structured day services;
 - (3) an ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E; or
- (4) providers of medical or dental services by a federally qualified health center, as defined under title 19 of the Social Security Act, as amended by Section 4161 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, with a motor vehicle used exclusively as a mobile medical unit; or
 - (3) (5) a licensed distributor to be delivered to a terminal for use in blending.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Clause (2) is effective retroactively from January 1, 2012, and clause (4) is effective retroactively from January 1, 2011.
 - Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 296A.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Exemptions.** The provisions of subdivisions 1 and 2 do not apply to special fuel or alternative fuels purchased by:
- (1) a transit system or transit provider receiving financial assistance or reimbursement under section 174.24, 256B.0625, subdivision 17, or 473.384;

- (2) providers of transportation to recipients of medical assistance home and community-based services waivers enrolled in day programs, including adult day care, family adult day care, day treatment and habilitation, prevocational services, and structured day services;
 - (3) an ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E; or
- (4) providers of medical or dental services by a federally qualified health center, as defined under title 19 of the Social Security Act, as amended by Section 4161 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990, with a motor vehicle used exclusively as a mobile medical unit; or
 - (3) (5) a licensed distributor to be delivered to a terminal for use in blending.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Clause (2) is effective retroactively from January 1, 2012, and clause (4) is effective retroactively from January 1, 2011.
 - Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 297A.68, subdivision 19, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 19. **Petroleum products.** The following petroleum products are exempt:
- (1) products upon which a tax has been imposed and paid under chapter 296A, and for which no refund has been or will be allowed because the buyer used the fuel for nonhighway use;
- (2) products that are used in the improvement of agricultural land by constructing, maintaining, and repairing drainage ditches, tile drainage systems, grass waterways, water impoundment, and other erosion control structures;
- (3) products purchased by a transit system receiving financial assistance under section 174.24, 256B.0625, subdivision 17, or 473.384;
 - (4) products purchased by an ambulance service licensed under chapter 144E;
- (5) products used in a passenger snowmobile, as defined in section 296A.01, subdivision 39, for off-highway business use as part of the operations of a resort as provided under section 296A.16, subdivision 2, clause (2); or
- (6) products purchased by a state or a political subdivision of a state for use in motor vehicles exempt from registration under section 168.012, subdivision 1, paragraph (b);
- (7) products purchased by providers of transportation to recipients of medical assistance home and community-based services waivers enrolled in day programs, including adult day care, family adult day care, day treatment and habilitation, prevocational services, and structured day services; or
- (8) products used in a motor vehicle used exclusively as a mobile medical unit for the provision of medical or dental services by a federally qualified health center, as defined under title 19 of the federal Social Security Act, as amended by Section 4161 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Clause (7) is effective retroactively from January 1, 2012, and clause (8) is effective retroactively from January 1, 2011.
 - Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 297B.03, is amended to read:

297B.03 EXEMPTIONS.

There is specifically exempted from the provisions of this chapter and from computation of the amount of tax imposed by it the following:

- (1) purchase or use, including use under a lease purchase agreement or installment sales contract made pursuant to section 465.71, of any motor vehicle by the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities and by any person described in and subject to the conditions provided in section 297A.67, subdivision 11;
- (2) purchase or use of any motor vehicle by any person who was a resident of another state or country at the time of the purchase and who subsequently becomes a resident of Minnesota, provided the purchase occurred more than 60 days prior to the date such person began residing in the state of Minnesota and the motor vehicle was registered in the person's name in the other state or country;
- (3) purchase or use of any motor vehicle by any person making a valid election to be taxed under the provisions of section 297A.90;
- (4) purchase or use of any motor vehicle previously registered in the state of Minnesota when such transfer constitutes a transfer within the meaning of section 118, 331, 332, 336, 337, 338, 351, 355, 368, 721, 731, 1031, 1033, or 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (5) purchase or use of any vehicle owned by a resident of another state and leased to a Minnesota-based private or for-hire carrier for regular use in the transportation of persons or property in interstate commerce provided the vehicle is titled in the state of the owner or secured party, and that state does not impose a sales tax or sales tax on motor vehicles used in interstate commerce;
- (6) purchase or use of a motor vehicle by a private nonprofit or public educational institution for use as an instructional aid in automotive training programs operated by the institution. "Automotive training programs" includes motor vehicle body and mechanical repair courses but does not include driver education programs;
- (7) purchase of a motor vehicle by an ambulance service licensed under section 144E.10 when that vehicle is equipped and specifically intended for emergency response or for providing ambulance service;
- (8) purchase of a motor vehicle by or for a public library, as defined in section 134.001, subdivision 2, as a bookmobile or library delivery vehicle;
 - (9) purchase of a ready-mixed concrete truck;
- (10) purchase or use of a motor vehicle by a town for use exclusively for road maintenance, including snowplows and dump trucks, but not including automobiles, vans, or pickup trucks;
- (11) purchase or use of a motor vehicle by a corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, or educational purposes, except a public school, university, or library, but only if the vehicle is:
- (i) a truck, as defined in section 168.002, a bus, as defined in section 168.002, or a passenger automobile, as defined in section 168.002, if the automobile is designed and used for carrying more than nine persons including the driver; and

- (ii) intended to be used primarily to transport tangible personal property or individuals, other than employees, to whom the organization provides service in performing its charitable, religious, or educational purpose;
- (12) purchase of a motor vehicle for use by a transit provider exclusively to provide transit service is exempt if the transit provider is either (i) receiving financial assistance or reimbursement under section 174.24 or 473.384, or (ii) operating under section 174.29, 473.388, or 473.405;
- (13) purchase or use of a motor vehicle by a qualified business, as defined in section 469.310, located in a job opportunity building zone, if the motor vehicle is principally garaged in the job opportunity building zone and is primarily used as part of or in direct support of the person's operations carried on in the job opportunity building zone. The exemption under this clause applies to sales, if the purchase was made and delivery received during the duration of the job opportunity building zone. The exemption under this clause also applies to any local sales and use tax; and
- (14) purchase of a leased vehicle by the lessee who was a participant in a lease-to-own program from a charitable organization that is:
 - (i) described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 - (ii) licensed as a motor vehicle lessor under section 168.27, subdivision 4; and
- (15) purchase of a motor vehicle used exclusively as a mobile medical unit for the provision of medical or dental services by a federally qualified health center, as defined under title 19 of the Social Security Act, as amended by section 4161 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1990.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for sales and purchases made on and after January 1, 2011.
 - Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 299D.085, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Certificate.** Except as provided in subdivision 2a, no person may operate as an overdimensional load escort driver in this state without a certificate issued by the commissioner, or by a state with which the commissioner has entered into a reciprocal agreement. The commissioner shall assess a fee for each certificate applicant, calculated to cover the commissioner's cost of establishing and administering the program.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires on the December 31 that occurs immediately after two years following the publication in the State Register of rules adopted under Laws 2010, chapter 311, section 3, subdivision 5.
- Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 299D.085, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 2a. Exceptions. A person who is a minimum of 18 years of age, possesses a valid operator's license for the type of vehicle being operated, and meets vehicle and safety equipment standards specified by the commissioner may operate without a certificate as an overdimensional load escort driver when: (1) the load consists of manufactured homes, as defined in section 327.31, subdivision 6, or modular homes, as defined in section 272.02, subdivision 85, paragraph (c); (2) the load does not extend over the centerline of a roadway; and (3) the vehicle carrying the overdimensional load

is not routed to travel the wrong way on a roadway.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires on the December 31 that occurs immediately after two years following the publication in the State Register of rules adopted under Laws 2010, chapter 311, section 3, subdivision 5.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 299D.09, is amended to read:

299D.09 ESCORT SERVICE; APPROPRIATION; RECEIPTS.

Fees charged for escort services provided by the State Patrol are annually appropriated to the commissioner of public safety to administer and provide these services.

The fees fee charged for services provided by the State Patrol with a vehicle are \$73.60 is \$79.28 an hour in fiscal year 2008 and \$75.76 an hour in fiscal year 2009 and thereafter. The fees fee charged for services provided without a vehicle are \$54 is \$59.28 an hour in fiscal year 2008 and \$56.16 an hour in fiscal year 2009 and thereafter.

The fees charged for State Patrol flight services are \$140 an hour for a fixed wing aircraft, \$490 an hour for a helicopter, and \$600 an hour for the Queen Air in fiscal year 2012; and \$139.64 an hour for a fixed wing aircraft, \$560.83 an hour for a helicopter, and \$454.84 an hour for the Queen Air in fiscal year 2013 and thereafter.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 473.39, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1r. **Obligations.** After July 1, 2012, in addition to other authority under this section, the council may issue certificates of indebtedness, bonds, or other obligations under this section in an amount not exceeding \$39,600,000 for capital expenditures as prescribed in the council's transit capital improvement program and for related costs, including the costs of issuance and sale of the obligations. Of this authorization, up to \$4,200,000 may be made available to fund capital projects in amounts that would have otherwise been funded using replacement transit service provider reserves that were reduced in 2012 as a result of Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 3, article 1, section 4.

EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION. This section is effective the day following final enactment, and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Sec. 56. Laws 2009, chapter 158, section 10, is amended to read:

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 2 and 3 are effective August 1, 2009, and the amendments made in sections 2 and 3 to Minnesota Statutes, sections 169.011 and 169.045, expire July 31, 2012 2014.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 57. LEGISLATIVE ROUTE NO. 227 REMOVED.

(a) Minnesota Statutes, section 161.115, subdivision 158, is repealed effective the day after the commissioner of transportation receives a copy of the agreement between the commissioner and the

governing body of Wadena County to transfer jurisdiction of Legislative Route No. 227 and notifies the revisor of statutes under paragraph (b).

(b) The revisor of statutes shall delete the route identified in paragraph (a) from Minnesota Statutes when the commissioner of transportation sends notice to the revisor electronically or in writing that the conditions required to transfer the route have been satisfied.

Sec. 58. LEGISLATIVE ROUTE NO. 258 REMOVED.

- (a) Minnesota Statutes, section 161.115, subdivision 189, is repealed effective the day after the commissioner of transportation receives a copy of the agreement between the commissioner and the governing body of Brown County to transfer jurisdiction of Legislative Route No. 258 and notifies the revisor of statutes under paragraph (b).
- (b) The revisor of statutes shall delete the route identified in paragraph (a) from Minnesota Statutes when the commissioner of transportation sends notice to the revisor electronically or in writing that the conditions required to transfer the route have been satisfied.

Sec. 59. LEGISLATIVE ROUTE NO. 291 REMOVED.

- (a) Minnesota Statutes, section 161.115, subdivision 222, is repealed effective the day after the commissioner of transportation receives a copy of the agreement between the commissioner and the governing body of the city of Hastings to transfer jurisdiction of Legislative Route No. 291 and notifies the revisor of statutes under paragraph (b).
- (b) The revisor of statutes shall delete the route identified in paragraph (a) from Minnesota Statutes when the commissioner of transportation sends notice to the revisor electronically or in writing that the conditions required to transfer the route have been satisfied.

Sec. 60. I-94 NOISE IMPACTS STAKEHOLDER GROUP.

- (a) The commissioner of transportation shall establish a noise impacts stakeholder group in conjunction with all trunk highway projects on marked Interstate Highway 94, at or near the interchange with marked Trunk Highway 280 in St. Paul, for which preliminary engineering or preliminary design commences prior to January 1, 2018.
- (b) At a minimum, membership of the stakeholder group consists of Department of Transportation project team representatives and interested community stakeholders.
- (c) As part of the project development process for any project identified under paragraph (a), the commissioner shall consult with the stakeholder group to provide background information and data on noise impacts, review practices and evaluation options for noise mitigation, and obtain recommendations from the stakeholder group for noise mitigation components of the project design.

Sec. 61. MUNICIPAL STATE-AID STREET FUND 2013 ALLOCATION.

- (a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 162.13, subdivision 1, the commissioner of transportation shall allocate the apportionment sum available in the municipal state-aid street fund, following the deductions under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.12, as provided in this section.
 - (b) The commissioner shall identify a remuneration sum for each city that:

- (1) qualifies for municipal state-aid street funds under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.09, subdivision 4a; and
 - (2) was not allocated municipal state-aid street funds for calendar year 2012.
- (c) The remuneration sum for each city equals the amount the city received under the allocation of municipal state-aid street funds for calendar year 2011.
 - (d) For the calendar year 2013 allocation only, the commissioner shall:
- (1) allocate to the appropriate city an amount from the apportionment sum equal to the remuneration sum calculated in paragraph (c); and
- (2) allocate the remaining apportionment sum as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 162.13, subdivision 1.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 62. <u>REPORTS ON USE OF CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL</u> CONTRACTOR METHOD.

Subdivision 1. Submission of reports. The commissioner shall report on experience with and evaluation of the construction manager/general contractor method of contracting authorized in Minnesota Statutes, sections 161.3207 to 161.3209. The reports must be submitted to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy or transportation finance and in compliance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 3.195 and 3.197. An interim report must be submitted no later than 12 months following the commissioner's acceptance of five construction manager/general contractor contracts. A final report must be submitted no later than 12 months following the commissioner's acceptance of ten construction manager/general contractor contracts.

Subd. 2. Content of reports. The reports must include: (1) a description of circumstances of any projects as to which construction manager/general contractor requests for qualifications or requests for proposals were solicited, followed by a cancellation of the solicitation; (2) a description of projects as to which construction manager/general contractor method was utilized; (3) a comparison of project cost estimates with final project costs, if available; and (4) evaluation of the construction manager/general contractor method of procurement with respect to implications for project cost, use of innovative techniques, completion time, and obtaining maximum value. The final report must also include recommendations as to continued use of the program and desired modifications to the program, and recommended legislation to continue, discontinue, or modify the program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires one year following the acceptance of ten construction manager/general contractor contracts.

Sec. 63. <u>REPORT ON WATER PERMITTING PROCESSES FOR TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS.</u>

By January 15, 2013, the commissioners of transportation, natural resources, and the Pollution Control Agency, in consultation with local road authorities and the Board of Water and Soil Resources, shall submit recommendations to the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with primary jurisdiction over environment and natural resources policy and finance

and transportation policy and finance on how water-related permitting for transportation projects can best be streamlined through creation of a single point of issuance system. The recommendations shall:

- (1) outline a single point of issuance system in which road authorities applying for state water permits would interact with a single state agency serving as the sole intermediary on behalf of all state agencies with an interest in a road authority's water permit application;
- (2) provide a goal for the maximum number of days the state believes are necessary to issue final water permitting decisions;
- (3) identify how state entities with current oversight authority over water permitting decisions would allocate resources to accommodate a single point of issuance system; and
- (4) suggest strategies to enhance the coordination of federal and state water permitting information gathering and decision-making.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 64. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes shall renumber the provisions of Minnesota Statutes listed in column A to the references listed in column B. The revisor shall also make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes consistent with the renumbering.

Column A	Column B
169.011, subdivision 83	168B.011, subdivision 12a
169.041	168B.035
169.64, subdivision 5	168B.16
169.86, subdivision 8	<u>168B.15</u>
465.75	168B.14
514.18, subdivision 1a	168B.045

Sec. 65. RULES REPEALER.

Minnesota Rules, parts 8810.9000; 8810.9100; 8810.9200; 8810.9300; 8810.9400; 8810.9500; 8810.9600; and 8810.9700, are repealed.

Sec. 66. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Unless otherwise specified, this article is effective August 1, 2012.

ARTICLE 4

TRANSPORTATION POLICY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1d. Bicycle use of trails. The commissioner may not prohibit or otherwise restrict operation of an electric-assisted bicycle, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27, on any trail

under this section for which bicycle use is permitted, unless the commissioner determines that operation of the electric-assisted bicycle is not consistent with (1) the safety or general welfare of trail users; or (2) the terms of any property conveyance.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 85.018, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Authority of local government.** (a) A local government unit that receives state grants-in-aid for any trail, with the concurrence of the commissioner, and the landowner or land lessee, may:
- (1) designate the trail for use by snowmobiles or for nonmotorized use from December 1 to April 1 of any year; and
 - (2) issue any permit required under subdivisions 3 to 5.
- (b) A local government unit that receives state grants-in-aid under section 84.794, subdivision 2, 84.803, subdivision 2, or 84.927, subdivision 2, for any trail, with the concurrence of the commissioner, and landowner or land lessee, may:
- (1) designate the trail specifically for use at various times of the year by all-terrain or off-road vehicles or off-highway motorcycles, for nonmotorized use such as ski touring, snowshoeing, and hiking, and for multiple use, but not for motorized and nonmotorized use at the same time; and
 - (2) issue any permit required under subdivisions 3 to 5.
- (c) A local unit of government that receives state grants-in-aid for any trail, with the concurrence of the commissioner and landowner or land lessee, may designate certain trails for joint use by snowmobiles, off-highway motorcycles, all-terrain vehicles, and off-road vehicles.
- (d) A local unit of government may not prohibit or otherwise restrict operation of an electric-assisted bicycle, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27, on any trail under this section designated for bicycle use or nonmotorized use that includes bicycles, unless the local unit of government determines that operation of the electric-assisted bicycle is not consistent with (1) the safety or general welfare of trail users; or (2) the terms of any property conveyance.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 85.018, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Nonmotorized use trails.** No motorized vehicle shall be operated on a trail designated for nonmotorized use. This subdivision does not apply to (1) motorized wheelchairs or other motorized devices operated by an individual who is physically disabled; or (2) electric-assisted bicycles, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 160.263, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Powers of political subdivisions.** (a) The governing body of any political subdivision may by ordinance or resolution:
- (1) designate any roadway or shoulder or portion thereof under its jurisdiction as a bicycle lane or bicycle route;
- (2) designate any sidewalk or portion thereof under its jurisdiction as a bicycle path provided that the designation does not destroy a pedestrian way or pedestrian access;

- (3) develop and designate bicycle paths;
- (4) designate as bikeways all bicycle lanes, bicycle routes, and bicycle paths.
- (b) A governing body may not prohibit or otherwise restrict operation of an electric-assisted bicycle, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 27, on any bikeway, roadway, or shoulder, unless the governing body determines that operation of the electric-assisted bicycle is not consistent with (1) the safety or general welfare of bikeway, roadway, or shoulder users; or (2) the terms of any property conveyance.

Sec. 5. [160.266] MISSISSIPPI RIVER TRAIL.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section:

- (1) "bicycle path" has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 6; and
- (2) "bikeway" has the meaning given in section 169.011, subdivision 9.
- Subd. 2. Creation. The commissioner, in cooperation with road and trail authorities including the commissioner of natural resources, shall identify a bikeway that originates at Itasca State Park in Clearwater, Beltrami, and Hubbard Counties, then generally parallels the Mississippi River through the cities of Bemidji in Beltrami County, Grand Rapids in Itasca County, Brainerd in Crow Wing County, Little Falls in Morrison County, Sauk Rapids in Benton County, St. Cloud in Stearns County, Minneapolis in Hennepin County, St. Paul in Ramsey County, Hastings in Dakota County, Red Wing in Goodhue County, Wabasha in Wabasha County, Winona in Winona County, and La Crescent in Houston County to Minnesota's boundary with Iowa and there terminates. Where opportunities exist, the bikeway may be designated on both sides of the Mississippi River.
- Subd. 3. Connections with other bikeways. (a) The commissioner, in cooperation with road and trail authorities including the commissioner of natural resources, shall:
- (1) identify existing bikeways of regional significance that are in reasonable proximity but not connected to the bikeway established in this section, including but not limited to the Lake Wobegon Trail in the counties of Stearns and Todd; and
- (2) support development of linkages between bikeways identified under clause (1) and the bikeway established in this section.
- (b) The requirements of this subdivision are a secondary priority for use of funds available under this section following establishment and enhancement of the bikeway under subdivision 1.
- Subd. 4. Cooperation with other entities. The commissioner may contract and enter into agreements with federal agencies, other state agencies, local governments, and private entities to establish, develop, maintain, and operate the bikeway and to interpret associated natural and cultural resources.
- Subd. 5. **Funding.** Bicycle paths included within the bikeway and not administered by the commissioner of natural resources are eligible for funding from the environment and natural resources trust fund under chapter 116P, from the parks and trails grant program under section 85.535, from the local recreation grants program under section 85.019, subdivision 4b, and from other sources.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 161.14, subdivision 66, is amended to read:
- Subd. 66. **Veterans Memorial Highway.** Legislative Route No. 31, signed as Trunk Highway marked 200 as of July 1, 2010, from the border with North Dakota to the city of Mahnomen, is designated as the "Veterans Memorial Highway." The commissioner shall adopt a suitable design to mark this highway and erect appropriate signs, subject to section 161.139.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 161.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 70. Arianna Celeste Macnamara Memorial Bridge. The pedestrian bridge over Route No. 7, signed as Trunk Highway 14 on the effective date of this section, located in the city of Rochester west of Route No. 20, signed as U.S. Highway 52 on the effective date of this section, is designated as "Arianna Celeste Macnamara Memorial Bridge." Subject to section 161.139, the commissioner shall adopt a suitable marking design to memorialize the bridge and shall erect the appropriate signs as close as practicable to the bridge.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 161.14, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 71. **Deputy John W. Liebenstein Memorial Highway.** (a) That segment of Route No. 390, signed as Interstate Highway 35 on the effective date of this section and located in Rice County, is designated as "Deputy John W. Liebenstein Memorial Highway." Subject to section 161.139, the commissioner shall adopt a suitable marking design to mark this highway and shall erect the appropriate signs as provided in paragraph (b).
- (b) The commissioner of transportation shall erect suitable signs on marked Interstate Highway 35 as close as practicable to the following locations:
- (1) one sign on the southbound entrance ramp of the interchange with Rice County State-Aid Highway 1; and
- (2) one sign on the northbound entrance ramp of the interchange with Rice County State-Aid Highway 1.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 162.081, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Formula for distribution to towns; purposes.** (a) Money apportioned to a county from the town road account must be distributed to the treasurer of each town within the county, according to a distribution formula adopted by the county board. The formula must take into account each town's levy for road and bridge purposes, its population and town road mileage, and other factors the county board deems advisable in the interests of achieving equity among the towns. Distribution of town road funds to each town treasurer must be made by March 1, annually, or within 30 days after receipt of payment from the commissioner. Distribution of funds to town treasurers in a county which has not adopted a distribution formula under this subdivision must be made according to a formula prescribed by the commissioner by rule. A formula adopted by a county board or by the commissioner must provide that a town, in order to be eligible for distribution of funds from the town road account in a calendar year, must have levied for taxes payable in the previous year for road and bridge purposes at least 0.04835 percent of taxable market value. For purposes of this eligibility requirement, taxable market value means taxable market value for taxes payable two years prior to the aid distribution year.
 - (b) Money distributed to a town under this subdivision may be expended by the town only for

the construction, reconstruction, and gravel maintenance of town roads within the town.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.012, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Vehicles exempt from tax, fees, or plate display. (a) The following vehicles are exempt from the provisions of this chapter requiring payment of tax and registration fees, except as provided in subdivision 1c:

- (1) vehicles owned and used solely in the transaction of official business by the federal government, the state, or any political subdivision;
- (2) vehicles owned and used exclusively by educational institutions and used solely in the transportation of pupils to and from those institutions;
 - (3) vehicles used solely in driver education programs at nonpublic high schools;
- (4) vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used exclusively to transport disabled persons for charitable, religious, or educational purposes;
- (5) vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used exclusively for disaster response and related activities;
- (6) vehicles owned by ambulance services licensed under section 144E.10 that are equipped and specifically intended for emergency response or providing ambulance services; and
- (7) vehicles owned by a commercial driving school licensed under section 171.34, or an employee of a commercial driving school licensed under section 171.34, and the vehicle is used exclusively for driver education and training.
- (b) Provided the general appearance of the vehicle is unmistakable, the following vehicles are not required to register or display number plates:
 - (1) vehicles owned by the federal government;
- (2) fire apparatuses, including fire-suppression support vehicles, owned or leased by the state or a political subdivision;
 - (3) police patrols owned or leased by the state or a political subdivision; and
 - (4) ambulances owned or leased by the state or a political subdivision.
- (c) Unmarked vehicles used in general police work, liquor investigations, or arson investigations, and passenger automobiles, pickup trucks, and buses owned or operated by the Department of Corrections or by conservation officers of the Division of Enforcement and Field Service of the Department of Natural Resources, must be registered and must display appropriate license number plates, furnished by the registrar at cost. Original and renewal applications for these license plates authorized for use in general police work and for use by the Department of Corrections or by conservation officers must be accompanied by a certification signed by the appropriate of police if issued to a police vehicle, the appropriate sheriff if issued to a sheriff's vehicle, the commissioner of corrections if issued to a Department of Corrections vehicle, or the appropriate officer in charge if issued to a vehicle of any other law enforcement agency. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicle will be used exclusively

for a purpose authorized by this section.

- (d) Unmarked vehicles used by the Departments of Revenue and Labor and Industry, fraud unit, in conducting seizures or criminal investigations must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates, furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the commissioner of revenue or the commissioner of labor and industry. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the purposes authorized by this section.
- (e) Unmarked vehicles used by the Division of Disease Prevention and Control of the Department of Health must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the commissioner of health. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the official duties of the Division of Disease Prevention and Control.
- (f) Unmarked vehicles used by staff of the Gambling Control Board in gambling investigations and reviews must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the board chair. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the official duties of the Gambling Control Board.
- (g) Unmarked vehicles used in general investigation, surveillance, supervision, and monitoring by the staff of the Department of Human Services Office of Special Investigations and the executive director of the Minnesota sex offender program must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates, furnished by the registrar at cost. Original and renewal applications for passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the commissioner of human services. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles must be used exclusively for the official duties of the Office of Special Investigations and the executive director of the Minnesota sex offender program.
- (h) Each state hospital and institution for persons who are mentally ill and developmentally disabled may have one vehicle without the required identification on the sides of the vehicle. The vehicle must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the hospital administrator. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the official duties of the state hospital or institution.
- (i) Each county social service agency may have vehicles used for child and vulnerable adult protective services without the required identification on the sides of the vehicle. The vehicles must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates. These plates must be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the agency administrator. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the official duties of the social service agency.

(j) All other motor vehicles must be registered and display tax-exempt number plates, furnished by the registrar at cost, except as provided in subdivision 1c. All vehicles required to display tax-exempt number plates must have the name of the state department or political subdivision, nonpublic high school operating a driver education program, licensed commercial driving school, or other qualifying organization or entity, plainly displayed on both sides of the vehicle. This identification must be in a color giving contrast with that of the part of the vehicle on which it is placed and must endure throughout the term of the registration. The identification must not be on a removable plate or placard and must be kept clean and visible at all times; except that a removable plate or placard may be utilized on vehicles leased or loaned to a political subdivision or to a nonpublic high school driver education program.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.013, subdivision 1e, is amended to read:

Subd. 1e. **Truck; tractor; combination; exceptions.** (a) On trucks and tractors except those in this chapter defined as farm trucks, on truck-tractor and semitrailer combinations except those defined as farm combinations, and on commercial zone vehicles, the tax based on total gross weight shall be graduated according to the Minnesota base rate schedule prescribed in this subdivision, but in no event less than \$120.

Minnesota Base Rate Schedule Scheduled taxes include five percent surtax provided for in subdivision 14

TO	TAL GROSS WEI	GHT I	N POUNDS	TAX
A	0	-	1,500	\$ 15
В	1,501	-	3,000	20
C	3,001	-	4,500	25
D	4,501	-	6,000	35
E	6,001	-	10,000	45
F	10,001	-	12,000	70
G	12,001	-	15,000	105
Н	15,001	-	18,000	145
I	18,001	-	21,000	190
J	21,001	-	26,000	270
K	26,001	-	33,000	360
L	33,001	-	39,000	475
M	39,001	-	45,000	595
N	45,001	-	51,000	715
O	51,001	-	57,000	865
P	57,001	-	63,000	1015

116TH DAY]		MONI	MONDAY, MAY 7, 2012		7055
	Q	63,001	-	69,000	1185
	R	69,001	-	73,280	1325
	S	73,281	-	78,000	1595
	T	78,001	-	80,000	1760

- (b) For purposes of the Minnesota base rate schedule, for vehicles with six or more axles in the "S" and "T" categories, the base rates are \$1,520 and \$1,620 respectively.
- (c) For each vehicle with a gross weight in excess of 80,000 pounds an additional tax of \$50 is imposed for each ton or fraction thereof in excess of 80,000 pounds, subject to subdivision 12 or section 169.86, subdivision 5a, as applicable.
- (d) For purposes of registration identification, for vehicles registered in the "O" category, the owner must declare at the time of registration whether the vehicle will carry a weight of 55,000 pounds or more and therefore be subject to the federal heavy vehicle use tax. For those owners who declare a weight less than 55,000 pounds, a distinctive weight sticker must be issued and the owner is restricted to a gross vehicle weight of less than 55,000 pounds.
- (e) Truck-tractors except those herein defined as farm and commercial zone vehicles shall be taxed in accord with the foregoing gross weight tax schedule on the basis of the combined gross weight of the truck-tractor and any semitrailer or semitrailers which the applicant proposes to combine with the truck-tractor.
- (f) Commercial zone trucks include only trucks, truck-tractors, and semitrailer combinations which are operated by an interstate carrier registered under section 221.60, or by a carrier receiving operating authority under chapter 221, and operated solely within a zone exempt from regulation pursuant to United States Code, title 49, section 13506.
- (g) The license plates issued for commercial zone vehicles shall be plainly marked. A person operating a commercial zone vehicle outside the zone or area in which its operation is authorized is guilty of a misdemeanor and, in addition to the misdemeanor penalty, the registrar shall revoke the registration of the vehicle as a commercial zone vehicle and shall require that the vehicle be registered at 100 percent of the full annual tax prescribed in the Minnesota base rate schedule, and no part of this tax may be refunded during the balance of the registration year.
- (h) On commercial zone trucks the tax shall be based on the total gross weight of the vehicle and during each of the first eight years of vehicle life is 75 percent of the Minnesota base rate schedule. During the ninth and succeeding years of vehicle life the tax is 50 percent of the Minnesota base rate schedule.
- (i) On trucks, truck-tractors and semitrailer combinations, except those defined as farm trucks and farm combinations, and except for those commercial zone vehicles specifically provided for in this subdivision, the tax for each of the first eight years of vehicle life is 100 percent of the tax imposed in the Minnesota base rate schedule, and during the ninth and succeeding years of vehicle life, the tax is 75 percent of the Minnesota base rate prescribed by this subdivision.
- (j) For the purpose of registration, trailers coupled with a truck-tractor, semitrailer combination are semitrailers

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective October 1, 2012, and applies to all registrations that are effective on or after that date and special permits issued on or after that date.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.013, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Application; cancellation; excessive gross weight forbidden.** (a) The applicant for all licenses based on gross weight shall state the unloaded weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer and the maximum load the applicant proposes to carry on it, the sum of which constitutes the gross weight upon which the license tax must be paid. However, the declared gross weight upon which the tax is paid must not be less than 1-1/4 times the declared unloaded weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to be registered, except recreational vehicles taxed under subdivision 1g, school buses taxed under subdivision 18, and tow trucks or towing vehicles defined in section 169.011, subdivision 83. The gross weight of a tow truck or towing vehicle is the actual weight of the tow truck or towing vehicle fully equipped, but does not include the weight of a wrecked or disabled vehicle towed or drawn by the tow truck or towing vehicle.
- (b) Except as provided by special permit issued under section 169.86, the gross weight of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer must not exceed the gross weight upon which the license tax has been paid by more than four percent or 1,000 pounds, whichever is greater; provided that, a vehicle transporting unfinished forest products on a highway, other than a highway that is part of the system of interstate and defense highways, unless a federal exemption is granted, in accordance with paragraph (d)(3):
- (1) shall not exceed its gross vehicle weight upon which the license tax has been paid, or gross axle weight on any axle, by more than five percent and, notwithstanding other law to the contrary, is not subject to any fee, fine, or other assessment or penalty for exceeding a gross vehicle or axle weight by up to five percent; and
- (2) between the dates set by the commissioner in accordance with section 169.826, subdivision 1, is not subject to any provision of paragraph (d) or chapter 169 limiting the gross axle weight of any individual axle unless the entire vehicle also exceeds its gross vehicle weight plus its weight allowance allowed in clause (1) and plus any weight allowance permitted under section 169.826, in which case the vehicle is subject to all applicable penalties for excess weight violations.
- (c) The gross weight of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for which the license tax is paid must be indicated by a distinctive character on the license plate or plates except as provided in subdivision 12 or section 169.86, subdivision 5a, as applicable, and the plate or plates must be kept clean and clearly visible at all times.
- (d) The owner, driver, or user of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer, upon conviction for transporting a gross weight in excess of the gross weight for which it was registered or for operating a vehicle with an axle weight exceeding the maximum lawful axle load weight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to increased registration or reregistration according to the following schedule:
- (1) Upon conviction for transporting a gross weight in excess of the gross weight for which a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is registered by more than the allowance set forth in paragraph (b) but less than 25 percent, or for operating or using a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer with an axle weight exceeding the maximum lawful axle load as provided in sections 169.822 to 169.829 by more than the allowance set forth in paragraph (b) but less than 25 percent, the owner, driver,

or user of the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer used to commit the violation, in addition to any penalty imposed for the misdemeanor, shall apply to the registrar to increase the authorized gross weight to be carried on the vehicle to a weight equal to or greater than the gross weight the owner, driver, or user was convicted of carrying. The increase is computed for the balance of the calendar year on the basis of 1/12 of the annual tax for each month remaining in the calendar year beginning with the first day of the month in which the violation occurred. If the additional registration tax computed upon that weight, plus the tax already paid, amounts to more than the regular tax for the maximum gross weight permitted for the vehicle under sections 169.822 to 169.829, that additional amount must nevertheless be paid into the highway fund, but the additional tax thus paid does not authorize or permit any person to operate the vehicle with a gross weight in excess of the maximum legal weight as provided by sections 169.822 to 169.829. Unless the owner within 30 days after a conviction applies to increase the authorized weight and pays the additional tax as provided in this section, the registrar shall revoke the registration on the vehicle and demand the return of the registration card and plates issued on that registration.

- (2) Upon conviction of an owner, driver, or user of a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer for transporting a gross weight in excess of the gross weight for which the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer was registered by 25 percent or more or for operating or using the vehicle or trailer with an axle weight exceeding the maximum lawful axle load as provided in sections 169.822 to 169.829 by 25 percent or more, and in addition to any penalty imposed for the misdemeanor, the registrar shall either (i) cancel the reciprocity privileges on the vehicle involved if the vehicle is being operated under reciprocity or (ii) if the vehicle is not being operated under reciprocity, cancel the certificate of registration on the vehicle operated and demand the return of the registration certificate and registration plates. The registrar may not cancel the registration or reciprocity privileges for any vehicle found in violation of seasonal load restrictions imposed under section 169.87 unless the axle weight exceeds the year-round weight limit for the highway on which the violation occurred. The registrar may investigate any allegation of gross weight violations and demand that the operator show cause why all future operating privileges in the state should not be revoked unless the additional tax assessed is paid.
- (3) Clause (1) does not apply to the first haul of unprocessed or raw farm products or unfinished forest products, when the registered gross weight is not exceeded by more than ten percent. For purposes of this clause, "first haul" means (i) the first, continuous transportation of unprocessed or raw farm products from the place of production or on-farm storage site to any other location within 50 100 miles of the place of production or on-farm storage site, or (ii) the continuous or noncontinuous transportation of unfinished forest products from the place of production to the place of final processing or manufacture located within 200 miles of the place of production.
- (4) When the registration on a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer is revoked by the registrar according to this section, the vehicle must not be operated on the highways of the state until it is registered or reregistered, as the case may be, and new plates issued, and the registration fee is the annual tax for the total gross weight of the vehicle at the time of violation. The reregistration pursuant to this subdivision of any vehicle operating under reciprocity agreements pursuant to section 168.181 or 168.187 must be at the full annual registration fee without regard to the percentage of vehicle miles traveled in this state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective October 1, 2012, and applies to all registrations that are effective on or after that date and special permits issued on or after that date.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168.013, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. Additional tax for excessive gross weight. (a) Whenever an owner has registered a vehicle and paid the tax as provided in subdivisions 1 to 1g, on the basis of a selected gross weight of the vehicle and thereafter such owner desires to operate such vehicle with a greater gross weight than that for which the tax has been paid, such owner shall be permitted to reregister such vehicle by paying the additional tax due thereon for the remainder of the calendar year for which such vehicle has been reregistered, the additional tax computed pro rata by the month, 1/12 of the annual tax due for each month of the year remaining in the calendar year, beginning with the first day of the month in which such owner desires to operate the vehicle with the greater weight. In computing the additional tax as aforesaid, the owner shall be given credit for the unused portion of the tax previously paid computed pro rata by the month, 1/12 of the annual tax paid for each month of the year remaining in the calendar year beginning with the first day of the month in which such owner desires to operate the vehicle with the greater weight. An owner will be permitted one reduction of gross weight or change of registration per year, which will result in a refund. This refund will be prorated monthly beginning with the first day of the month after such owner applies to amend the registration. The application for amendment shall be accompanied by a fee of \$3, and all fees shall be deposited in the highway user tax distribution fund. Provided, however, the owner of a vehicle may reregister the vehicle for a weight of more than 81,000 pounds for one or more 30-day periods. For each 30-day period, the additional tax shall be equal to 1/12 of the difference between the annual tax for the weight at which the vehicle is registered and reregistered. When a vehicle is reregistered in accordance with this provision, a distinctive windshield sticker provided by the commissioner of public safety shall be permanently displayed.
- (b) This subdivision does not apply to the owner of a vehicle who pays the additional tax for excessive gross weight under section 169.86, subdivision 5a, when buying a permit to operate with the greater gross weight.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective with the registration period beginning October 1, 2012, and applies to all registrations that are effective on or after that date and special permits issued on or after that date.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 168B.011, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Public impound lot.** "Public impound lot" means an impound lot owned by or contracting with exclusively contracted solely for public use by a unit of government under section 168B.09.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Working on highway.** (a) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to persons, motor vehicles, and other equipment while actually engaged in work upon the highway, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c).
- (b) This chapter shall apply to those persons and vehicles when traveling to or from such work, except that persons operating equipment owned, rented or hired by road authorities shall be exempt from the width, height and length provisions of sections 169.80 and 169.81 and shall be exempt from the weight limitations of this chapter while performing the following actions on behalf of the state or a local governmental unit:

- (1) while loading, readying, or moving the vehicles or equipment in preparation for combating anticipated slippery road conditions or removing snow or ice;
- (2) while <u>actually</u> engaged in snow or ice removal and or combating slippery road conditions, including but not limited to pretreatment and anti-icing activities; or
 - (3) while engaged in flood control operations on behalf of the state or a local governmental unit.
- (c) Chapter 169A and section 169.444 apply to persons while actually engaged in work upon the highway.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.035, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. **Trains.** (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "railroad operator" means a person who is a locomotive engineer, conductor, member of the crew of a railroad locomotive or train, or an operator of on-track equipment.
- (b) A peace officer may not issue a citation for violation of this chapter or chapter 171 to a railroad operator involving the operation of a railroad locomotive or train, or on-track equipment while being operated upon rails.
- (c) Notwithstanding section 171.08, a railroad operator is not required to display or furnish a driver's license to a peace officer in connection with the operation of a railroad locomotive or train, or on-track equipment while being operated upon rails.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Traffic-control signal.** (a) Whenever traffic is controlled by traffic-control signals exhibiting different colored lights, or colored lighted arrows, successively one at a time or in combination, only the colors Green, Red, and Yellow shall be used, except for special pedestrian signals carrying a word or legend. The traffic-control signal lights or colored lighted arrows indicate and apply to drivers of vehicles and pedestrians as follows:
 - (1) Green indication:
- (i) Vehicular traffic facing a circular green signal may proceed straight through or turn right or left unless a sign at such place prohibits either turn. But vehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left, shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or adjacent crosswalk at the time this signal is exhibited. Vehicular traffic turning left or making a U-turn to the left shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles approaching from the opposite direction so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard.
- (ii) Vehicular traffic facing a green arrow signal, shown alone or in combination with another indication, may cautiously enter the intersection only to make the movement indicated by the arrow, or other movement as permitted by other indications shown at the same time. Such Vehicular traffic shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians lawfully within an adjacent crosswalk and to other traffic lawfully using the intersection.
- (iii) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal as provided in subdivision 6, pedestrians facing any green signal, except when the sole green signal is a turn arrow, may proceed

across the roadway within any marked or unmarked crosswalk. Every driver of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to such pedestrian, except that the pedestrian shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles lawfully within the intersection at the time that the green signal indication is first shown.

- (2) Steady yellow indication:
- (i) Vehicular traffic facing a steady circular yellow or yellow arrow signal is thereby warned that the related green movement is being terminated or that a red indication will be exhibited immediately thereafter when vehicular traffic must not enter the intersection, except for the continued movement allowed by any green arrow indication simultaneously exhibited.
- (ii) Pedestrians facing a circular yellow signal, unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal as provided in subdivision 6, are thereby advised that there is insufficient time to cross the roadway before a red indication is shown and no pedestrian shall then start to cross the roadway.
 - (3) Steady red indication:
- (i) Vehicular traffic facing a circular red signal alone must stop at a clearly marked stop line but, if none, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection or, if none, then before entering the intersection and shall remain standing until a green indication is shown, except as follows: (A) the driver of a vehicle stopped as close as practicable at the entrance to the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection or, if none, then at the entrance to the intersection in obedience to a red or stop signal, and with the intention of making a right turn may make the right turn, after stopping, unless an official sign has been erected prohibiting such movement, but shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and other traffic lawfully proceeding as directed by the signal at that intersection; or (B) the driver of a vehicle on a one-way street intersecting another one-way street on which traffic moves to the left shall stop in obedience to a red or stop signal and may then make a left turn into the one-way street, unless an official sign has been erected prohibiting the movement, but shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and other traffic lawfully proceeding as directed by the signal at that intersection.
- (ii) Unless otherwise directed by a pedestrian-control signal as provided in subdivision 6, pedestrians facing a steady red signal alone shall not enter the roadway.
- (iii) Vehicular traffic facing a steady red arrow signal, with the intention of making a movement indicated by the arrow, must stop at a clearly marked stop line but, if none, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection or, if none, then before entering the intersection and must remain standing until a permissive signal indication permitting the movement indicated by the red arrow is displayed, except as follows: when an official sign has been erected permitting a turn on a red arrow signal, the vehicular traffic facing a red arrow signal indication is permitted to enter the intersection to turn right, or to turn left from a one-way street into a one-way street on which traffic moves to the left, after stopping, but must yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and other traffic lawfully proceeding as directed by the signal at that intersection.
- (b) In the event an official traffic-control signal is erected and maintained at a place other than an intersection, the provisions of this section are applicable except those which can have no application. Any stop required must be made at a sign or marking on the pavement indicating where the stop must be made, but in the absence of any such sign or marking the stop must be made at the signal.
 - (c) When a traffic-control signal indication or indications placed to control a certain movement

or lane are so identified by placing a sign near the indication or indications, no other traffic-control signal indication or indications within the intersection controls vehicular traffic for that movement or lane.

- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.06, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Flashing signal.** When flashing red or yellow signals are used they shall require obedience by vehicular traffic as follows:
- (a) When a circular red lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or if none, then at the point nearest the intersecting roadway where the driver has a view of approaching traffic on the intersecting roadway before entering the intersection, and the right to proceed shall be subject to the rules applicable after making a stop at a stop sign.
- (b) When a red arrow lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes drivers of vehicles with the intention of making a movement indicated by the arrow shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or if none, then at the point nearest the intersecting roadway where the driver has a view of approaching traffic on the intersecting roadway before entering the intersection, and the right to proceed shall be subject to the rules applicable after making a stop at a stop sign.
- (c) When a circular yellow lens is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles may proceed through the intersection or past the signals only with caution. Vehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left, shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or adjacent crosswalk at the time this signal is exhibited. Vehicular traffic turning left or making a U-turn to the left shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles approaching from the opposite direction so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard.
- (d) When a yellow arrow indication is illuminated with rapid intermittent flashes, drivers of vehicles with the intention of making a movement indicated by the arrow may proceed through the intersection or past the signals only with caution—, but shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or adjacent crosswalk at the time this signal is exhibited. Vehicular traffic turning left or making a U-turn to the left shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles approaching from the opposite direction so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.19, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Signal to turn.** A signal of intention to turn right or left shall be given continuously during not less than the last 100 feet traveled by the vehicle before turning. A person whose vehicle is exiting a roundabout is exempt from this subdivision.
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.222, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Riding on roadway or shoulder rules.** (a) Every person operating a bicycle upon a roadway shall ride as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway except under any of the following situations:
 - (1) when overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction;

- (2) when preparing for a left turn at an intersection or into a private road or driveway;
- (3) when reasonably necessary to avoid conditions, including fixed or moving objects, vehicles, pedestrians, animals, surface hazards, or narrow width lanes, that make it unsafe to continue along the right-hand curb or edge.
- (b) If a bicycle is traveling on a shoulder of a roadway, the bicycle shall travel in the same direction as adjacent vehicular traffic.
- (c) Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway or shoulder shall not ride more than two abreast and shall not impede the normal and reasonable movement of traffic and, on a laned roadway, shall ride within a single lane.
- (d) A person operating a bicycle upon a sidewalk, or across a roadway or shoulder on a crosswalk, shall yield the right-of-way to any pedestrian and shall give an audible signal when necessary before overtaking and passing any pedestrian. No person shall ride a bicycle upon a sidewalk within a business district unless permitted by local authorities. Local authorities may prohibit the operation of bicycles on any sidewalk or crosswalk under their jurisdiction.
- (e) An individual operating a bicycle or other vehicle on a bikeway shall leave a safe distance when overtaking a bicycle or individual proceeding in the same direction on the bikeway, and shall maintain clearance until safely past the overtaken bicycle or individual.
- (f) A person lawfully operating a bicycle on a sidewalk, or across a roadway or shoulder on a crosswalk, shall have all the rights and duties applicable to a pedestrian under the same circumstances.
- (g) A person may operate an electric-assisted bicycle on the shoulder of a roadway, on a bikeway, or on a bicycle trail if not otherwise prohibited under section 85.015, subdivision 1d; 85.018, subdivision 2, paragraph (d); or 160.263, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), as applicable.
 - Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.306, is amended to read:

169.306 USE OF SHOULDERS BY BUSES.

- (a) The commissioner of transportation A road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 25, is authorized to permit the use by transit buses and Metro Mobility buses use of a shoulder, as designated by the commissioner road authority, of a freeway or expressway, as defined in section 160.02, in Minnesota.
- (b) If the commissioner a road authority permits the use of a freeway or expressway shoulder by transit buses, the commissioner road authority shall permit the use on that shoulder of a bus (1) with a seating capacity of 40 passengers or more operated by a motor carrier of passengers, as defined in section 221.012, subdivision 26, while operating in intrastate commerce or (2) providing regular route transit service, as defined in section 174.22, subdivision 8, or Metro Mobility services, and operated by or under contract with the Metropolitan Council, a local transit authority, or a transit authority created by the legislature. Drivers of these buses must have adequate training in the requirements of paragraph (c), as determined by the commissioner.
- (c) Buses authorized to use the shoulder under this section may be operated on the shoulder only when main-line traffic speeds are less than 35 miles per hour, except as provided for in paragraph

- (f). Drivers of buses being operated on the shoulder may not exceed the speed of main-line traffic by more than 15 miles per hour and may never exceed 35 miles per hour, except as provided for in paragraph (f). Drivers of buses being operated on the shoulder must yield to merging, entering, and exiting traffic and must yield to other vehicles on the shoulder. Buses operated on the shoulder must be registered with the Department of Transportation.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, the term "Metro Mobility bus" means a motor vehicle of not less than 20 feet in length engaged in providing special transportation services under section 473.386 that is:
- (1) operated by or under contract with a public or private entity receiving financial assistance to provide transit services from the Metropolitan Council or the commissioner of transportation; and
 - (2) authorized by the commissioner a road authority to use freeway or expressway shoulders.
 - (e) This section does not apply to the operation of buses on dynamic shoulder lanes.
- (f) The commissioner may authorize different operating conditions and maximum speeds, not to exceed the posted speed limit, based upon an engineering study and recommendation by the road authority. The engineering study must be conducted by the road authority and must conform with the manual and specifications adopted under section 169.06, subdivision 1, and applicable state and federal standards. The road authority shall consult the public transit operator before recommending operating conditions different from those authorized by law.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.64, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Colored light.** (a) Unless otherwise authorized by the commissioner of public safety, no vehicle shall be equipped, nor shall any person drive or move any vehicle or equipment upon any highway with any lamp or device displaying a red light or any colored light other than those required or permitted in this chapter.
- (b) A vehicle manufactured for use as an emergency vehicle may display and use colored lights that are not otherwise required or permitted in this chapter, provided that the vehicle is owned and operated according to section 168.10, is owned and operated solely as a collector's item and not for general transportation purposes, and is registered under section 168.10, subdivision 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1g, or 1h. A person may not activate the colored lights authorized under this paragraph on streets or highways except as part of a parade or other special event.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.685, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. Exceptions. (a) This section does not apply to:
- (1) a person transporting a child in an emergency medical vehicle while in the performance of official duties and when the physical or medical needs of the child make the use of a child passenger restraint system unreasonable or when a child passenger restraint system is not available;
- (2) a peace officer transporting a child while in the performance of official duties and when a child passenger restraint system is not available, provided that a seat belt must be substituted;
 - (3) a person while operating a motor vehicle for hire, including a taxi, airport limousine, and

bus, but excluding a rented, leased, or borrowed motor vehicle; and

- (4) a person while operating a school bus; and that has a gross vehicle weight rating of greater than 10,000 pounds.
- (5) a person while operating a type III vehicle described in section 169.011, subdivision 71, paragraph (h), if the vehicle meets the seating and erash protection requirements of Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 222, Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 571.
- (b) A child passenger restraint system is not required for a child who cannot, in the judgment of a licensed physician, be safely transported in a child passenger restraint system because of a medical condition, body size, or physical disability. A motor vehicle operator claiming exemption for a child under this paragraph must possess a typewritten statement from the physician stating that the child cannot be safely transported in a child passenger restraint system. The statement must give the name and birth date of the child, be dated within the previous six months, and be made on the physician's letterhead or contain the physician's name, address, and telephone number. A person charged with violating subdivision 5 may not be convicted if the person produces the physician's statement in court or in the office of the arresting officer.
- (c) A person offering a motor vehicle for rent or lease shall provide a child passenger restraint device to a customer renting or leasing the motor vehicle who requests the device. A reasonable rent or fee may be charged for use of the child passenger restraint device.
 - Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.685, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Appropriation; special account; legislative report.** The Minnesota child passenger restraint and education account is created in the state treasury, consisting of fines collected under subdivision 5 and other money appropriated or donated. The money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of public safety, to be used to provide child passenger restraint systems to families in financial need and, school districts and child care providers that provide for the transportation of pupils to and from school using type III vehicles or school buses with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less, and to provide an educational program on the need for and proper use of child passenger restraint systems. The commissioner shall report to the legislature by February 1 of each odd-numbered year on the commissioner's activities and expenditure of funds under this section.
 - Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.85, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Unloading.** (a) Upon weighing a vehicle and load, as provided in this section, an officer may require the driver to stop the vehicle in a suitable place and remain standing until a portion of the load is removed that is sufficient to reduce the gross weight of the vehicle to the limit permitted under either section 168.013, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), or sections 169.823 to 169.829, whichever is the lesser violation, if any. A suitable place is a location where loading or tampering with the load is not prohibited by federal, state, or local law, rule, or ordinance.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a driver may be required to unload a vehicle only if the weighing officer determines that (1) on routes subject to the provisions of sections 169.823 to 169.829, the weight on an axle exceeds the lawful gross weight prescribed by sections 169.823 to 169.829, by 2,000 pounds or more, or the weight on a group of two or more consecutive axles in cases where the distance between the centers of the first and last axles of the group under consideration is

ten feet or less exceeds the lawful gross weight prescribed by sections 169.823 to 169.829, by 4,000 pounds or more; or (2) the weight is unlawful on an axle or group of consecutive axles on a road restricted in accordance with section 169.87. Material unloaded must be cared for by the owner or driver of the vehicle at the risk of the owner or driver.

- (c) If The driver is not required to unload under paragraph (b) when the gross weight of the vehicle does not exceed:
- (1) the sum of the vehicle's registered gross weight plus, the weight allowance set forth in section 168.013, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), and plus, if applicable, the weight allowance permitted under section 169.826, then the driver is not required to unload under paragraph (b); or
- (2) the weight allowed by special permit issued under section 169.86 for a vehicle that is operated in conformity with the limitations and conditions of the permit.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective October 1, 2012, and applies to all registrations that are effective on or after that date and special permits issued on or after that date.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- Subdivision 1. **Permit authorities; restrictions.** (a) The commissioner, with respect to highways under the commissioner's jurisdiction, and local authorities, with respect to highways under their jurisdiction, may, in their discretion, upon application in writing and good cause being shown therefor, issue a special permit, in writing, authorizing the applicant to move a vehicle or combination of vehicles of a size or weight of vehicle or load exceeding the maximum specified in this chapter, exceeding the gross weight for which the vehicle is registered under chapter 168, or otherwise not in conformity with the provisions of this chapter, upon any highway under the jurisdiction of the party granting such permit and for the maintenance of which such party is responsible.
- (b) Permits relating to over-width, over-length manufactured homes shall not be issued to persons other than manufactured home dealers or manufacturers for movement of new units owned by the manufactured home dealer or manufacturer, until the person has presented a statement from the county auditor and treasurer where the unit is presently located, stating that all personal and real property taxes have been paid. Upon payment of the most recent single year delinquent personal property or current year taxes only, the county auditor or treasurer must issue a taxes paid statement to a manufactured home dealer or a financial institution desiring to relocate a manufactured home that has been repossessed. This statement must be dated within 30 days of the contemplated move. The statement from the county auditor and treasurer where the unit is presently located, stating that all personal and real property taxes have been paid, may be made by telephone. If the statement is obtained by telephone, the permit shall contain the date and time of the telephone call and the names of the persons in the auditor's office and treasurer's office who verified that all personal and real property taxes had been paid.
- (c) The commissioner may not grant a permit authorizing the movement, in a three-vehicle combination, of a semitrailer or trailer that exceeds 28-1/2 feet, except that the commissioner (1) may renew a permit that was granted before April 16, 1984, for the movement of a semitrailer or trailer that exceeds the length limitation in section 169.81, subdivision 2, or (2) may grant a permit authorizing the transportation of empty trailers that exceed 28-1/2 feet when using a B-train hitching mechanism as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 23, section 658.5, paragraph (o), from

a point of manufacture in the state to the state border.

(d) The state as to state trunk highways, a statutory or home rule charter city as to streets in the city, or a town as to roads in the town, may issue permits authorizing the transportation of combinations of vehicles exceeding the limitations in section 169.81, subdivisions 2a and 3, over highways, streets, or roads within its boundaries. Combinations of vehicles authorized by this paragraph may be restricted as to the use of state trunk highways by the commissioner, to the use of streets by the city road authority, and to the use of roads by the town road authority. Nothing in this paragraph or section 169.81, subdivisions 2a and 3, alters or changes the authority vested in local authorities under section 169.04.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective October 1, 2012, and applies to all registrations that are effective on or after that date and special permits issued on or after that date.

- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.86, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Display and inspection of permit.** Every such A permit shall must be carried in the vehicle or combination of vehicles to which it refers and shall must be open to inspection by any police peace officer or authorized agent of any authority granting such the permit, and A permit may be carried in electronic format if it is easily read. No person shall violate any of the terms or conditions of such a special permit.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 169.86, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Fees; proceeds deposited; appropriation.** The commissioner, with respect to highways under the commissioner's jurisdiction, may charge a fee for each permit issued. All such fees for permits issued by the commissioner of transportation shall must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trunk highway fund. Except for those annual permits for which the permit fees are specified elsewhere in this chapter, the fees shall be are:
 - (a) \$15 for each single trip permit.
- (b) \$36 for each job permit. A job permit may be issued for like loads carried on a specific route for a period not to exceed two months. "Like loads" means loads of the same product, weight, and dimension.
- (c) \$60 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:
- (1) motor vehicles used to alleviate a temporary crisis adversely affecting the safety or well-being of the public;
- (2) motor vehicles which that travel on interstate highways and carry loads authorized under subdivision 1a;
- (3) motor vehicles operating with gross weights authorized under section 169.826, subdivision 1a;
 - (4) special pulpwood vehicles described in section 169.863;
 - (5) motor vehicles bearing snowplow blades not exceeding ten feet in width;

- (6) noncommercial transportation of a boat by the owner or user of the boat;
- (7) motor vehicles carrying bales of agricultural products authorized under section 169.862; and
- (8) special milk-hauling vehicles authorized under section 169.867.
- (d) \$120 for an oversize annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:
 - (1) mobile cranes;
 - (2) construction equipment, machinery, and supplies;
 - (3) manufactured homes and manufactured storage buildings;
 - (4) implements of husbandry;
 - (5) double-deck buses;
- (6) commercial boat hauling and transporting waterfront structures, including, but not limited to, portable boat docks and boat lifts;
- (7) three-vehicle combinations consisting of two empty, newly manufactured trailers for cargo, horses, or livestock, not to exceed 28-1/2 feet per trailer; provided, however, the permit allows the vehicles to be moved from a trailer manufacturer to a trailer dealer only while operating on twin-trailer routes designated under section 169.81, subdivision 3, paragraph (c); and
- (8) vehicles operating on that portion of marked Trunk Highway 36 described in section 169.81, subdivision 3, paragraph (e).
- (e) For vehicles which that have axle weights exceeding the weight limitations of sections 169.823 to 169.829, an additional cost added to the fees listed above. However, this paragraph applies to any vehicle described in section 168.013, subdivision 3, paragraph (b), but only when the vehicle exceeds its gross weight allowance set forth in that paragraph, and then the additional cost is for all weight, including the allowance weight, in excess of the permitted maximum axle weight. The additional cost is equal to the product of the distance traveled times the sum of the overweight axle group cost factors shown in the following chart:

Overweight Axle Group Cost Factors

Weight (pounds)	C	Cost Per Mile For Each Group Of:		
exceeding weight limitations on axles	Two consecutive axles spaced within 8 feet or less	Three consecutive axles spaced within 9 feet or less	Four consecutive axles spaced within 14 feet or less	
0-2,000	.12	.05	.04	
2,001-4,000	.14	.06	.05	
4,001-6,000	.18	.07	.06	
6,001-8,000	.21	.09	.07	

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	8,001-10,000	.26	.10	.08	
	10,001-12,000	.30	.12	.09	
	12,001-14,000	Not permitted	.14	.11	
	14,001-16,000	Not permitted	.17	.12	
	16,001-18,000	Not permitted	.19	.15	
	18,001-20,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.16	

The amounts added are rounded to the nearest cent for each axle or axle group. The additional cost does not apply to paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (3).

Not permitted

.20

Not permitted

20,001-22,000

For a vehicle found to exceed the appropriate maximum permitted weight, a cost-per-mile fee of 22 cents per ton, or fraction of a ton, over the permitted maximum weight is imposed in addition to the normal permit fee. Miles must be calculated based on the distance already traveled in the state plus the distance from the point of detection to a transportation loading site or unloading site within the state or to the point of exit from the state.

(f) As an alternative to paragraph (e), an annual permit may be issued for overweight, or oversize and overweight, mobile cranes; construction equipment, machinery, and supplies; implements of husbandry; and commercial boat hauling. The fees for the permit are as follows:

Gross Weight (pounds) of Vehicle	Annual Permit Fee
90,000 or less	\$200
90,001 - 100,000	\$300
100,001 - 110,000	\$400
110,001 - 120,000	\$500
120,001 - 130,000	\$600
130,001 - 140,000	\$700
140,001 - 145,000	\$800
145,001 - 155,000	\$900

If the gross weight of the vehicle is more than $\frac{145,000}{155,000}$ pounds the permit fee is determined under paragraph (e).

- (g) For vehicles which exceed the width limitations set forth in section 169.80 by more than 72 inches, an additional cost equal to \$120 added to the amount in paragraph (a) when the permit is issued while seasonal load restrictions pursuant to section 169.87 are in effect.
- (h) \$85 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months, for refuse-compactor vehicles that carry a gross weight of not more than: 22,000 pounds on a single rear axle; 38,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle; or, subject to section 169.828, subdivision 2, 46,000 pounds on a tridem rear axle. A permit issued for up to 46,000 pounds on a tridem rear axle must limit the gross vehicle weight to not more than 62,000 pounds.

- (i) \$300 for a motor vehicle described in section 169.8261. The fee under this paragraph must be deposited as follows:
 - (1) in fiscal years 2005 through 2010:
- (i) the first \$50,000 in each fiscal year must be deposited in the trunk highway fund for costs related to administering the permit program and inspecting and posting bridges;
- (ii) all remaining money in each fiscal year must be deposited in a bridge inspection and signing account in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner for:
- (A) inspection of local bridges and identification of local bridges to be posted, including contracting with a consultant for some or all of these functions; and
 - (B) erection of weight-posting signs on local bridges; and
 - (2) in fiscal year 2011 and subsequent years must be deposited in the trunk highway fund.
- (j) Beginning August 1, 2006, \$200 for an annual permit for a vehicle operating under authority of section 169.824, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clause (2).
 - Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.86, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. Additional tax for excessive gross weight. When a special permit is issued under this chapter, the commissioner shall collect in addition to the permit fee an additional tax for excessive gross weight, if the weight allowed under the permit is greater than the gross weight for which the vehicle is registered under section 168.013. The tax shall be calculated as the difference between the registration tax paid under section 168.013, subdivision 1e, and the additional tax that would be due under section 168.013, subdivision 1e, at the gross weight allowed under the permit, prorated by the number of days for which the permit is effective. Proceeds of the surcharge must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the highway user tax distribution fund.
- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective with the registration period beginning October 1, 2012, and applies to all registrations that are effective on or after that date and special permits issued on or after that date.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169.99, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1b. **Speed.** (a) For a citation issued before August 1, 2014, the uniform traffic ticket must provide a blank or space wherein an officer who issues a citation for a violation of a speed limit of 55 or 60 miles per hour must specify whether the speed was greater than ten miles per hour in excess of the speed limit.
- (b) For a citation issued on or after August 1, 2014, the uniform traffic ticket must provide a blank or space wherein an officer who issues a citation for a violation of a speed limit of 55 or 60 miles per hour must specify whether the speed was greater than ten miles per hour in excess of a 55 miles per hour speed limit, or more than five miles per hour in excess of a 60 miles per hour speed limit.
 - Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169A.54, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
 - Subdivision 1. **Revocation periods for DWI convictions.** Except as provided in subdivision 7,

the commissioner shall revoke the driver's license of a person convicted of violating section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) or an ordinance in conformity with it, as follows:

- (1) <u>not less than 30 days</u> for an offense under section 169A.20, subdivision 1 (driving while impaired crime), not less than 30 days;
- (2) <u>not less than 90 days</u> for an offense under section 169A.20, subdivision 2 (refusal to submit to chemical test crime), not less than 90 days;
 - (3) not less than one year for:
 - (i) an offense occurring within ten years of a qualified prior impaired driving incident, or;
- (ii) an offense occurring after two qualified prior impaired driving incidents, not less than one year; or if
- (iii) an offense occurring when a person has an alcohol concentration of twice the legal limit or more as measured at the time or within two hours of the time of the offense and the person has no qualified prior impaired driving incident within ten years;
- (4) not less than two years for an offense occurring under clause (3), item (i) or (ii), and where the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of twice the legal limit or more, not less than two years and until the court has certified that treatment or rehabilitation has been successfully completed where prescribed in accordance with section 169A.70 (chemical use assessments);
- (4) (5) not less than three years for an offense occurring within ten years of the first of two qualified prior impaired driving incidents or occurring after three qualified prior impaired driving incidents, not less than three years, together and with denial under section 171.04, subdivision 1, clause (10), until rehabilitation is established according to standards established by the commissioner; and
- (5) (6) not less than four years for an offense occurring within ten years of the first of three qualified prior impaired driving incidents, not less than four years, together and with denial under section 171.04, subdivision 1, clause (10), until rehabilitation is established according to standards established by the commissioner; or
- (6) (7) not less than six years for an offense occurring after four or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents, not less than six years, together and with denial under section 171.04, subdivision 1, clause (10), until rehabilitation is established according to standards established by the commissioner.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169A.54, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Applicability of implied consent revocation.** (a) Any person whose license has been revoked pursuant to section 169A.52 (license revocation for test failure or refusal) as the result of the same incident, and who does not have a qualified prior impaired driving incident, is subject to the mandatory revocation provisions of subdivision 1, clause (1) or (2), in lieu of the mandatory revocation provisions of section 169A.52.
 - (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to:

- (1) a person whose license has been revoked under subdivision 2 (driving while impaired by person under age 21); or
- (2) a person whose driver's license has been revoked for, or who is charged with, (i) an alcohol concentration of twice the legal limit or more as measured at the time or within two hours of the time of the offense; or (ii) a violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) with an aggravating factor described in section 169A.03, subdivision 3, clause (2) or (3).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 171.03, is amended to read:

171.03 PERSONS EXEMPT.

The following persons are exempt from license hereunder:

- (a) A person in the employ or service of the United States federal government is exempt while driving or operating a motor vehicle owned by or leased to the United States federal government.
- (b) A person in the employ or service of the United States federal government is exempt from the requirement to possess a valid class A, class B, or class C commercial driver's license while driving or operating for military purposes a commercial motor vehicle for the United States federal government if the person is:
 - (1) on active duty in the U. S. Coast Guard;
- (2) on active duty in a branch of the U. S. armed forces, which includes the Army, Air Force, Navy, and Marine Corps;
 - (3) a member of a reserve component of the U. S. armed forces; or
- (4) on active duty in the Army National Guard or Air National Guard, which includes (i) a member on full-time National Guard duty, (ii) a member undergoing part-time National Guard training, and (iii) a National Guard military technician, who is a civilian required to wear a military uniform.

The exemption provided under this paragraph does not apply to a U. S. armed forces reserve technician.

- (c) Any person while driving or operating any farm tractor or implement of husbandry temporarily on a highway is exempt. For purposes of this section, an all-terrain vehicle, as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8, an off-highway motorcycle, as defined in section 84.787, subdivision 7, and an off-road vehicle, as defined in section 84.797, subdivision 7, are not implements of husbandry.
- (d) A nonresident who is at least 15 years of age and who has in immediate possession a valid driver's license issued to the nonresident in the home state or country may operate a motor vehicle in this state only as a driver.
- (e) A nonresident who has in immediate possession a valid commercial driver's license issued by a state or jurisdiction in accordance with the standards of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 383, and who is operating in Minnesota the class of commercial motor vehicle authorized by

the issuing state or jurisdiction is exempt.

- (f) Any nonresident who is at least 18 years of age, whose home state or country does not require the licensing of drivers may operate a motor vehicle as a driver, but only for a period of not more than 90 days in any calendar year, if the motor vehicle so operated is duly registered for the current calendar year in the home state or country of the nonresident.
- (g) Any person who becomes a resident of the state of Minnesota and who has in possession a valid driver's license issued to the person under and pursuant to the laws of some other state or jurisdiction or by military authorities of the United States may operate a motor vehicle as a driver, but only for a period of not more than 60 days after becoming a resident of this state, without being required to have a Minnesota driver's license as provided in this chapter.
- (h) Any person who becomes a resident of the state of Minnesota and who has in possession a valid commercial driver's license issued by another state or jurisdiction in accordance with the standards of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 383, is exempt for not more than 30 days after becoming a resident of this state.
 - (i) Any person operating a snowmobile, as defined in section 84.81, is exempt.
- (j) A railroad operator, as defined in section 169.035, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), is exempt while operating a railroad locomotive or train, or on-track equipment while being operated upon rails. This exemption includes operation while crossing a street or highway, whether public or private.
 - Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 171.061, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Fee; equipment.** (a) The agent may charge and retain a filing fee of \$5 for each application. Except as provided in paragraph $\frac{b}{c}$, the fee shall cover all expenses involved in receiving, accepting, or forwarding to the department the applications and fees required under sections 171.02, subdivision 3; 171.06, subdivisions 2 and 2a; and 171.07, subdivisions 3 and 3a.
- (b) The statutory fees and the filing fees imposed under paragraph (a) may be paid by credit card or debit card. The driver's license agent may collect a convenience fee on the statutory fees and filing fees not greater than the cost of processing a credit card or debit card transaction. The convenience fee must be used to pay the cost of processing credit card and debit card transactions. The commissioner shall adopt rules to administer this paragraph using the exempt procedures of section 14.386, except that section 14.386, paragraph (b), does not apply.
- (b) (c) The department shall maintain the photo identification equipment for all agents appointed as of January 1, 2000. Upon the retirement, resignation, death, or discontinuance of an existing agent, and if a new agent is appointed in an existing office pursuant to Minnesota Rules, chapter 7404, and notwithstanding the above or Minnesota Rules, part 7404.0400, the department shall provide and maintain photo identification equipment without additional cost to a newly appointed agent in that office if the office was provided the equipment by the department before January 1, 2000. All photo identification equipment must be compatible with standards established by the department.
- (e) (d) A filing fee retained by the agent employed by a county board must be paid into the county treasury and credited to the general revenue fund of the county. An agent who is not an employee of the county shall retain the filing fee in lieu of county employment or salary and is considered an independent contractor for pension purposes, coverage under the Minnesota State Retirement

System, or membership in the Public Employees Retirement Association.

(d) (e) Before the end of the first working day following the final day of the reporting period established by the department, the agent must forward to the department all applications and fees collected during the reporting period except as provided in paragraph (e) (d).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 171.12, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Certain convictions not recorded.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) (c), the department shall not keep on the record of a driver any conviction for a violation of a speed limit of 55 or 60 miles per hour unless the violation consisted of a speed greater than ten miles per hour in excess of a 55 miles per hour the speed limit, or more than five miles per hour in excess of a 60 miles per hour speed limit.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the department shall not keep on the record of a driver any conviction for a violation of a speed limit of 60 miles per hour unless the violation consisted of a speed greater than:
- (1) ten miles per hour in excess of the speed limit, for any violation occurring on or after August 1, 2012, and before August 1, 2014; or
- (2) five miles per hour in excess of the speed limit, for any violation occurring on or after August 1, 2014.
- (c) This subdivision does not apply to (1) a violation that occurs in a commercial motor vehicle, or (2) a violation committed by a holder of a class A, B, or C commercial driver's license, without regard to whether the violation was committed in a commercial motor vehicle or another vehicle.
 - Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 171.30, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Conditions of issuance.** (a) The commissioner may issue a limited license to the driver under the conditions in paragraph (b) in any case where a person's license has been:

- (1) suspended under section 171.18, 171.173, or 171.186;
- (2) revoked, canceled, or denied under section:
- (i) 169.792;
- (ii) 169.797;
- (iii) 169A.52:
- (A) subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2);
- (B) subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (4), (5), or (6), if in compliance with section 171.306;
- (C) subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2), if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of less than twice the legal limit;
 - (D) subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (4), (5), or (6), if in compliance with section 171.306;

- (iv) 171.17; or
- (v) 171.172; or
- (3) revoked, canceled, or denied under section 169A.54:
- (i) subdivision 1, clause (1), if the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of less than twice the legal limit;
 - (ii) subdivision 1, clause (2);
 - (iii) subdivision 1, clause (4), (5), or (6), or (7), if in compliance with section 171.306; or
- (iv) subdivision 2, if the person does not have a qualified prior impaired driving incident as defined in section 169A.03, subdivision 22, on the person's record, and the test results indicate an alcohol concentration of less than twice the legal limit.
 - (b) The following conditions for a limited license under paragraph (a) include:
- (1) if the driver's livelihood or attendance at a chemical dependency treatment or counseling program depends upon the use of the driver's license;
- (2) if the use of a driver's license by a homemaker is necessary to prevent the substantial disruption of the education, medical, or nutritional needs of the family of the homemaker; or
- (3) if attendance at a postsecondary institution of education by an enrolled student of that institution depends upon the use of the driver's license.
- (c) The commissioner in issuing a limited license may impose such conditions and limitations as in the commissioner's judgment are necessary to the interests of the public safety and welfare including reexamination as to the driver's qualifications. The license may be limited to the operation of particular vehicles, to particular classes and times of operation, and to particular conditions of traffic. The commissioner may require that an applicant for a limited license affirmatively demonstrate that use of public transportation or carpooling as an alternative to a limited license would be a significant hardship.
 - (d) For purposes of this subdivision:
- (1) "homemaker" refers to the person primarily performing the domestic tasks in a household of residents consisting of at least the person and the person's dependent child or other dependents; and
- (2) "twice the legal limit" means an alcohol concentration of two times the limit specified in section 169A.20, subdivision 1, clause (5).
- (e) The limited license issued by the commissioner shall clearly indicate the limitations imposed and the driver operating under the limited license shall have the license in possession at all times when operating as a driver.
- (f) In determining whether to issue a limited license, the commissioner shall consider the number and the seriousness of prior convictions and the entire driving record of the driver and shall consider the number of miles driven by the driver annually.
 - (g) If the person's driver's license or permit to drive has been revoked under section 169.792

- or 169.797, the commissioner may only issue a limited license to the person after the person has presented an insurance identification card, policy, or written statement indicating that the driver or owner has insurance coverage satisfactory to the commissioner of public safety. The commissioner of public safety may require the insurance identification card provided to satisfy this subdivision be certified by the insurance company to be noncancelable for a period not to exceed 12 months.
- (h) The limited license issued by the commissioner to a person under section 171.186, subdivision 4, must expire 90 days after the date it is issued. The commissioner must not issue a limited license to a person who previously has been issued a limited license under section 171.186, subdivision 4.
- (i) The commissioner shall not issue a limited driver's license to any person described in section 171.04, subdivision 1, clause (6), (7), (8), (11), or (14).
 - (j) The commissioner shall not issue a class A, class B, or class C limited license.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 171.306, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Issuance of restricted license.** (a) The commissioner shall issue a class D driver's license, subject to the applicable limitations and restrictions of this section, to a program participant who meets the requirements of this section and the program guidelines. The commissioner shall not issue a license unless the program participant has provided satisfactory proof that:
- (1) a certified ignition interlock device has been installed on the participant's motor vehicle at an installation service center designated by the device's manufacturer; and
- (2) the participant has insurance coverage on the vehicle equipped with the ignition interlock device. The commissioner shall require the participant to present an insurance identification card, policy, or written statement as proof of insurance coverage, and may require the insurance identification card provided be certified by the insurance company to be noncancelable for a period not to exceed 12 months.
- (b) A license issued under authority of this section must contain a restriction prohibiting the program participant from driving, operating, or being in physical control of any motor vehicle not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device certified by the commissioner. A participant may drive an employer-owned vehicle not equipped with an interlock device while in the normal course and scope of employment duties pursuant to the program guidelines established by the commissioner and with the employer's written consent.
- (c) A program participant whose driver's license has been revoked under section 169A.52, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), or (3), or subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), or (3), or section 169A.54, subdivision 1, clause (1), (2), or (3), or (4), may apply for conditional reinstatement of the driver's license, subject to the ignition interlock restriction.
- (d) A program participant whose driver's license has been revoked, canceled, or denied under section 169A.52, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (4), (5), or (6), or subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (4), (5), or (6), or (6), or (7), may apply for a limited license, subject to the ignition interlock restriction, if the program participant is enrolled in a licensed chemical dependency treatment or rehabilitation program as recommended in

a chemical use assessment, and if the participant meets the other applicable requirements of section 171.30. After completing a licensed chemical dependency treatment or rehabilitation program and one year of limited license use without violating the ignition interlock restriction, the conditions of limited license use, or program guidelines, the participant may apply for conditional reinstatement of the driver's license, subject to the ignition interlock restriction. If the program participant's ignition interlock device subsequently registers a positive breath alcohol concentration of 0.02 or higher, the commissioner shall cancel the driver's license, and the program participant may apply for another limited license according to this paragraph.

(e) Notwithstanding any statute or rule to the contrary, the commissioner has authority to determine when a program participant is eligible for restoration of full driving privileges, except that the commissioner shall not reinstate full driving privileges until the program participant has met all applicable prerequisites for reinstatement under section 169A.55 and until the program participant's device has registered no positive breath alcohol concentrations of 0.02 or higher during the preceding 90 days.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2012.

- Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 174.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9. Pilot transportation project; alternative financing and investment. (a) The commissioner may select one pilot transportation project on the trunk highway system to implement the authority granted in this subdivision. In connection with the pilot project, the commissioner may enter into agreements with governmental or nongovernmental entities, including private and nonprofit entities, to finance or invest in the transportation project, including repayment agreements. An agreement under this subdivision is subject to (1) the availability of state money or other dedicated revenue or resources; and (2) the approval of the commissioner of management and budget.
- (b) The commissioner shall submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees having jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance a report detailing agreements executed under this subdivision. The listing must identify each agreement, the contracting entities, the contract amounts and duration, and any repayment requirements. The listing may be submitted electronically, and is subject to section 3.195, subdivision 1.
- (c) The pilot project is subject to transportation planning, programming, and procurement requirements. Use of this subdivision must not result in the delay of any project programmed in the statewide transportation improvement program.
- (d) This subdivision does not preempt any other statute or provide new toll facility authority or design-build contracting authority.
- (e) Any repayment agreement under this subdivision must comply with all applicable debt and other financial policies and requirements.
 - Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 174.56, is amended to read:

174.56 REPORT ON MAJOR HIGHWAY PROJECTS AND TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND EXPENDITURES.

- Subdivision 1. **Report required.** (a) The commissioner of transportation shall submit a report on January 15, 2009, and on January by December 15 of each year thereafter, on (1) the status of major highway projects completed during the previous two years or under construction or planned during the year of the report and for the ensuing 15 years; and (2) trunk highway fund expenditures.
- (b) For purposes of this section, a "major highway project" is a highway project that has a total cost for all segments that the commissioner estimates at the time of the report to be at least (1) \$25,000,000 \$15,000,000 in the metropolitan highway construction district, or (2) \$10,000,000 \$5,000,000 in any nonmetropolitan highway construction district.
- Subd. 2. **Report contents**: major highway projects. For each major highway project the report must include:
 - (1) a description of the project sufficient to specify its scope and location;
- (2) a history of the project, including, but not limited to, previous official actions by the department or the appropriate area transportation partnership, or both, the date on which the project was first included in the state transportation improvement plan, the cost of the project at that time, the planning estimate for the project, the engineer's estimate, the award price, the final cost as of six months after substantial completion, including any supplemental agreements and cost overruns or cost savings, the dates of environmental approval, the dates of municipal approval, the date of final geometric layout, and the date of establishment of any construction limits;
- (3) the project's priority listing or rank within its construction district, if any, as well as the reasons for that listing or rank, the criteria used in prioritization or rank, any changes in that prioritization or rank since the project was first included in a department work plan, and the reasons for those changes; and
- (4) past and potential future reasons for delay in letting or completing the project, details of all project cost changes that exceed \$500,000, and specific modifications to the overall program that are made as a result of delays and project cost changes;
- (5) two representative trunk highway construction projects, one each from the department's metropolitan district and from greater Minnesota, and for each project report the cost of environmental mitigation and compliance; and
- (6) the annual budget for products and services for each Department of Transportation district and office, with comparison to actual spending and including measures of productivity for the previous fiscal year.
- Subd. 2a. Report contents; trunk highway fund expenditures. The commissioner shall include in the report information on the total expenditures from the trunk highway fund during the previous fiscal year, for each Department of Transportation district, in the following categories: road construction; planning; design and engineering; labor; compliance with environmental regulations; administration; acquisition of right-of-way, including costs for attorney fees and other compensation for property owners; litigation costs, including payment of claims, settlements, and judgments; maintenance; and road operations.
- Subd. 3. **Department resources.** The commissioner shall prepare and submit the report with existing department staff and resources.

- **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2012, except that (1) the changes in subdivision 2, clause (2), apply to projects that are substantially completed on or after July 1, 2012; and (2) subdivision 2, clause (6), is effective beginning with the report due by December 15, 2013.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 221.0314, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. Waiver for other medical condition. (a) The commissioner may grant a waiver to a person who is not physically qualified to drive under Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 391.41, paragraph (b)(3) to (b)(13). A waiver granted under this subdivision applies to intrastate transportation only.
- (b) A person who wishes to obtain a waiver under this subdivision must give the commissioner the following information:
 - (1) the applicant's name, address, and telephone number;
 - (2) the name, address, and telephone number of an employer coapplicant, if any;
- (3) a description of the applicant's experience in driving the type of vehicle to be operated under the waiver;
 - (4) a description of the type of driving to be done under the waiver;
- (5) a description of any modifications to the vehicle the applicant intends to drive under the waiver that are designed to accommodate the applicant's medical condition or disability;
 - (6) whether the applicant has been granted another waiver under this subdivision;
 - (7) a copy of the applicant's current driver's license;
- (8) a copy of a medical examiner's certificate showing that the applicant is medically unqualified to drive unless a waiver is granted;
 - (9) a statement from the applicant's treating physician that includes:
 - (i) the extent to which the physician is familiar with the applicant's medical history;
 - (ii) a description of the applicant's medical condition for which a waiver is necessary;
- (iii) assurance that the applicant has the ability and willingness to follow any course of treatment prescribed by the physician, including the ability to self-monitor or manage the medical condition; and
- (iv) the physician's professional opinion that the applicant's condition will not adversely affect the applicant's ability to operate a motor vehicle safely; and
- (10) any other information considered necessary by the commissioner including requiring a physical examination or medical report from a physician who specializes in a particular field of medical practice.
- (c) In granting a waiver under this subdivision, the commissioner may impose conditions the commissioner considers necessary to ensure that an applicant is able to operate a motor vehicle safely and that the safety of the general public is protected.

- (d) A person who is granted a waiver under this subdivision must:
- (1) at intervals specified in the waiver, give the commissioner periodic reports from the person's treating physician, or a medical specialist if the commissioner so requires in the waiver, that contain the information described in paragraph (b), clause (9), together with a description of any episode that involved the person's loss of consciousness or loss of ability to operate a motor vehicle safely; and
- (2) immediately report the person's involvement in an accident for which a report is required under section 169.09, subdivision 7.
- (e) The commissioner shall deny an application if, during the three years preceding the application:
- (1) the applicant's driver's license has been suspended under section 171.18, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (9), (11), and (12), canceled under section 171.14, or revoked under section 171.17, 171.172, or 171.174; or
 - (2) the applicant has been convicted of a violation under section 171.24; or
- (2)(3) the applicant has been convicted of a disqualifying offense, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 383.51, paragraph (b), which is incorporated by reference.
- (f) The commissioner may deny an application or may immediately revoke a waiver granted under this subdivision. Notice of the commissioner's reasons for denying an application or for revoking a waiver must be in writing and must be mailed to the applicant's or waiver holder's last known address by certified mail, return receipt requested. A person whose application is denied or whose waiver is revoked is entitled to a hearing under chapter 14.
- (g) A waiver granted under this subdivision expires on the date of expiration shown on the medical examiner's certificate described in paragraph (b), clause (8).
 - Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 222.50, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Contract.** The commissioner may negotiate and enter into contracts for the purpose of rail service improvement and may incorporate funds available from the federal rail service continuation program government. The participants in these contracts shall be railroads, rail users, and the department, and may be political subdivisions of the state and the federal government. In such contracts, participation by all parties shall be voluntary. The commissioner may provide a portion of the money required to carry out the terms of any such contract by expenditure from the rail service improvement account.
 - Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 222.51, is amended to read:

222.51 PARTICIPATION BY POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.

The governing body of any political subdivision of the state may, with the approval of the commissioner, appropriate money for rail service improvement and may participate in the state rail service improvement program and the federal rail service continuation program programs.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 222.53, is amended to read:

222.53 ACCEPTANCE OF FEDERAL MONEY.

The commissioner may exercise those powers necessary for the state to qualify for, accept, and disburse any federal money that may be made available pursuant to the provisions of the federal rail service continuation program, including the power to:

- (1) establish an adequate plan for rail service in the state as part of an overall planning process for all transportation services in the state, including a suitable process for updating, revising, and amending the plan;
- (2) administer and coordinate the plan with other state agencies, and provide for the equitable distribution of resources;
- (3) develop, promote, and support safe, adequate, and efficient rail transportation services; employ qualified personnel; maintain adequate programs of investigation, research, promotion, and development, with provisions for public participation; and take all practical steps to improve transportation safety and reduce transportation-related energy utilization and pollution;
- (4) adopt and maintain adequate procedures for financial control, accounting, and performance evaluation in order to assure proper use of state and federal money; and
- (5) do all things otherwise necessary to maximize federal assistance to the state under the federal rail service continuation program.
 - Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 574.26, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 1a. Exemptions: certain manufacturers; commissioner of transportation: road maintenance. (a) Sections 574.26 to 574.32 do not apply to a manufacturer of public transit buses that manufactures at least 100 public transit buses in a calendar year. For purposes of this section, "public transit bus" means a motor vehicle designed to transport people, with a design capacity for carrying more than 40 passengers, including the driver. The term "public transit bus" does not include a school bus, as defined in section 169.011, subdivision 71.
- (b) At the discretion of the commissioner of transportation, sections 574.26 to 574.32 do not apply to any projects of the Department of Transportation (1) costing less than \$75,000 the amount in section 471.345, subdivision 3, or (2) involving the permanent or semipermanent installation of heavy machinery, fixtures, or other capital equipment to be used primarily for maintenance or repair.
- (c) Sections 574.26 to 574.32 do not apply to contracts for snow removal, ice removal, grading, or other similar routine road maintenance on town roads.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 574.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Terms.** Except as provided in sections 574.263 and 574.264 or if the amount of the contract is \$75,000 or less than the amount in section 471.345, subdivision 3, a contract with a public body for the doing of any public work is not valid unless the contractor gives (1) a performance bond to the public body with whom the contractor entered into the contract, for the use and benefit of the public body to complete the contract according to its terms, and conditioned on saving the public body harmless from all costs and charges that may accrue on account of completing the specified work, and (2) a payment bond for the use and benefit of all persons furnishing labor and materials

engaged under, or to perform the contract, conditioned for the payment, as they become due, of all just claims for the labor and materials. Reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and disbursements may be awarded in an action to enforce claims under the act if the action is successfully maintained or successfully appealed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 46. VARIANCE; SEAPLANE BASE.

The commissioner of transportation shall grant a variance for Elbow Lake Municipal-Pride of the Prairie Airport, airport code Y63, to be licensed as a public seaplane base on Flekkefjord Lake. The commissioner shall establish conditions or limitations as may be necessary.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 47. PAYNESVILLE AIRPORT.

- (a) Notwithstanding any law, rule, or agreement to the contrary, the commissioner of transportation may enter into an agreement with the city of Paynesville to allow funds granted by the state to the city for land acquisition purposes for the marked Trunk Highway 23 bypass project to instead be used by June 30, 2015, as the state's share of funds for airport improvements and other aeronautical purposes at the city's airport.
- (b) Funds not spent pursuant to paragraph (a) by June 30, 2015, must be paid to the commissioner of transportation and deposited in the state airports fund.

Sec. 48. <u>ADDITIONS TO REPORTS ON MAJOR HIGHWAY PROJECTS AND TRUNK HIGHWAY FUND EXPENDITURES.</u>

For 2013 and 2014 reports required under Minnesota Statutes, section 174.56, the commissioner of transportation shall include the results of evaluations of management systems currently used by the Department of Transportation. The evaluations must specify the extent to which the management of data in these systems is consistent with existing policies and the need for statewide, reliable, and verifiable information. The evaluations must be performed either by the department's office of internal audit or by an independent external auditor. The 2013 report must include the evaluation of construction management systems and the program and project management system. The 2014 report must include the evaluation of pavement management systems and bridge management systems.

Sec. 49. LEGISLATIVE REPORT ON SPEED VIOLATIONS ON DRIVING RECORD.

By January 15, 2015, the commissioners of transportation and public safety shall jointly submit a report on recording speed limit violations on a person's driver record to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over transportation policy and finance. The report must include analysis based on empirical data of impacts on public safety, frequency of speeding, crash rates, travel time efficiency, travel time reliability, and data privacy that are directly or reasonably attributable to the change to Minnesota Statutes, section 171.12, subdivision 6, made by this act.

Sec. 50. REPEALER.

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 161.08, subdivision 2; 168.012, subdivision 1b; and

222.48, subdivision 3a, are repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 169A.54, subdivision 5, is repealed effective July 1, 2012.

Sec. 51. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Unless otherwise specified, this article is effective August 1, 2012."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to transportation; making appropriations; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds; modifying provisions governing transportation and public safety policies, including bicycles and bikeways, highways and bridges, motor vehicles, motor vehicle markings and equipment, traffic regulations, driver education, driver licensing, driver's license exemptions, DWI violations, alternative financing for transportation projects, contracting requirements, bus operations, railroads, motor carriers and commercial drivers, aeronautics and airports, state aid, traffic regulations and reports, vehicle titles, school buses, overweight vehicles, fuel tax and motor vehicle sales tax exemptions, and agency reporting and studies; providing for rulemaking; removing obsolete language; making technical and clarifying changes; repealing certain provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 85.015, by adding a subdivision; 85.018, subdivisions 2, 4; 160.263, subdivision 2; 161.14, subdivision 66, by adding subdivisions; 161.3212; 162.02, subdivisions 2, 3; 162.081, subdivision 4; 162.09, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 162.13, subdivision 1; 162.155; 165.01; 165.03; 168.002, subdivisions 19, 20; 168.012, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 168.013, subdivisions 1e, 3, 12, by adding a subdivision; 168A.03, subdivision 1; 168A.07, subdivision 1; 168B.011, subdivision 12; 169.011, subdivisions 4, 27, 44, 45; 169.035, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 169.06, subdivisions 4, 5, 7; 169.09, subdivision 13; 169.19, subdivision 5; 169.222, subdivisions 4, 6, 7, by adding a subdivision; 169.223, subdivisions 1, 5; 169.306; 169.64, subdivision 2; 169.685, subdivisions 6, 7; 169.72, subdivision 1; 169.85, subdivision 2; 169.86, subdivisions 1, 4, by adding a subdivision; 169.865, subdivision 4; 169.872, subdivision 1a; 169.98, subdivisions 1, 3; 169.99, subdivision 1b; 169A.54, subdivisions 1, 6; 171.01, subdivision 41; 171.03; 171.061, subdivision 4; 171.12, subdivision 6; 171.30, subdivision 1; 171.306, subdivision 4; 174.02, by adding a subdivision; 174.03, by adding a subdivision; 174.56; 221.0314, subdivision 3a; 221.091, subdivision 2; 222.50, subdivision 4; 222.51; 222.53; 222.63, subdivision 9; 296A.07, subdivision 4; 296A.08, subdivision 3; 297A.68, subdivision 19; 299D.085, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 299D.09; 473.39, by adding a subdivision; 574.26, subdivisions 1a, 2; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 168.12, subdivision 5; 168.123, subdivision 1; 169.86, subdivision 5; 171.075, subdivision 1; 297B.03; Laws 2009, chapter 158, section 10; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 160; 161; 171; 174; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 161.08, subdivision 2; 168.012, subdivision 1b; 169A.54, subdivision 5; 222.48, subdivision 3a; Minnesota Rules, parts 8810.9000; 8810.9100; 8810.9200; 8810.9300; 8810.9400; 8810.9500; 8810.9600; 8810.9700."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: Michael Beard, Mike Benson, Michael V. Nelson

Senate Conferees: Joe Gimse, D. Scott Dibble, John Sterling Howe

Senator Gimse moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on H.F. No. 2685 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference

Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

H.F. No. 2685 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 61 and nays 5, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Fischbach	Kelash	Nelson	Sheran
Benson	Gazelka	Koch	Newman	Sieben
Bonoff	Gerlach	Koenen	Nienow	Sparks
Brown	Gimse	Kruse	Olson	Stumpf
Carlson	Goodwin	Langseth	Ortman	Thompson
Chamberlain	Hall	Limmer	Pappas	Torres Ray
Cohen	Hann	Lourey	Pederson	Vandeveer
Dahms	Harrington	Magnus	Reinert	Wiger
Daley	Hayden	Marty	Rest	Wolf
DeKruif	Higgins	McGuire	Robling	
Dibble	Hoffman	Metzen	Rosen	
Dziedzic	Howe	Michel	Saxhaug	
Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Miller	Senjem	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Jungbauer Latz Parry Skoe Tomassoni

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

S.F. No. 1143 and the Conference Committee Report thereon were reported to the Senate.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S.F. NO. 1143

A bill for an act relating to state government; classifying and authorizing sharing of data; making technical changes to data practices; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 13.02, subdivisions 3, 4, 8a, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15; 13.10, subdivision 1; 13.201; 13.202, subdivision 3; 13.35; 13.3805, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.384, subdivision 1; 13.39, subdivision 2; 13.392, subdivision 1; 13.393; 13.40, subdivision 1; 13.41, subdivision 2; 13.44, subdivision 3; 13.46, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 13.462, subdivision 1; 13.467, subdivision 1; 13.47, subdivision 1; 13.485, by adding subdivisions; 13.495; 13.51, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.52; 13.548; 13.55, subdivision 1; 13.585, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 13.59, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 13.591, subdivision 4; 13.601, subdivision 3; 13.643, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7; 13.6435, by adding a subdivision; 13.65, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 13.67; 13.679, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.714; 13.719, subdivisions 1, 5; 13.7191, subdivisions 14, 18; 13.72, subdivisions 7, 11, by adding subdivisions; 13.792; 13.7932; 13.82, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7; 13.83, subdivisions 2, 4, 6; 13.861, subdivision 1; 13.87, subdivisions 1, 2; 79A.16; 79A.28; 216C.266; 237.701, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D.

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S.F. No. 1143 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S.F. No. 1143 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

- Subd. 3. **Confidential data on individuals.** "Confidential data on individuals" means are data which is made not public by statute or federal law applicable to the data and is are inaccessible to the individual subject of that those data.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Data not on individuals.** "Data not on individuals" means are all government data which is that are not data on individuals.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 8a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 8a. **Not public data.** "Not public data" means are any government data which is classified by statute, federal law, or temporary classification as confidential, private, nonpublic, or protected nonpublic.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- Subd. 9. **Nonpublic data.** "Nonpublic data" means are data not on individuals that is made by statute or federal law applicable to the data: (a) not accessible to the public; and (b) accessible to the subject, if any, of the data.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- Subd. 12. **Private data on individuals.** "Private data on individuals" means are data which is made by statute or federal law applicable to the data: (a) not public; and (b) accessible to the individual subject of that those data.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- Subd. 13. **Protected nonpublic data.** "Protected nonpublic data" means are data not on individuals which is made by statute or federal law applicable to the data (a) not public and (b) not accessible to the subject of the data.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. **Public data not on individuals.** "Public data not on individuals" means are data which is accessible to the public pursuant to section 13.03.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- Subd. 15. **Public data on individuals.** "Public data on individuals" means are data which is accessible to the public in accordance with the provisions of section 13.03.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.02, subdivision 16, is amended to read:
- Subd. 16. **Responsible authority.** (a) "Responsible authority" in a state agency or statewide system means the state official designated by law or by the commissioner as the individual responsible for the collection, use and dissemination of any set of data on individuals, government data, or summary data.
- (b) "Responsible authority" in any political subdivision means the individual designated by the governing body of that political subdivision as the individual responsible for the collection, use, and dissemination of any set of data on individuals, government data, or summary data, unless otherwise provided by state law. Until an individual is designated by the political subdivision's governing body, the responsible authority is:
- (1) for counties, the county coordinator or administrator. If the county does not employ a coordinator or administrator, the responsible authority is the county auditor;
- (2) for statutory or home rule charter cities, the elected or appointed city clerk. If the home rule charter does not provide for an office of city clerk, the responsible authority is the chief clerical officer for filing and record keeping purposes;
 - (3) for school districts, the superintendent; and
- (4) for all other political subdivisions, the chief clerical officer for filing and record keeping purposes.

Sec. 10. [13.025] GOVERNMENT ENTITY OBLIGATION.

Subdivision 1. **Data inventory.** The responsible authority shall prepare an inventory containing the authority's name, title, address, and a description of each category of record, file, or process relating to private or confidential data on individuals maintained by the authority's government entity. Forms used to collect private and confidential data may be included in the inventory. The responsible authority shall update the inventory annually and make any changes necessary to maintain the accuracy of the inventory. The inventory must be available from the responsible authority to the public according to the provisions of sections 13.03 and 15.17. The commissioner may require responsible authorities to submit copies of the inventory and may request additional information relevant to data collection practices, policies, and procedures.

- Subd. 2. **Public data access policy.** The responsible authority shall prepare a written data access policy and update it no later than August 1 of each year, and at any other time as necessary to reflect changes in personnel, procedures, or other circumstances that impact the public's ability to access data.
- Subd. 3. Data subject rights and access policy. The responsible authority shall prepare a written policy of the rights of data subjects under section 13.04 and the specific procedures used by the government entity for access by the data subject to public or private data on individuals. The written policy must be updated no later than August 1 of each year, and at any other time as necessary to

reflect changes in personnel, procedures, or other circumstances that impact the public's ability to access data.

- Subd. 4. Availability. The responsible authority shall make copies of the policies required under subdivisions 2 and 3 easily available to the public by distributing free copies to the public or by posting the policies in a conspicuous place within the government entity that is easily accessible to the public or by posting it on the government entity's Web site.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Procedures.** (a) The responsible authority in every government entity shall establish procedures, consistent with this chapter, to insure that requests for government data are received and complied with in an appropriate and prompt manner.
- (b) The responsible authority shall prepare public access procedures in written form and update them no later than August 1 of each year as necessary to reflect any changes in personnel or circumstances that might affect public access to government data. The responsible authority shall make copies of the written public access procedures easily available to the public by distributing free copies of the procedures to the public or by posting a copy of the procedures in a conspicuous place within the government entity that is easily accessible to the public.
- (e) (b) Full convenience and comprehensive accessibility shall be allowed to researchers including historians, genealogists and other scholars to carry out extensive research and complete copying of all records containing government data except as otherwise expressly provided by law.

A responsible authority may designate one or more designees.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. Change in classification of data; effect of dissemination among agencies. (a) The classification of a government entity's data in the possession of an entity shall change if it is required to do so to comply with either judicial or administrative rules pertaining to the conduct of legal actions or with a specific statute applicable to the data in the possession of the disseminating or receiving entity.
- (b) If data on individuals is are classified as both private and confidential by this chapter, or any other statute or federal law, the data is are private.
- (c) To the extent that government data is are disseminated to a government entity by another government entity, the data disseminated shall have the same classification in the hands of at the entity receiving it them as it they had in the hands of at the entity providing it them.
- (d) If a government entity disseminates data to another government entity, a classification provided for by law in the hands of at the entity receiving the data does not affect the classification of the data in the hands of at the entity that disseminates the data.
- (e) To the extent that judicial branch data is are disseminated to government entities by the judicial branch, the data disseminated shall have the same level of accessibility in the hands of the agency at the government entity receiving it them as it they had in the hands of at the judicial branch entity providing it them. If the data have a specific classification in state statute or federal law, the government entity must maintain the data according to the specific classification.

- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.072, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Effect.** Opinions issued by the commissioner under this section are not binding on the government entity or members of a body subject to chapter 13D whose data or performance of duties is the subject of the opinion, but an opinion described in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), must be given deference by a court or other tribunal in a proceeding involving the data. The commissioner shall arrange for public dissemination of opinions issued under this section, and shall indicate when the principles stated in an opinion are not intended to provide guidance to all similarly situated persons or government entities. This section does not preclude a person from bringing any other action under this chapter or other law in addition to or instead of requesting a written opinion. A government entity, members of a body subject to chapter 13D, or person that acts in conformity with a written opinion of the commissioner issued to the government entity, members, or person or to another party is not liable for compensatory or exemplary damages or awards of attorneys fees in actions for violations arising under section 13.08 or 13.085, or for a penalty under section 13.09 or for fines, awards of attorney fees, or any other penalty under chapter 13D. A member of a body subject to chapter 13D is not subject to forfeiture of office if the member was acting in reliance on an opinion.
 - Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.10, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this chapter:

- (a) "Confidential data on decedents" means are data which, prior to the death of the data subject, were classified by statute, federal law, or temporary classification as confidential data.
- (b) "Private data on decedents" means are data which, prior to the death of the data subject, were classified by statute, federal law, or temporary classification as private data.
- (c) "Representative of the decedent" means is the personal representative of the estate of the decedent during the period of administration, or if no personal representative has been appointed or after discharge of the personal representative, the surviving spouse, any child of the decedent, or, if there is no surviving spouse or children, the parents of the decedent.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.202, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Hennepin County.** (a) Data collected by the Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc. are governed under section 383B.17 383B.917, subdivision 1.
- (b) Records of Hennepin County board meetings permitted to be closed under section 383B.217, subdivision 7, are classified under that subdivision.
 - Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.37, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given them.
- (a) "Security information" means government data the disclosure of which the responsible authority determines would be likely to substantially jeopardize the security of information, possessions, individuals or property against theft, tampering, improper use, attempted escape, illegal disclosure, trespass, or physical injury. "Security information" includes crime prevention block maps and lists of volunteers who participate in community crime prevention programs and

their home addresses and telephone numbers.

- (b) "Trade secret information" means government data, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique or process (1) that was supplied by the affected individual or organization, (2) that is the subject of efforts by the individual or organization that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy, and (3) that derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use.
- (c) "Labor relations information" means management positions on economic and noneconomic items that have not been presented during the collective bargaining process or interest arbitration, including information specifically collected or created to prepare the management position.
- (d) "Parking space leasing data" means the following government data on an applicant for, or lessee of, a parking space: residence address, home telephone number, beginning and ending work hours, place of employment, work telephone number, and location of the parking space.
 - Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Classification.** (a) The following government data is classified as nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 9, and as private data with regard to data on individuals, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12: Security information; trade secret information; sealed absentee ballots prior to opening by an election judge; sealed bids, including the number of bids received, prior to the opening of the bids; parking space leasing data; and labor relations information, provided that specific labor relations information which relates to a specific labor organization is classified as protected nonpublic data pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 13.
- (b) If a government entity denies a data request based on a determination that the data are security information, upon request, the government entity must provide a short description explaining the necessity for the classification.
 - Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.3805, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Health data generally.** (a) **Definitions.** As used in this subdivision:

- (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of health.
- (2) "Health data" means are data on individuals created, collected, received, or maintained by the Department of Health, political subdivisions, or statewide systems relating to the identification, description, prevention, and control of disease or as part of an epidemiologic investigation the commissioner designates as necessary to analyze, describe, or protect the public health.
- (b) **Data on individuals.** (1) Health data are private data on individuals. Notwithstanding section 13.05, subdivision 9, health data may not be disclosed except as provided in this subdivision and section 13.04.
- (2) The commissioner or a local board of health as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 2, may disclose health data to the data subject's physician as necessary to locate or identify a case, carrier, or suspect case, to establish a diagnosis, to provide treatment, to identify persons at risk of

illness, or to conduct an epidemiologic investigation.

- (3) With the approval of the commissioner, health data may be disclosed to the extent necessary to assist the commissioner to locate or identify a case, carrier, or suspect case, to alert persons who may be threatened by illness as evidenced by epidemiologic data, to control or prevent the spread of serious disease, or to diminish an imminent threat to the public health.
- (c) **Health summary data.** Summary data derived from data collected under section 145.413 may be provided under section 13.05, subdivision 7.
 - Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.384, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section:

- (a) "Directory information" means name of the patient, date admitted, and general condition.
- (b) "Medical data" means are data collected because an individual was or is a patient or client of a hospital, nursing home, medical center, clinic, health or nursing agency operated by a government entity including business and financial records, data provided by private health care facilities, and data provided by or about relatives of the individual.
 - Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.39, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. **Exclusion.** This section does not apply when the sole issue or dispute is a government entity's timeliness in responding to a data request.
 - Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.43, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "personnel data" means government data on individuals maintained because the individual is or was an employee of or an applicant for employment by, performs services on a voluntary basis for, or acts as an independent contractor with a government entity. Personnel data includes data submitted by an employee to a government entity as part of an organized self-evaluation effort by the government entity to request suggestions from all employees on ways to cut costs, make government more efficient, or improve the operation of government. An employee who is identified in a suggestion shall have access to all data in the suggestion except the identity of the employee making the suggestion.
 - Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7a. **Employee suggestion data.** Personnel data includes data submitted by an employee to a government entity as part of an organized self-evaluation effort by the government entity to request suggestions from all employees on ways to cut costs, make government more efficient, or improve the operation of government. An employee who is identified in a suggestion shall have access to all data in the suggestion except the identity of the employee making the suggestion.
 - Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 19. Employee of contractor or subcontractor. The following data maintained as a result of a contractual relationship entered on or after August 1, 2012, between a government entity and a contractor or subcontractor are private: the personal telephone number, home address, and e-mail address of a current or former employee of the contractor or subcontractor. A government entity maintaining data under this subdivision must share the data with another government entity to

perform a function authorized by law. The data must be disclosed to a government entity or any person for prevailing wage purposes.

- Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.44, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Real property; appraisal data. (a) Confidential or protected nonpublic data. Estimated or appraised values of individual parcels of real property that are made by personnel of a government entity or by independent appraisers acting for a government entity for the purpose of selling or acquiring land through purchase or condemnation are classified as confidential data on individuals or protected nonpublic data.
- (b) **Private or nonpublic data.** Appraised values of individual parcels of real property that are made by appraisers working for fee owners or contract purchasers who have received an offer to purchase their property from a government entity are classified as private data on individuals or nonpublic data.
- (c) **Public data.** The data made confidential or protected nonpublic under paragraph (a) or made private or nonpublic under paragraph (b) become public upon the occurrence of any of the following:
 - (1) the data are submitted to a court-appointed condemnation commissioner;
 - (2) the data are presented in court in condemnation proceedings; or
 - (3) the negotiating parties enter into an agreement for the purchase and sale of the property.

The data made confidential or protected nonpublic under paragraph (a) also become public at the discretion of the government entity, determined by majority vote of the entity's governing body, or, in the case of a state agency, as determined by the commissioner of the agency.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.46, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **General.** (a) Unless the data is summary data or a statute specifically provides a different elassification, Data on individuals collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the welfare system is are private data on individuals, and shall not be disclosed except:
 - (1) according to section 13.05;
 - (2) according to court order;
 - (3) according to a statute specifically authorizing access to the private data;
- (4) to an agent of the welfare system, including a law enforcement person, attorney, or investigator acting for it in the investigation or prosecution of a criminal or civil proceeding relating to the administration of a program;
- (5) to personnel of the welfare system who require the data to verify an individual's identity; determine eligibility, amount of assistance, and the need to provide services to an individual or family across programs; evaluate the effectiveness of programs; assess parental contribution amounts; and investigate suspected fraud;
 - (6) to administer federal funds or programs;

- (7) between personnel of the welfare system working in the same program;
- (8) to the Department of Revenue to assess parental contribution amounts for purposes of section 252.27, subdivision 2a, administer and evaluate tax refund or tax credit programs and to identify individuals who may benefit from these programs. The following information may be disclosed under this paragraph: an individual's and their dependent's names, dates of birth, Social Security numbers, income, addresses, and other data as required, upon request by the Department of Revenue. Disclosures by the commissioner of revenue to the commissioner of human services for the purposes described in this clause are governed by section 270B.14, subdivision 1. Tax refund or tax credit programs include, but are not limited to, the dependent care credit under section 290.067, the Minnesota working family credit under section 290.0671, the property tax refund and rental credit under section 290.0674;
- (9) between the Department of Human Services, the Department of Employment and Economic Development, and when applicable, the Department of Education, for the following purposes:
- (i) to monitor the eligibility of the data subject for unemployment benefits, for any employment or training program administered, supervised, or certified by that agency;
- (ii) to administer any rehabilitation program or child care assistance program, whether alone or in conjunction with the welfare system;
- (iii) to monitor and evaluate the Minnesota family investment program or the child care assistance program by exchanging data on recipients and former recipients of food support, cash assistance under chapter 256, 256D, 256J, or 256K, child care assistance under chapter 119B, or medical programs under chapter 256B, 256D, or 256L; and
- (iv) to analyze public assistance employment services and program utilization, cost, effectiveness, and outcomes as implemented under the authority established in Title II, Sections 201-204 of the Ticket to Work and Work Incentives Improvement Act of 1999. Health records governed by sections 144.291 to 144.298 and "protected health information" as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, section 160.103, and governed by Code of Federal Regulations, title 45, parts 160-164, including health care claims utilization information, must not be exchanged under this clause;
- (10) to appropriate parties in connection with an emergency if knowledge of the information is necessary to protect the health or safety of the individual or other individuals or persons;
- (11) data maintained by residential programs as defined in section 245A.02 may be disclosed to the protection and advocacy system established in this state according to Part C of Public Law 98-527 to protect the legal and human rights of persons with developmental disabilities or other related conditions who live in residential facilities for these persons if the protection and advocacy system receives a complaint by or on behalf of that person and the person does not have a legal guardian or the state or a designee of the state is the legal guardian of the person;
- (12) to the county medical examiner or the county coroner for identifying or locating relatives or friends of a deceased person;
- (13) data on a child support obligor who makes payments to the public agency may be disclosed to the Minnesota Office of Higher Education to the extent necessary to determine eligibility under section 136A.121, subdivision 2, clause (5);

- (14) participant Social Security numbers and names collected by the telephone assistance program may be disclosed to the Department of Revenue to conduct an electronic data match with the property tax refund database to determine eligibility under section 237.70, subdivision 4a;
- (15) the current address of a Minnesota family investment program participant may be disclosed to law enforcement officers who provide the name of the participant and notify the agency that:
 - (i) the participant:
- (A) is a fugitive felon fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime or attempt to commit a crime that is a felony under the laws of the jurisdiction from which the individual is fleeing; or
 - (B) is violating a condition of probation or parole imposed under state or federal law;
- (ii) the location or apprehension of the felon is within the law enforcement officer's official duties; and
 - (iii) the request is made in writing and in the proper exercise of those duties;
- (16) the current address of a recipient of general assistance or general assistance medical care may be disclosed to probation officers and corrections agents who are supervising the recipient and to law enforcement officers who are investigating the recipient in connection with a felony level offense:
- (17) information obtained from food support applicant or recipient households may be disclosed to local, state, or federal law enforcement officials, upon their written request, for the purpose of investigating an alleged violation of the Food Stamp Act, according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 7, section 272.1 (c);
- (18) the address, Social Security number, and, if available, photograph of any member of a household receiving food support shall be made available, on request, to a local, state, or federal law enforcement officer if the officer furnishes the agency with the name of the member and notifies the agency that:
 - (i) the member:
- (A) is fleeing to avoid prosecution, or custody or confinement after conviction, for a crime or attempt to commit a crime that is a felony in the jurisdiction the member is fleeing;
 - (B) is violating a condition of probation or parole imposed under state or federal law; or
- (C) has information that is necessary for the officer to conduct an official duty related to conduct described in subitem (A) or (B);
 - (ii) locating or apprehending the member is within the officer's official duties; and
 - (iii) the request is made in writing and in the proper exercise of the officer's official duty;
- (19) the current address of a recipient of Minnesota family investment program, general assistance, general assistance medical care, or food support may be disclosed to law enforcement officers who, in writing, provide the name of the recipient and notify the agency that the recipient is a person required to register under section 243.166, but is not residing at the address at which

the recipient is registered under section 243.166;

- (20) certain information regarding child support obligors who are in arrears may be made public according to section 518A.74;
- (21) data on child support payments made by a child support obligor and data on the distribution of those payments excluding identifying information on obligees may be disclosed to all obligees to whom the obligor owes support, and data on the enforcement actions undertaken by the public authority, the status of those actions, and data on the income of the obligor or obligee may be disclosed to the other party;
 - (22) data in the work reporting system may be disclosed under section 256.998, subdivision 7;
- (23) to the Department of Education for the purpose of matching Department of Education student data with public assistance data to determine students eligible for free and reduced-price meals, meal supplements, and free milk according to United States Code, title 42, sections 1758, 1761, 1766, 1766a, 1772, and 1773; to allocate federal and state funds that are distributed based on income of the student's family; and to verify receipt of energy assistance for the telephone assistance plan;
- (24) the current address and telephone number of program recipients and emergency contacts may be released to the commissioner of health or a local board of health as defined in section 145A.02, subdivision 2, when the commissioner or local board of health has reason to believe that a program recipient is a disease case, carrier, suspect case, or at risk of illness, and the data are necessary to locate the person;
- (25) to other state agencies, statewide systems, and political subdivisions of this state, including the attorney general, and agencies of other states, interstate information networks, federal agencies, and other entities as required by federal regulation or law for the administration of the child support enforcement program;
- (26) to personnel of public assistance programs as defined in section 256.741, for access to the child support system database for the purpose of administration, including monitoring and evaluation of those public assistance programs;
- (27) to monitor and evaluate the Minnesota family investment program by exchanging data between the Departments of Human Services and Education, on recipients and former recipients of food support, cash assistance under chapter 256, 256D, 256J, or 256K, child care assistance under chapter 119B, or medical programs under chapter 256B, 256D, or 256L;
- (28) to evaluate child support program performance and to identify and prevent fraud in the child support program by exchanging data between the Department of Human Services, Department of Revenue under section 270B.14, subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) and (b), without regard to the limitation of use in paragraph (c), Department of Health, Department of Employment and Economic Development, and other state agencies as is reasonably necessary to perform these functions;
- (29) counties operating child care assistance programs under chapter 119B may disseminate data on program participants, applicants, and providers to the commissioner of education; or
- (30) child support data on the parents and the child may be disclosed to agencies administering programs under titles IV-B and IV-E of the Social Security Act, as provided by federal law. Data may

be disclosed only to the extent necessary for the purpose of establishing parentage or for determining who has or may have parental rights with respect to a child, which could be related to permanency planning.

- (b) Information on persons who have been treated for drug or alcohol abuse may only be disclosed according to the requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42, sections 2.1 to 2.67.
- (c) Data provided to law enforcement agencies under paragraph (a), clause (15), (16), (17), or (18), or paragraph (b), are investigative data and are confidential or protected nonpublic while the investigation is active. The data are private after the investigation becomes inactive under section 13.82, subdivision 5, paragraph (a) or (b).
- (d) Mental health data shall be treated as provided in subdivisions 7, 8, and 9, but is are not subject to the access provisions of subdivision 10, paragraph (b).

For the purposes of this subdivision, a request will be deemed to be made in writing if made through a computer interface system.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.46, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Investigative data.** (a) Data on persons, including data on vendors of services, licensees, and applicants that is collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the welfare system in an investigation, authorized by statute, and relating to the enforcement of rules or law is are confidential data on individuals pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3, or protected nonpublic data not on individuals pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 13, and shall not be disclosed except:
 - (1) pursuant to section 13.05;
 - (2) pursuant to statute or valid court order;
- (3) to a party named in a civil or criminal proceeding, administrative or judicial, for preparation of defense; or
 - (4) to provide notices required or permitted by statute.

The data referred to in this subdivision shall be classified as public data upon its submission to an administrative law judge or court in an administrative or judicial proceeding. Inactive welfare investigative data shall be treated as provided in section 13.39, subdivision 3.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision in law, the commissioner of human services shall provide all active and inactive investigative data, including the name of the reporter of alleged maltreatment under section 626.556 or 626.557, to the ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities upon the request of the ombudsman.
 - Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.46, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Licensing data. (a) As used in this subdivision:
- (1) "licensing data" means are all data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by the welfare system pertaining to persons licensed or registered or who apply for licensure or registration or who formerly were licensed or registered under the authority of the commissioner of human services;

- (2) "client" means a person who is receiving services from a licensee or from an applicant for licensure; and
- (3) "personal and personal financial data" means are Social Security numbers, identity of and letters of reference, insurance information, reports from the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension, health examination reports, and social/home studies.
- (b)(1)Except as provided in paragraph (c), the following data on applicants, license holders, and former licensees are public: name, address, telephone number of licensees, date of receipt of a completed application, dates of licensure, licensed capacity, type of client preferred, variances granted, record of training and education in child care and child development, type of dwelling, name and relationship of other family members, previous license history, class of license, the existence and status of complaints, and the number of serious injuries to or deaths of individuals in the licensed program as reported to the commissioner of human services, the local social services agency, or any other county welfare agency. For purposes of this clause, a serious injury is one that is treated by a physician.

When a correction order, an order to forfeit a fine, an order of license suspension, an order of temporary immediate suspension, an order of license revocation, an order of license denial, or an order of conditional license has been issued, or a complaint is resolved, the following data on current and former licensees and applicants are public: the substance and investigative findings of the licensing or maltreatment complaint, licensing violation, or substantiated maltreatment; the record of informal resolution of a licensing violation; orders of hearing; findings of fact; conclusions of law; specifications of the final correction order, fine, suspension, temporary immediate suspension, revocation, denial, or conditional license contained in the record of licensing action; whether a fine has been paid; and the status of any appeal of these actions. If a licensing sanction under section 245A.07, or a license denial under section 245A.05, is based on a determination that the license holder or applicant is responsible for maltreatment or is disqualified under chapter 245C, the identity of the license holder or applicant as the individual responsible for maltreatment or as the disqualified individual is are public data at the time of the issuance of the licensing sanction or denial.

- (2) Notwithstanding sections 626.556, subdivision 11, and 626.557, subdivision 12b, when any person subject to disqualification under section 245C.14 in connection with a license to provide family day care for children, child care center services, foster care for children in the provider's home, or foster care or day care services for adults in the provider's home is a substantiated perpetrator of maltreatment, and the substantiated maltreatment is a reason for a licensing action, the identity of the substantiated perpetrator of maltreatment is public data. For purposes of this clause, a person is a substantiated perpetrator if the maltreatment determination has been upheld under section 256.045; 626.556, subdivision 10i; 626.557, subdivision 9d; or chapter 14, or if an individual or facility has not timely exercised appeal rights under these sections, except as provided under clause (1).
- (3) For applicants who withdraw their application prior to licensure or denial of a license, the following data are public: the name of the applicant, the city and county in which the applicant was seeking licensure, the dates of the commissioner's receipt of the initial application and completed application, the type of license sought, and the date of withdrawal of the application.
- (4) For applicants who are denied a license, the following data are public: the name and address of the applicant, the city and county in which the applicant was seeking licensure, the dates of

the commissioner's receipt of the initial application and completed application, the type of license sought, the date of denial of the application, the nature of the basis for the denial, the record of informal resolution of a denial, orders of hearings, findings of fact, conclusions of law, specifications of the final order of denial, and the status of any appeal of the denial.

- (5) The following data on persons subject to disqualification under section 245C.14 in connection with a license to provide family day care for children, child care center services, foster care for children in the provider's home, or foster care or day care services for adults in the provider's home, are public: the nature of any disqualification set aside under section 245C.22, subdivisions 2 and 4, and the reasons for setting aside the disqualification; the nature of any disqualification for which a variance was granted under sections 245A.04, subdivision 9; and 245C.30, and the reasons for granting any variance under section 245A.04, subdivision 9; and, if applicable, the disclosure that any person subject to a background study under section 245C.03, subdivision 1, has successfully passed a background study. If a licensing sanction under section 245A.07, or a license denial under section 245A.05, is based on a determination that an individual subject to disqualification under chapter 245C is disqualified, the disqualification as a basis for the license holder or applicant, the identity of the license holder or applicant is public data. If the disqualified individual is an individual other than the license holder or applicant, the identity of the disqualified individual shall remain private data.
- (6) When maltreatment is substantiated under section 626.556 or 626.557 and the victim and the substantiated perpetrator are affiliated with a program licensed under chapter 245A, the commissioner of human services, local social services agency, or county welfare agency may inform the license holder where the maltreatment occurred of the identity of the substantiated perpetrator and the victim.
- (7) Notwithstanding clause (1), for child foster care, only the name of the license holder and the status of the license are public if the county attorney has requested that data otherwise classified as public data under clause (1) be considered private data based on the best interests of a child in placement in a licensed program.
- (c) The following are private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12, or nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9: personal and personal financial data on family day care program and family foster care program applicants and licensees and their family members who provide services under the license.
- (d) The following are private data on individuals: the identity of persons who have made reports concerning licensees or applicants that appear in inactive investigative data, and the records of clients or employees of the licensee or applicant for licensure whose records are received by the licensing agency for purposes of review or in anticipation of a contested matter. The names of reporters of complaints or alleged violations of licensing standards under chapters 245A, 245B, 245C, and applicable rules and alleged maltreatment under sections 626.556 and 626.557, are confidential data and may be disclosed only as provided in section 626.556, subdivision 11, or 626.557, subdivision 12b.
- (e) Data classified as private, confidential, nonpublic, or protected nonpublic under this subdivision become public data if submitted to a court or administrative law judge as part of a disciplinary proceeding in which there is a public hearing concerning a license which has been

suspended, immediately suspended, revoked, or denied.

- (f) Data generated in the course of licensing investigations that relate to an alleged violation of law are investigative data under subdivision 3.
- (g) Data that are not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision that relate to or are derived from a report as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 2, or 626.5572, subdivision 18, are subject to the destruction provisions of sections 626.556, subdivision 11c, and 626.557, subdivision 12b.
- (h) Upon request, not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision that relate to or are derived from a report of substantiated maltreatment as defined in section 626.556 or 626.557 may be exchanged with the Department of Health for purposes of completing background studies pursuant to section 144.057 and with the Department of Corrections for purposes of completing background studies pursuant to section 241.021.
- (i) Data on individuals collected according to licensing activities under chapters 245A and 245C, and data on individuals collected by the commissioner of human services according to maltreatment investigations under sections 626.556 and 626.557, may be shared with the Department of Human Rights, the Department of Health, the Department of Corrections, the ombudsman for mental health and developmental disabilities, and the individual's professional regulatory board when there is reason to believe that laws or standards under the jurisdiction of those agencies may have been violated. Unless otherwise specified in this chapter, the identity of a reporter of alleged maltreatment or licensing violations may not be disclosed.
- (j) In addition to the notice of determinations required under section 626.556, subdivision 10f, if the commissioner or the local social services agency has determined that an individual is a substantiated perpetrator of maltreatment of a child based on sexual abuse, as defined in section 626.556, subdivision 2, and the commissioner or local social services agency knows that the individual is a person responsible for a child's care in another facility, the commissioner or local social services agency shall notify the head of that facility of this determination. The notification must include an explanation of the individual's available appeal rights and the status of any appeal. If a notice is given under this paragraph, the government entity making the notification shall provide a copy of the notice to the individual who is the subject of the notice.
- (k) All not public data collected, maintained, used, or disseminated under this subdivision and subdivision 3 may be exchanged between the Department of Human Services, Licensing Division, and the Department of Corrections for purposes of regulating services for which the Department of Human Services and the Department of Corrections have regulatory authority.
 - Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.46, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Medical data; contracts.** Data relating to the medical, psychiatric, or mental health of any individual, including diagnosis, progress charts, treatment received, case histories, and opinions of health care providers, that is eollected, are maintained, used, or disseminated by any agency to the welfare system is private data on individuals and will be available to the data subject, unless the private health care provider has clearly requested in writing that the data be withheld pursuant to sections 144.291 to 144.298. Data on individuals that is collected, maintained, used, or disseminated by a private health care provider under contract to any agency of the welfare system is are private data on individuals, and is are subject to the provisions of sections 13.02 to 13.07 and this section,

except that the provisions of section 13.04, subdivision 3, shall not apply. Access to medical data referred to in this subdivision by the individual who is the subject of the data is subject to the provisions of sections 144.291 to 144.298. Access to information that is maintained by the public authority responsible for support enforcement and that is needed to enforce medical support is subject to the provisions of section 518A.41.

- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.46, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Other data.** Data collected, used, maintained, or disseminated by the welfare system that is are not data on individuals is are public pursuant to section 13.03, except the following data:
 - (a) investigative data classified by section 13.39;
 - (b) welfare investigative data classified by section 13.46, subdivision 3; and
 - (c) security information classified by section 13.37, subdivision 2.
 - Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.462, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "benefit data" means are data on individuals collected or created because an individual seeks information about becoming, is, or was an applicant for or a recipient of benefits or services provided under various housing, home ownership, rehabilitation and community action agency, Head Start, and food assistance programs administered by government entities. Benefit data does not include welfare data which shall be administered in accordance with section 13.46.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.47, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) "Employment and training data" means are data on individuals collected, maintained, used, or disseminated because an individual applies for, is currently enrolled in, or has been enrolled in employment and training programs funded with federal, state, or local resources, including those provided under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, United States Code, title 29, section 2801.

- (b) "Employment and training service provider" means an entity certified, or seeking to be certified, by the commissioner of employment and economic development to deliver employment and training services under section 116J.401, subdivision 2, or an organization that contracts with a certified entity or the Department of Employment and Economic Development to deliver employment and training services.
- (c) "Provider of training services" means an organization or entity that provides training under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, United States Code, title 29, section 2801.
 - Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.485, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. Corporations created before May 31, 1997. Government data maintained by a corporation created by a political subdivision before May 31, 1997, are governed by section 465.719, subdivision 14.
 - Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.485, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 6. Northern Technology Initiative, Inc. Government data maintained by Northern

Technology Initiative, Inc. are classified under section 116T.02, subdivisions 7 and 8.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.548, is amended to read:

13.548 SOCIAL RECREATIONAL DATA.

The following data collected and maintained by political subdivisions for the purpose of enrolling individuals in recreational and other social programs are elassified as private, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12: the name, address, telephone number, any other data that identifies identify the individual, and any data which describes the health or medical condition of the individual, family relationships and living arrangements of an individual or which are opinions as to the emotional makeup or behavior of an individual.

- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.585, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Confidential data. The following data on individuals maintained by the housing agency are classified as confidential data, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3: correspondence between the agency and the agency's attorney containing data collected as part of an active investigation undertaken for the purpose of the commencement or defense of potential or actual litigation, including but not limited to: referrals to the Office of the Inspector General or other prosecuting agencies for possible prosecution for fraud; initiation of lease terminations and eviction actions; admission denial hearings concerning prospective tenants; commencement of actions against independent contractors of the agency; and tenant grievance hearings.
 - Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.585, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Protected nonpublic data.** The following data not on individuals maintained by the housing agency are elassified as protected nonpublic data, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 13: correspondence between the agency and the agency's attorney containing data collected as part of an active investigation undertaken for the purpose of the commencement or defense of potential or actual litigation, including but not limited to, referrals to the Office of the Inspector General or other prosecuting bodies or agencies for possible prosecution for fraud and commencement of actions against independent contractors of the agency.
 - Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.601, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Applicants for appointment.** (a) Data about applicants for appointment to a public body collected by a government entity as a result of the applicant's application for appointment to the public body are private data on individuals except that the following are public:
 - (1) name;
- (2) city of residence, except when the appointment has a residency requirement that requires the entire address to be public;
 - (3) education and training;
 - (4) employment history;
 - (5) volunteer work;
 - (6) awards and honors;

- (7) prior government service; and
- (8) any data required to be provided or that is are voluntarily provided in an application for appointment to a multimember agency pursuant to section 15.0597; and
 - (9) veteran status.
- (b) Once an individual is appointed to a public body, the following additional items of data are public:
 - (1) residential address; and
- (2) either a telephone number or electronic mail address where the appointee can be reached, or both at the request of the appointee.;
 - (3) first and last dates of service on the public body;
 - (4) the existence and status of any complaints or charges against an appointee; and
- (5) upon completion of an investigation of a complaint or charge against an appointee, the final investigative report is public, unless access to the data would jeopardize an active investigation.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), any electronic mail address or telephone number provided by a public body for use by an appointee shall be public. An appointee may use an electronic mail address or telephone number provided by the public body as the designated electronic mail address or telephone number at which the appointee can be reached.
 - Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.635, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4a. **Dependent eligibility audit.** Data submitted to the commissioner of management and budget as part of a dependent eligibility audit are classified under section 43A.28.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.64, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. Unofficial fiscal notes. (a) For purposes of this subdivision, "unofficial fiscal note" means a fiscal note requested by or on behalf of a member of the legislature on draft language for a bill that has not been introduced.
- (b) This paragraph applies if a request for an unofficial fiscal note is accompanied by a directive from the requester that the data be classified under this paragraph. Government data on the request, the bill draft, and the unofficial fiscal note are private data on individuals or nonpublic data, provided that the data are accessible to, and may be disclosed by, the requester. If the unofficial fiscal note or an updated version is subsequently used for an introduced bill, or any legislation, including an amendment or a proposed bill, that any member of the legislature offers for consideration by a legislative committee, the fiscal note becomes public data.
 - Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.643, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Data received from federal government.** All data received by the Department of Agriculture from the United States Department of Health and Human Services, the Food and Drug Administration, and the Agriculture, Food Safety, and Inspection Service that is are necessary for

the purpose of carrying out the Department of Agriculture's statutory food safety regulatory and enforcement duties are classified as nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9, and private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12. This section does not preclude the obligation of the Department of Agriculture to appropriately inform consumers of issues that could affect public health.

- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.643, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Research, monitoring, or assessment data.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the following data created, collected, and maintained by the Department of Agriculture during research, monitoring, or the assessment of farm practices and related to natural resources, the environment, agricultural facilities, or agricultural practices are classified as private or nonpublic:
- (1) names, addresses, telephone numbers, and e-mail addresses of study participants or cooperators; and
 - (2) location of research, study site, and global positioning system data.
 - (b) The following data is are public:
- (1) location data and unique well numbers for wells and springs unless protected under section 18B.10 or another statute or rule; and
- (2) data from samples collected from a public water supply as defined in section 144.382, subdivision 4.
- (c) The Department of Agriculture may disclose data collected under paragraph (a) if the Department of Agriculture determines that there is a substantive threat to human health and safety or to the environment, or to aid in the law enforcement process. The Department of Agriculture may also disclose data with written consent of the subject of the data.
 - Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.6435, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 13. **Ethanol producer payments.** Audited financial statements and notes and disclosure statements submitted to the commissioner of agriculture regarding ethanol producer payments pursuant to section 41A.09 are governed by section 41A.09, subdivision 3a.
 - Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.65, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Private data.** The following data created, collected and maintained by the Office of the Attorney General are classified as private data on individuals:
- (a) the record, including but not limited to, the transcript and exhibits of all disciplinary proceedings held by a state agency, board or commission, except in those instances where there is a public hearing;
- (b) communications and noninvestigative files regarding administrative or policy matters which do not evidence final public actions;
- (c) consumer complaint data, other than that those data classified as confidential, including consumers' complaints against businesses and follow-up investigative materials;
 - (d) investigative data, obtained in anticipation of, or in connection with litigation or an

administrative proceeding where the investigation is not currently active; and

- (e) data collected by the Consumer Division of the Attorney General's Office in its administration of the home protection hot line including: the name, address, and phone number of the consumer; the name and address of the mortgage company; the total amount of the mortgage; the amount of money needed to bring the delinquent mortgage current; the consumer's place of employment; the consumer's total family income; and the history of attempts made by the consumer to renegotiate a delinquent mortgage.
 - Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.65, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Confidential data.** The following data created, collected and maintained by the Office of the Attorney General are classified as confidential, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 3: data acquired through communications made in official confidence to members of the attorney general's staff where the public interest would suffer by disclosure of the data.
 - Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.65, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Public data.** Data describing the final disposition of disciplinary proceedings held by any state agency, board, or commission are elassified as public, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 15.
 - Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.679, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Utility or telephone company employee or customer.** (a) The following are private data on individuals: data collected by the commissioner of commerce or the Public Utilities Commission, including the names or any other data that would reveal the identity of either an employee or customer of a telephone company or public utility who files a complaint or provides information regarding a violation or suspected violation by the telephone company or public utility of any federal or state law or rule; except this these data may be released as needed to law enforcement authorities.
- (b) The following are private data on individuals: data collected by the commission or the commissioner of commerce on individual public utility or telephone company customers or prospective customers, including copies of tax forms, needed to administer federal or state programs that provide relief from telephone company bills, public utility bills, or cold weather disconnection. The determination of eligibility of the customers or prospective customers may be released to public utilities or telephone companies to administer the programs.
 - Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.719, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Comprehensive health insurance data.** (a) The following data on eligible persons and enrollees of the state comprehensive health insurance plan are classified as private: all data collected or maintained by the Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association, the writing carrier, and the Department of Commerce.
- (b) The Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association is considered a state agency for purposes of this chapter.
- (c) The Minnesota Comprehensive Health Association may disclose data on eligible persons and enrollees of the state comprehensive health insurance plan to conduct actuarial and research studies,

notwithstanding the classification of this these data, if:

- (1) the board authorizes the disclosure;
- (2) no individual may be identified in the actuarial or research report;
- (3) materials allowing an individual to be identified are returned or destroyed as soon as they are no longer needed; and
- (4) the actuarial or research organization agrees not to disclose the information unless the disclosure would be permitted under this chapter is made by the association.
 - Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.719, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Data on insurance companies and township mutual companies.** The following data collected and maintained by the Department of Commerce are classified as nonpublic data:
- (a) that portion of any of the following data which would identify the affected insurance company or township mutual company: (1) any order issued pursuant to section 60A.031, subdivision 5, or 67A.241, subdivision 4, and based in whole or in part upon a determination or allegation by the Commerce Department or commissioner that an insurance company or township mutual company is in an unsound, impaired, or potentially unsound or impaired condition; or (2) any stipulation, consent agreement, letter agreement, or similar document evidencing the settlement of any proceeding commenced pursuant to an order of a type described in clause (1), or an agreement between the department and an insurance company or township mutual company entered in lieu of the issuance of an order of the type described in clause (1); and
 - (b) any correspondence or attachments relating to the data listed in this subdivision.
 - Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.7191, subdivision 14, is amended to read:
- Subd. 14. Requirements for health plan companies. (a) Minnesota Risk Adjustment Association. Data privacy issues concerning the Minnesota Risk Adjustment Association are governed by section 62Q.03, subdivision 9.
- (b) **Essential community provider.** Data on applications for designation as an essential community provider are classified under section 62Q.19, subdivision 2.
- (c) **Disclosure of executive compensation.** Disclosure of certain data to consumer advisory boards is governed by section 62Q.64.
- (d) **Audits conducted by independent organizations.** Data provided by an independent organization related to an audit report are governed by section 62Q.37, subdivision 8.
 - Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.7191, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
- Subd. 18. **Workers' compensation self-insurance.** (a) **Self-Insurers' Advisory Committee.** Data received by the Self-Insurers' Advisory Committee from the commissioner are classified under section 79A.02, subdivision 2.
- (b) **Self-insurers' security fund.** Disclosure of certain data received by the self-insurers' security is governed by section 79A.09, subdivision 4.

- (c) Commercial self-insurers' security fund. Disclosure of certain data received by the commercial self-insurers' security fund is governed by section 79A.26, subdivision 4.
- (d) **Self-insurers' security fund and the board of trustees.** The security fund and its board of trustees are governed by section 79A.16.
- (e) Commercial self-insurance group security fund. The commercial self-insurance group security fund and its board of trustees are governed by section 79A.28.
 - Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.72, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
- Subd. 11. **Design-build transportation project** data. (a) This subdivision applies to government data of the Department of Transportation when the Department commissioner of transportation undertakes a design-build transportation project as defined in section 161.3410, subdivision 6, the statement of qualification evaluation eviteria and scoring methodology, statement of qualification evaluations, technical proposal evaluation criteria and scoring methodology, and technical proposal evaluations are classified as protected nonpublic data with regard to data not on individuals and as confidential data on individuals. The statement of qualification evaluation eviteria and scoring methodology and statement of qualification evaluations are public when the Department of Transportation announces the short list of qualified contractors. The technical proposal evaluation criteria, scoring methodology, and technical proposal evaluations are public when the project is awarded.
- (b) When the commissioner solicits a request for qualifications (RFQ), as defined in section 161.3410, subdivision 9:
- (1) the statement of qualifications evaluation criteria and scoring methodology, identifying information concerning the members of the technical review committee, and the statement of qualifications evaluations are confidential data on individuals or protected nonpublic data; and
- (2) the statement of qualifications submitted by a potential design-build firm, as defined in section 161.3410, subdivision 4, is nonpublic data.

When the commissioner announces the short list of qualified design-build firms, the statement of qualifications evaluation criteria and scoring methodology and the statement of qualifications evaluations classified under clause (1) become public data.

- (c) When the commissioner solicits a request for proposals (RFP), as defined in section 161.3410, subdivision 8:
- (1) the technical proposal; alternative technical concepts; preapproved elements; price proposal; disadvantaged business enterprise and equal employment opportunity submittal; and data used to evaluate the disadvantaged business enterprise and equal employment opportunity submittal, are nonpublic data; and
- (2) the technical proposal evaluation criteria and scoring methodology, and technical proposal evaluations are protected nonpublic data.
- (d) When the commissioner opens the price proposals under section 161.3426, subdivision 1, paragraph (b):
 - (1) the technical proposal evaluation scores and the dollar amounts in the price proposals become

public data;

- (2) the statement of qualifications submitted by a potential design-build firm; the technical proposal; alternative technical concepts; preapproved elements; the disadvantaged business enterprise and equal employment opportunity submittal; and data used to evaluate the disadvantaged business enterprise and equal employment opportunity submittal, remain nonpublic data until the project is awarded, with the exception of trade secret data as defined and classified in section 13.37; and
- (3) the technical proposal evaluation criteria and scoring methodology; technical proposal evaluations, other than scores made public under clause (1); and identifying information concerning the members of the technical review committee, remain protected nonpublic data until the project is awarded.
- (e) If all responses to a request for proposals are rejected before awarding the project, data that do not become public under this subdivision retain their classification until a resolicitation of the request for proposals results in award of the project or a determination is made to abandon the project. If a resolicitation of proposals does not occur within one year of the announcement of the short list of qualified design-build firms, all data under this subdivision become public.
 - Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.72, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 17. **Adopt-a-highway data.** The following data on participants collected by the Department of Transportation to administer the adopt-a-highway program are classified as private data on individuals: home addresses, except for zip codes; home e-mail addresses; and home telephone numbers.
 - Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.7932, is amended to read:

13.7932 LOGGER SAFETY AND EDUCATION PROGRAM DATA.

The following data collected from persons who attend safety and education programs or seminars for loggers established or approved by the commissioner under section 176.130, subdivision 11, is are public data:

- (1) the names of the individuals attending the program or seminar;
- (2) the names of each attendee's employer;
- (3) the city where the employer is located;
- (4) the date the program or seminar was held; and
- (5) a description of the seminar or program.
- Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.82, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Arrest data.** The following data created or collected by law enforcement agencies which documents document any actions taken by them to cite, arrest, incarcerate or otherwise substantially deprive an adult individual of liberty shall be public at all times in the originating agency:
 - (a) time, date and place of the action;

- (b) any resistance encountered by the agency;
- (c) any pursuit engaged in by the agency;
- (d) whether any weapons were used by the agency or other individual;
- (e) the charge, arrest or search warrants, or other legal basis for the action;
- (f) the identities of the agencies, units within the agencies and individual persons taking the action;
- (g) whether and where the individual is being held in custody or is being incarcerated by the agency;
- (h) the date, time and legal basis for any transfer of custody and the identity of the agency or person who received custody;
 - (i) the date, time and legal basis for any release from custody or incarceration;
- (j) the name, age, sex and last known address of an adult person or the age and sex of any juvenile person cited, arrested, incarcerated or otherwise substantially deprived of liberty;
- (k) whether the agency employed wiretaps or other eavesdropping techniques, unless the release of this specific data would jeopardize an ongoing investigation;
- (1) the manner in which the agencies received the information that led to the arrest and the names of individuals who supplied the information unless the identities of those individuals qualify for protection under subdivision 17; and
 - (m) response or incident report number.
 - Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.82, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Request for service data.** The following data created or collected by law enforcement agencies which <u>documents</u> <u>documents</u> requests by the public for law enforcement services shall be public government data:
 - (a) the nature of the request or the activity complained of;
- (b) the name and address of the individual making the request unless the identity of the individual qualifies for protection under subdivision 17;
 - (c) the time and date of the request or complaint; and
 - (d) the response initiated and the response or incident report number.
 - Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.82, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Response or incident data.** The following data created or collected by law enforcement agencies which <u>documents</u> <u>document</u> the agency's response to a request for service including, but not limited to, responses to <u>traffic</u> accidents, or which <u>describes</u> <u>describe</u> actions taken by the agency on its own initiative shall be public government data:
 - (a) date, time and place of the action;

- (b) agencies, units of agencies and individual agency personnel participating in the action unless the identities of agency personnel qualify for protection under subdivision 17;
 - (c) any resistance encountered by the agency;
 - (d) any pursuit engaged in by the agency;
 - (e) whether any weapons were used by the agency or other individuals;
 - (f) a brief factual reconstruction of events associated with the action;
- (g) names and addresses of witnesses to the agency action or the incident unless the identity of any witness qualifies for protection under subdivision 17;
- (h) names and addresses of any victims or casualties unless the identities of those individuals qualify for protection under subdivision 17;
 - (i) the name and location of the health care facility to which victims or casualties were taken;
 - (j) response or incident report number;
 - (k) dates of birth of the parties involved in a traffic accident;
 - (l) whether the parties involved were wearing seat belts; and
 - (m) the alcohol concentration of each driver.
 - Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.82, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. **Criminal investigative data.** Except for the data defined in subdivisions 2, 3, and 6, investigative data collected or created by a law enforcement agency in order to prepare a case against a person, whether known or unknown, for the commission of a crime or other offense for which the agency has primary investigative responsibility is are confidential or protected nonpublic while the investigation is active. Inactive investigative data is are public unless the release of the data would jeopardize another ongoing investigation or would reveal the identity of individuals protected under subdivision 17. Photographs which are part of inactive investigative files and which are clearly offensive to common sensibilities are classified as private or nonpublic data, provided that the existence of the photographs shall be disclosed to any person requesting access to the inactive investigative file. An investigation becomes inactive upon the occurrence of any of the following events:
 - (a) a decision by the agency or appropriate prosecutorial authority not to pursue the case;
- (b) expiration of the time to bring a charge or file a complaint under the applicable statute of limitations, or 30 years after the commission of the offense, whichever comes earliest; or
- (c) exhaustion of or expiration of all rights of appeal by a person convicted on the basis of the investigative data.

Any investigative data presented as evidence in court shall be public. Data determined to be inactive under clause (a) may become active if the agency or appropriate prosecutorial authority decides to renew the investigation.

During the time when an investigation is active, any person may bring an action in the

district court located in the county where the data is are being maintained to authorize disclosure of investigative data. The court may order that all or part of the data relating to a particular investigation be released to the public or to the person bringing the action. In making the determination as to whether investigative data shall be disclosed, the court shall consider whether the benefit to the person bringing the action or to the public outweighs any harm to the public, to the agency or to any person identified in the data. The data in dispute shall be examined by the court in camera.

- Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.82, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 30. Inactive financial transaction investigative data. Investigative data that become inactive under subdivision 7 that are a person's financial account number or transaction numbers are private or nonpublic data.
 - Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.83, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Public data.** Unless specifically classified otherwise by state statute or federal law, the following data created or collected by a medical examiner or coroner on a deceased individual is are public: name of the deceased; date of birth; date of death; address; sex; race; citizenship; height; weight; hair color; eye color; build; complexion; age, if known, or approximate age; identifying marks, scars and amputations; a description of the decedent's clothing; marital status; location of death including name of hospital where applicable; name of spouse; whether or not the decedent ever served in the armed forces of the United States; occupation; business; father's name (also birth name, if different); mother's name (also birth name, if different); birthplace; birthplace of parents; cause of death; causes of cause of death; whether an autopsy was performed and if so, whether it was conclusive; date and place of injury, if applicable, including work place; how injury occurred; whether death was caused by accident, suicide, homicide, or was of undetermined cause; certification of attendance by physician; physician's name and address; certification by coroner or medical examiner; name and signature of coroner or medical examiner; type of disposition of body; burial place name and location, if applicable; date of burial, cremation or removal; funeral home name and address; and name of local register or funeral director.
 - Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.83, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Investigative data.** Data created or collected by a county coroner or medical examiner which is are part of an active investigation mandated by chapter 390, or any other general or local law relating to coroners or medical examiners is are confidential data or protected nonpublic data, until the completion of the coroner's or medical examiner's final summary of findings but may be disclosed to a state or federal agency charged by law with investigating the death of the deceased individual about whom the medical examiner or coroner has medical examiner data. Upon completion of the coroner's or medical examiner's final summary of findings, the data collected in the investigation and the final summary of it are private or nonpublic data. However, if the final summary and the record of death indicate the manner of death is homicide, undetermined, or pending investigation and there is an active law enforcement investigation, within the meaning of section 13.82, subdivision 7, relating to the death of the deceased individual, the data remain confidential or protected nonpublic. Upon review by the county attorney of the jurisdiction in which the law enforcement investigation is active, the data may be released to persons described in subdivision 8 if the county attorney determines release would not impede the ongoing investigation. When the law enforcement investigation becomes inactive, the data are private or nonpublic data.

Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to make not public the data elements identified in subdivision 2 at any point in the investigation or thereafter.

- Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.83, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Classification of other data.** Unless a statute specifically provides a different classification, all other data created or collected by a county coroner or medical examiner that is are not data on deceased individuals or the manner and circumstances of their death is are public pursuant to section 13.03.
 - Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.87, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Firearms data.** All data pertaining to the purchase or transfer of firearms and applications for permits to carry firearms which are collected by government entities pursuant to sections 624.712 to 624.719 are elassified as private, pursuant to section 13.02, subdivision 12.
 - Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13D.015, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Notice.** If telephone or another electronic means is used to conduct a regular, special, or emergency meeting, the entity shall provide notice of the regular meeting location, of the fact that some members may participate by electronic means, and of the provisions of subdivision 4. The timing and method of providing notice is governed by section 13D.04. In addition, the entity must post the notice on its Web site at least ten days before the any regular meeting as defined in section 13D.04, subdivision 1.

Sec. 64. [13D.08] OPEN MEETING LAW CODED ELSEWHERE.

Subdivision 1. **Board of Animal Health.** Certain meetings of the Board of Animal Health are governed by section 35.0661, subdivision 1.

- Subd. 2. **Minnesota Life and Health Guaranty Association.** Meetings of the Minnesota Life and Health Guaranty Association Board of Directors are governed by section 61B.22.
- Subd. 3. **Comprehensive Health Association.** Certain meetings of the Comprehensive Health Association are governed by section 62E.10, subdivision 4.
- Subd. 4. Health Technology Advisory Committee. Certain meetings of the Health Technology Advisory Committee are governed by section 62J.156.
- Subd. 5. **Health Coverage Reinsurance Association.** Meetings of the Health Coverage Reinsurance Association are governed by section 62L.13, subdivision 3.
- Subd. 6. **Self-insurers' security fund.** Meetings of the self-insurers' security fund and its board of trustees are governed by section 79A.16.
- Subd. 7. Commercial self-insurance group security fund. Meetings of the commercial self-insurance group security fund are governed by section 79A.28.
- Subd. 8. **Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council.** Certain meetings of the Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council are governed by section 97A.056, subdivision 5.
- Subd. 9. Enterprise Minnesota, Inc. Certain meetings of the board of directors of Enterprise Minnesota, Inc. are governed by section 116O.03.

- Subd. 10. Minnesota Business Finance, Inc. Certain meetings of Minnesota Business Finance, Inc. are governed by section 116S.02.
- Subd. 11. Northern Technology Initiative, Inc. Certain meetings of Northern Technology Initiative, Inc. are governed by section 116T.02.
- Subd. 12. **Agricultural Utilization Research Institute.** Certain meetings of the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute are governed by section 116V.01, subdivision 10.
- Subd. 13. Hospital authorities. Certain meetings of hospitals established under section 144.581 are governed by section 144.581, subdivisions 4 and 5.
- Subd. 14. **Advisory Council on Workers' Compensation.** Certain meetings of the Advisory Council on Workers' Compensation are governed by section 175.007, subdivision 3.
- Subd. 15. **Electric cooperatives.** Meetings of a board of directors of an electric cooperative that has more than 50,000 members are governed by section 308A.327.
- Subd. 16. Town boards. Certain meetings of town boards are governed by section 366.01, subdivision 11.
- Subd. 17. Hennepin County Medical Center and HMO. Certain meetings of the Hennepin County Board on behalf of the HMO or Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc. are governed by section 383B.217.
- Subd. 18. Hennepin Healthcare System, Inc. are governed by section 383B.917.
 - Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 43A.28, is amended to read:

43A.28 ENROLLMENT.

- Subdivision 1. General. The time, manner, and conditions and terms of eligibility for enrollment of persons eligible for state paid or individual paid life insurance, hospital, medical and dental benefits, and optional coverages authorized shall be determined and prescribed by the commissioner according to collective bargaining agreements and plans established pursuant to section 43A.18.
- Subd. 2. Audit data. Data submitted to the commissioner by individuals for the purposes of a dependent eligibility audit conducted pursuant to Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 10, article 3, section 40, for life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefits are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, provided that the data may be shared with and used by an employer if necessary to pursue any action arising out of apparent ineligibility of a dependent.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 66. [43A.281] LIMIT ON TERMINATION OF DEPENDENT COVERAGE.

(a) The commissioner of management and budget may not terminate the enrollment of a dependent in the state employee group insurance program as a result of a failure to submit documentation required under a dependent eligibility verification audit unless all of the following have occurred:

- (1) at least 30 days before the proposed termination of a dependent's coverage, the commissioner has notified the covered plan member by mail of each type of required documentation that has not been submitted;
- (2) at least 30 days before the proposed termination of a dependent's coverage, the commissioner has notified the covered plan member of the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of one or more employees of the Department of Management and Budget who the covered plan member may contact regarding the proposed termination of the dependent's coverage;
- (3) at least 30 days before the proposed termination of a dependent's coverage, the commissioner has notified the covered plan member of how the covered plan member may appeal a finding that a dependent is not eligible to continue in the program, and the appeal process has been completed; and
- (4) if a covered plan member has demonstrated to the commissioner's satisfaction that it is impractical for the covered plan member to submit required documentation, the commissioner has provided the covered plan member an alternative compliance method that the commissioner has determined is a reasonable manner of proving eligible dependent status, and the covered plan member has not submitted documents required under this alternative method.
 - (b) This section expires on January 1, 2014.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 79A.16, is amended to read:

79A.16 OPEN MEETING; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT.

The security fund and its board of trustees shall not be subject to (1) the Open Meeting Law, chapter 13D, (2) the Open Appointments Law, (3) the Data Privacy Law Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, chapter 13, and (4) except where specifically set forth, the Administrative Procedure Act.

The Self-Insurers' Advisory Committee shall not be subject to clauses (2) and (4).

Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 79A.28, is amended to read:

79A.28 OPEN MEETING; ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE ACT.

The commercial self-insurance group security fund and its board of trustees shall not be subject to:

- (1) the Open Meeting Law, chapter 13D;
- (2) the Open Appointments Law;
- (3) the Data Privacy Law Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, chapter 13; and
- (4) except where specifically set forth, the Administrative Procedure Act.
- Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 84.0874, is amended to read:

84.0874 ELECTRONIC LICENSING SYSTEM DATA.

- (a) The following data created, collected, stored, or maintained by the department for purposes of obtaining a noncommercial game and fish license, cross-country ski pass, horse pass, or snowmobile trail sticker; registering a recreational motor vehicle; or any other electronic licensing transaction are private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12: name, addresses, driver's license number, and date of birth. The data may be disclosed for law enforcement purposes. The data, other than the driver's license number, may be disclosed to a government entity and for natural resources management purposes, including recruitment, retention, and training certification and verification.
 - (b) Private data on individuals under paragraph (a) may be disclosed as follows:
- (1) for use by any government agency, including a court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its functions, or any private person or entity acting on behalf of a federal, state, or local agency in carrying out its functions;
- (2) for use in connection with matters of vehicle or operator safety and theft, emissions, product alterations, recalls or advisories, and performance monitoring;
- (3) for use in the normal course of business by a legitimate business or its agents, employees, or contractors, in order to verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by an individual. If the information as submitted is not correct or is no longer correct, correct information may be obtained only for the purpose of preventing fraud by, pursuing legal remedies against, or recovering on a debt or security interest against the individual. If the person requesting access is acting as the agent of a lienholder, the requestor must submit proof of a contract with the lienholder;
- (4) for use in connection with any civil, criminal, administrative, or arbitration proceedings in any federal, state, or local court or agency or before any self-regulatory body, including service of process, investigation in anticipation of litigation, and the execution or enforcement of judgments and orders, or pursuant to an order of a federal, state, or local court, provided that the requestor provides a copy of the court order;
- (5) for use by any insurer or insurance support organization, or by a self-insured entity, or its agents, employees, or contractors, in connection with claims investigation activities or antifraud activities. If the person requesting access is an agent of an insurance company, the requestor must provide the insurance company's name;
- (6) for use in providing notice to the owners of towed or impounded recreational vehicles or watercraft. The person requesting access must provide the name, address, and telephone number of the entity that requested that the recreational vehicle or watercraft be towed;
- (7) for use by any licensed private investigative agency or licensed security service for any purpose permitted under this section, provided that the person provides a copy of a valid license; or
- (8) where the use is related to the physical safety or security of operators, vehicles, pedestrians, or property.

The commissioner must not disclose data under this paragraph if the commissioner concludes that the requester is likely to use the data for an improper purpose or other purpose not authorized by this paragraph.

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 216C.266, is amended to read:

216C.266 DATA PRIVACY; ENERGY PROGRAMS.

Subdivision 1. Classification of application data. Data on individuals collected, maintained, or created because an individual applies on behalf of a household for benefits or services provided by the energy assistance and weatherization programs is are private data on individuals and must not be disseminated except pursuant to section 13.05, subdivisions 3 and 4, or as provided in this section.

- Subd. 2. **Sharing energy assistance program data.** The commissioner may disseminate to the commissioner of human services the name, telephone number, and last four digits of the Social Security number of any individual who applies on behalf of a household for benefits or services provided by the energy assistance program if the household is determined to be eligible for the energy assistance program.
- Subd. 3. Use of shared data. Data disseminated to the commissioner of human services under subdivision 2 may be disclosed to a person other than the subject of the data only for the purpose of determining a household's eligibility for the telephone assistance program pursuant to section 13.46, subdivision 2, clause (23).
- Subd. 4. Additional use of energy assistance program data. The commissioner may use the name, telephone number, and last four digits of the Social Security number of any individual who applies on behalf of a household for benefits or services provided by the energy assistance program for the purpose of determining whether the household is eligible for the telephone assistance program if the household is determined to be eligible for the energy assistance program.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 237.701, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Fund created; authorized expenditures.** The telephone assistance fund is created as a separate account in the state treasury to consist of amounts received by the commissioner of public safety representing the surcharge authorized by section 237.70, subdivision 6, and amounts earned on the fund assets. Money in the fund may be used only for:

- (1) reimbursement to local service providers for expenses and credits allowed in section 237.70, subdivision 7, paragraph (d), clause (5);
- (2) reimbursement of the reasonable administrative expenses of the commission, a portion of which may be used for periodic promotional activities, including, but not limited to, radio or newspaper advertisements, to inform eligible households of the availability of the telephone assistance program; and
 - (3) reimbursement of the statewide indirect cost of the commission; and
- (4) reimbursement of the reasonable expenses of the commissioner of commerce and the commissioner of human services for administering section 216C.266, subdivisions 2 and 4.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 72. REPEALER.

(a) Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.05, subdivisions 1, 2, and 8, are repealed.

(b) Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 13.4967, subdivision 6a; and 298.22, subdivision 12, are repealed retroactively from the date of their final enactment."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; classifying and authorizing sharing of data; making technical and clarifying changes to data practices and open meeting law provisions; imposing a limitation on state dependent audits; repealing certain data practices provisions; adding cross-references to open meeting law provisions codified elsewhere; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 13.02, subdivisions 3, 4, 8a, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16; 13.03, subdivisions 2, 4; 13.072, subdivision 2; 13.10, subdivision 1; 13.202, subdivision 3; 13.37, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.3805, subdivision 1; 13.384, subdivision 1; 13.39, by adding a subdivision; 13.43, subdivision 1, by adding subdivisions; 13.44, subdivision 3; 13.46, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 13.462, subdivision 1; 13.47, subdivision 1; 13.485, by adding subdivisions; 13.548; 13.585, subdivisions 2, 3; 13.601, subdivision 3; 13.635, by adding a subdivision; 13.64, by adding a subdivision; 13.643, subdivisions 5, 7; 13.6435, by adding a subdivision; 13.65, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 13.679, subdivision 2; 13.719, subdivisions 1, 5; 13.7191, subdivisions 14, 18; 13.72, subdivision 11, by adding a subdivision; 13.7932; 13.82, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7, by adding a subdivision; 13.83, subdivisions 2, 4, 6; 13.87, subdivision 2; 13D.015, subdivision 5; 43A.28; 79A.16; 79A.28; 84.0874; 216C.266; 237.701, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13; 13D; 43A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 13.05, subdivisions 1, 2, 8; 13.4967, subdivision 6a; 298.22, subdivision 12."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: Warren Limmer, Scott J. Newman, Dan D. Hall

House Conferees: Peggy Scott, Mary Liz Holberg, Steve Simon

Senator Limmer moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on S.F. No. 1143 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

S.F. No. 1143 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 64 and nays 1, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk Benson Bonoff Brown Carlson Chamberlain Cohen Dahms Daley DeKruif	Eaton Fischbach Gazelka Gerlach Gimse Goodwin Hall Hann Harrington Hayden	Howe Ingebrigtsen Jungbauer Kelash Koenen Kruse Langseth Latz Limmer Lourey	Metzen Michel Miller Nelson Newman Nienow Olson Ortman Pappas Parry Padarson	Rest Robling Rosen Saxhaug Senjem Sheran Sieben Skoe Sparks Stumpf
Dibble Dziedzic	Higgins Hoffman	Magnus McGuire	Pederson Reinert	Thompson Tomassoni

Torres Ray

Vandeveer

Wiger

Wolf

Those who voted in the negative were:

Marty

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

S.F. No. 1755 and the Conference Committee Report thereon were reported to the Senate.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S.E. NO. 1755

A bill for an act relating to state government; authorizing certain negotiations to avoid layoffs; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 179A.22, by adding a subdivision.

May 3, 2012

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

The Honorable Kurt Zellers Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S.F. No. 1755 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate concur in the House amendments and that S.F. No. 1755 be further amended as follows:

Delete section 4 of the Drazkowski amendment adopted by the House on April 28, 2012

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to state government; authorizing certain negotiations to avoid layoffs; providing that certain offers related to proposed collective bargaining agreements are public data; requiring submission of certain memoranda of understanding to the Legislative Coordinating Commission; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 13.7908, subdivision 2; 179.22, by adding a subdivision; 179A.22, by adding a subdivision."

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: Paul Gazelka, Theodore J. "Ted" Daley, Al D. DeKruif

House Conferees: Steve Drazkowski, Michael V. Nelson, Mike Benson

Senator Gazelka moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on S.F. No. 1755 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

S.F. No. 1755 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 36 and nays 29, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Benson	Fischbach	Ingebrigtsen	Newman	Senjem
Brown	Gazelka	Jungbauer	Nienow	Thompson
Carlson	Gerlach	Kruse	Olson	Vandevee
Chamberlain	Gimse	Limmer	Ortman	Wolf
Cohen	Hall	Magnus	Parry	
Dahms	Hann	Michel	Pederson	
Daley	Hoffman	Miller	Robling	
DeKruif	Howe	Nelson	Rosen	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Harrington	Latz	Reinert	Sparks
Bonoff	Hayden	Lourey	Rest	Stumpf
Dibble	Higgins	Marty	Saxhaug	Tomassoni
Dziedzic	Kelash	McGuire	Sheran	Torres Ray
Eaton	Koenen	Metzen	Sieben	Wiger
Goodwin	Langseth	Pappas	Skoe	C

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Pursuant to Rule 26, Senator Senjem, Chair of the Committee on Rules and Administration, designated H.F. No. 2967 a Special Order to be heard immediately.

SPECIAL ORDER

H.F. No. 2967: A bill for an act relating to state government; updating the equalizing factors and threshold rates to reflect the changed adjusted net tax capacity tax base; updating human services appropriations for changes reflected in the February forecast; making certain education shift adjustments; regulating the fire safety account; establishing a certain community outreach grant; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 123B.53, subdivisions 4, 5; 123B.591, subdivision 3; 124D.20, subdivision 5; 124D.22, subdivision 3; 126C.10, subdivisions 13a, 35; 126C.41, subdivision 5; 126C.63, subdivision 8; 126C.69, subdivisions 2, 9; 297I.06, subdivision 1; 299F.012, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 16A.152, subdivision 2; 123B.54; 123B.57, subdivision 4; 127A.45, subdivision 2; 297I.06, subdivision 3.

Senator Robling moved to amend H.F. No. 2967, as amended pursuant to Rule 45, adopted by the Senate April 25, 2012, as follows:

(The text of the amended House File is identical to S.F. No. 2558.)

Page 18, after line 15, insert:

"ARTICLE 4

SUPPLEMENTAL BUDGET APPROPRIATIONS

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, section 16A.96, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 10. **Validation.** (a) Appropriation bonds issued under this section may be validated in the manner provided by this subdivision. If comparable appropriation bonds are judicially determined to be valid, nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prevent the sale or delivery of any appropriation bonds without entry of a judgment of validation by the Minnesota Supreme Court pursuant to this subdivision with respect to the appropriation bonds authorized under this section.
- (b) Any appropriation bonds issued under this section that are validated shall be validated in the manner provided by this subdivision.
- (c) The Minnesota Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction to determine the validation of appropriation bonds and all matters connected with issuance of the bonds.
- (d) The commissioner may determine the commissioner's authority to issue appropriation bonds and the legality of all proceedings in connection with issuing bonds. For this purpose, a complaint shall be filed by the commissioner in the Minnesota Supreme Court against the state and the taxpayers and citizens.
- (e) As a condition precedent to filing of a complaint for the validation of appropriation bonds, the commissioner shall take action providing for the issuance of appropriation bonds in accordance with law.
- (f) The complaint shall set out the state's authority to issue appropriation bonds, the action or proceeding authorizing the issue and its adoption, all other essential proceedings had or taken in connection with issuing bonds, the amount of the appropriation bonds to be issued and the maximum interest they are to bear, and all other pertinent matters.
- (g) The Minnesota Supreme Court shall issue an order directed against the state and taxpayers, citizens, and others having or claiming any right, title, or interest affected by the issuance of appropriation bonds, or to be affected by the bonds, allowing all persons, in general terms and without naming them, and the state through its attorney general, to appear before the Minnesota Supreme Court at a designated time and place and show why the complaint should not be granted and the proceedings and appropriation bonds validated. A copy of the complaint and order shall be served on the attorney general at least 20 days before the time fixed for hearing. The attorney general shall examine the complaint, and, if it appears or there is reason to believe that it is defective, insufficient, or untrue, or if in the opinion of the attorney general the issuance of the appropriation bonds in question has not been duly authorized, defense shall be made by the attorney general as the attorney general deems appropriate.
- (h) Before the date set for hearing, as directed by the Minnesota Supreme Court, either the clerk of the Minnesota appellate courts or the commissioner shall publish a copy of the order in a legal newspaper of general circulation in Ramsey County and the state, at least once each week for two consecutive weeks, commencing with the first publication, which shall not be less than 20 days before the date set for hearing. By this publication, all taxpayers, citizens, and others having or claiming any right, title, or interest in the state are made parties defendant to the action and the

Minnesota Supreme Court has jurisdiction of them to the same extent as if named as defendants in the complaint and personally served with process.

- (i) Any taxpayer, citizen, or person interested may become a party to the action by moving against or pleading to the complaint at or before the time set for hearing. The Minnesota Supreme Court shall determine all questions of law and fact and make orders that will enable it to properly try and determine the action and render a final judgment within 30 days of the hearing with the least possible delay.
- (j) If the judgment validates appropriation bonds, the judgment is forever conclusive as to all matters adjudicated and as against all parties affected and all others having or claiming any right, title, or interest affected by the issuance of appropriation bonds, or to be affected in any way by issuing the bonds, and the validity of appropriation bonds or of any revenues pledged for the payment of the bonds, or of the proceedings authorizing the issuance of the bonds, including any remedies provided for their collection, shall never be called in question in any court by any person or party.
- (k)(1) Appropriation bonds, when validated under this section, shall have stamped or written on the bonds, by the proper officers of the state issuing them, a statement in substantially the following form: "This appropriation bond is one of a series of appropriation bonds which were validated by judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of Minnesota, rendered on, (year)."
- (2) A certified copy of the judgment or decree shall be received as evidence in any court in this state.
- (l) The costs shall be paid by the state, except that when a taxpayer, citizen, or other person contests the action or intervenes, the court may tax the whole or any part of the costs against the person that is equitable.
- (m) A justice of the Minnesota Supreme Court is not disqualified in any validation action because the justice is a landowner or taxpayer of the state.
 - Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 138.668, is amended to read:

138.668 ADMISSION FEES.

The Minnesota Historical Society may establish and collect reasonable fees for admission to state-owned historic sites in the state historic site network in section 138.661 for deposit in an account in the state treasury. These fees shall be available to the society.

- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 197.791, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5a. Apprenticeship and on-the-job training. (a) The commissioner, in consultation with the commissioners of employment and economic development and labor and industry, shall develop and implement an apprenticeship and on-the-job training program to administer a portion of the Minnesota GI Bill program to pay benefit amounts to eligible applicants, as provided in this subdivision.
- (b) An "eligible employer" means an employer operating a qualifying apprenticeship or on-the-job training program that has been approved by the commissioner.
- (c) A person is eligible for apprenticeship and on-the-job training assistance under this subdivision if the person meets the criteria established under subdivision 4, paragraphs (a), clause

- (1), and (c) to (e). The amount of assistance paid to or on behalf of an eligible individual under this subdivision must not exceed the following:
 - (1) \$2,000 per fiscal year for apprenticeship expenses;
 - (2) \$2,000 per fiscal year for on-the-job training;
- (3) \$1,000 for a job placement credit payable to an eligible employer upon hiring a person receiving assistance under this subdivision; and
- (4) \$1,000 for a job placement credit payable to an eligible employer after a person receiving assistance under this subdivision has been employed by the eligible employer for at least 12 consecutive months as a full-time employee.

No more than \$3,000 in aggregate benefits under this paragraph may be paid to or on behalf of an individual in one fiscal year, and not more than \$9,000 in aggregate benefits under this paragraph may be paid to or on behalf of an individual over any period of time.

- (d) Assistance for apprenticeship expenses and on-the-job training is available for qualifying programs, which must, at a minimum, meet the following criteria:
 - (1) the training must be with an eligible employer;
 - (2) the training must be documented and reported;
 - (3) the training must reasonably be expected to lead to an entry-level position; and
 - (4) the position must require at least six months of training to become fully trained.
 - Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 197.791, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **Appropriation.** The amount necessary to pay the benefit amounts in subdivision 5 subdivisions 5 and 5a is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner. During any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013 2012, the amount paid under this subdivision must not exceed \$6,000,000.

Sec. 5. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION; EVALUATION OF MANDATED HEALTH BENEFITS.

The commissioner of commerce shall issue a request for information regarding the cost and feasibility of a comprehensive evaluation of mandated health benefits required by a Minnesota statute or rule as of June 1, 2012. The commissioner shall issue a written report on the results of the request for information to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services and commerce no later than December 15, 2012. Any such evaluation must include the analysis, data, and information described in Minnesota Statutes, section 62J.26, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), clauses (1) through (6). For purposes of this section, a "mandated health benefit" means a statutory or administrative requirement that a health plan do the following:

- (1) provide coverage or increase the amount of coverage for the treatment of a particular disease, condition, or other health care need;
 - (2) provide coverage or increase the amount of coverage of a particular type of health care

treatment or service, or of equipment, supplies, or drugs used in connection with a health care treatment or service; or

(3) provide coverage for care delivered by a specific type of provider.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. FLOOD-RELATED APPROPRIATIONS.

- (a) The appropriation in Laws 2010, Second Special Session chapter 1, article 1, section 11, is reduced by \$285,000.
- (b) \$235,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2012 to the commissioner of public safety to provide a match for Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) disaster assistance to state agencies and political subdivisions under Minnesota Statutes, section 12.221, in the area designated under Presidential Declaration of Major Disaster, FEMA-1900-DR, for the flooding in Minnesota in the spring of 2010, whether included in the original declaration or added later by federal government action. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.
- (c) \$50,000 is appropriated from the general fund in fiscal year 2012 to the commissioner of natural resources for a grant to the Mankato Water Resources Center to prepare a report to identify potential flood mitigation measures and projects within the Zumbro River watershed as a result of the 2010 flood. By January 15 of each year, until this appropriation has been spent, the commissioner shall submit a report regarding the use of this appropriation to the chairs of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over natural resources policy and finance. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until expended.

Sec. 7. FUND TRANSFER; DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION.

Subdivision 1. Transfer of funds; plant management fund. \$80,000 in fiscal year 2012 is transferred from the plant management fund to the general fund. The amount represents proceeds from the sale of assets and other revenues related to resource recovery activities. This is a onetime transfer.

Subd. 2. **Transfer of funds; special revenue fund.** \$6,512 in fiscal year 2012 is transferred from the special revenue fund to the general fund. The amount represents remaining funds in an account for a completed savings monitoring energy program. This is a onetime transfer.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 8. BENCHMARKING STUDIES; APPROPRIATION.

Subdivision 1. **Appropriation.** (a) \$450,000 is appropriated in fiscal year 2012 from the general fund to the commissioner of the Department of Administration to contract for:

- (1) a benchmark study resulting in a benchmark report on the efficiency and effectiveness of the following back office functions: finance; procurement; and human resources, including payroll. The benchmark report shall be completed by November 1, 2012, and shall:
- (i) include an objective comparison of the performance of the state to peer groups and world-class organizations;

- (ii) quantify performance gaps;
- (iii) uncover hidden costs;
- (iv) identify improvement initiatives for the state to increase efficiency and effectiveness; and
- (v) suggest a prioritized ranking of the improvement initiatives; and
- (2) a student transportation study. This study must consider potential efficiencies that could result in employing a regional approach to student transportation. Consideration must be given to potential synergies between general transit and student transportation functions and must include all geographic areas of the state. The student transportation study shall be completed by November 1, 2012.
- (b) The commissioner of administration shall provide copies of the benchmark report and the student transportation study to the chairs and ranking minority members on the committees in the senate and house of representatives with primary jurisdiction over the Department of Administration.
- (c) The appropriation in paragraph (a) is a onetime appropriation and is available in fiscal year 2013.
- Subd. 2. Improvement initiatives. By January 15, 2013, the commissioner of administration shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with primary jurisdiction over the Department of Administration including:
- (1) a plan for implementing the improvement initiatives identified in the benchmarking report required under subdivision 1; and
 - (2) any draft legislation that is required to implement the improvements.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 9. APPROPRIATIONS; VETERANS AFFAIRS.

Subdivision 1. **Appropriations.** The amounts in this section are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of veterans affairs and are available for the purposes and in the fiscal years indicated.

- Subd. 2. County veteran service officers. \$200,000 in fiscal year 2013 is for a grant to the Minnesota County Veteran Service Officers. The grant must be used for community outreach as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 197.608, to all eligible veterans regarding the availability of benefits they have earned and especially those relating to posttraumatic stress disorder for all veterans, including World War II, Korean War, and Vietnam War era veterans. This is a onetime appropriation.
- Subd. 3. **Honor guards.** \$100,000 in fiscal year 2013 is for compensation for honor guards at the funerals of veterans under Minnesota Statutes, section 197.231. This is a onetime appropriation.
- Subd. 4. Minnesota Assistance Council for Veterans. \$100,000 in fiscal year 2013 is for a grant to the Minnesota Assistance Council for Veterans. This is a onetime appropriation.
 - Sec. 10. APPROPRIATION; SOFT BODY ARMOR.

\$472,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety in fiscal year 2012 for soft body armor reimbursements under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.38. This is a onetime appropriation. Any unexpended funds may be carried over into fiscal year 2013.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. STATE AGENCY RULEMAKING; APPROPRIATION.

- (a) \$126,000 in fiscal year 2013 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget to implement the requirements of Laws 2012, chapter 238, regarding the state agency rulemaking process. The commissioner may transfer this appropriation to other agencies as necessary to implement Laws 2012, chapter 238. This is a onetime appropriation.
- (b) \$14,000 in fiscal year 2013 is appropriated from the environmental fund to the commissioner of management and budget to implement the requirements of Laws 2012, chapter 238, regarding the state agency rulemaking process. The commissioner may transfer this appropriation to the Pollution Control Agency as necessary to implement Laws 2012, chapter 238. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 12. MINNESOTA STATE COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES LEVERAGED EQUIPMENT ACQUISITION; APPROPRIATION.

\$457,000 in fiscal year 2013 is appropriated from the general fund to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for leveraged equipment acquisition. For the purposes of this section, "equipment" means equipment for instructional purposes for programs that the board has determined would produce graduates with skills for which there is a high employer need within the state. An equipment acquisition may be made using this appropriation only if matched by cash or in-kind contributions from nonstate sources. This is a onetime appropriation."

Amend the title accordingly

Senator Robling moved to amend the Robling amendment to H.F. No. 2967, as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

Senator Hann moved to amend the first Robling amendment to H.F. No. 2967 as follows:

Page 1, after line 6, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 13.386, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Public health exception. Notwithstanding subdivisions 1 to 3, the commissioner of health may collect, store, use, and disseminate any genetic information, which includes biological information or specimens, to the extent required or permitted by any statute or rule that exists as of the effective date of this subdivision. This subdivision does not apply to newborn screening activities conducted under sections 144.125 to 144.128.

This subdivision expires July 1, 2013.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Page 3, after line 10, insert:

- "Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Objection of parents to test Information provided to parents. Persons with a duty to perform testing under subdivision 1 shall advise parents of infants (1) that the blood or tissue samples used to perform testing thereunder as well as the results of such testing may be retained by the Department of Health, (2) the benefit of retaining the blood or tissue sample, and (3) that the following options are available to them with respect to the testing: (i) to decline to have the tests, or (ii) to elect to have the tests but to require that all blood samples and records of test results be destroyed within 24 months of the testing. If the parents of an infant object in writing to testing for heritable and congenital disorders or elect to require that blood samples and test results be destroyed, the objection or election shall be recorded on a form that is signed by a parent or legal guardian and made part of the infant's medical record. A written objection exempts an infant from the requirements of this section and section 144.128. (a) The department shall make information and forms available to health care providers who provide prenatal care describing the newborn screening program and the provisions of this section to be used in a discussion with expectant parents and parents of newborns. The department shall make information and forms about newborn screening available to the persons with a duty to perform testing under this section and to expectant parents and parents of newborns using electronic and other means.
 - (b) Prior to collecting a sample, persons with a duty to perform testing under subdivision 1 must:
- (1) provide parents or legal guardians of infants with a document that provides the following information:
 - (i) the benefits of newborn screening;
- (ii) that the blood sample will be used to test for heritable and congenital disorders, as determined under subdivision 2;
 - (iii) the data that will be collected as part of the testing;
- (iv) the standard retention periods for blood samples and test results as provided in subdivision 6;
- (v) that blood samples and test results will be used for program operations during the standard retention period in accordance with subdivision 5;
- (vi) the Department of Health's Web site address where more information and forms may be obtained; and
- (vii) that parents have a right to elect not to have newborn screening performed and a right to secure private testing;
- (2) upon request, provide parents or legal guardians of infants with forms necessary to request that the infant not have blood collected for testing; and

- (3) record in the infant's medical record that a parent or legal guardian of the infant has received the information provided pursuant to this subdivision and has had an opportunity to ask questions.
- (c) Nothing in this section prohibits a parent or legal guardian of an infant from having newborn screening performed by a private entity.
 - Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 4. Parental options. (a) The parent or legal guardian of an infant otherwise subject to testing under this section may elect not to have newborn screening performed.
- (b) If a parent or legal guardian elects not to have newborn screening performed, then the election shall be recorded on a form that is signed by the parent or legal guardian. The signed form shall be made part of the infant's medical record and a copy shall be provided to the Department of Health. When a parent or legal guardian elects not to have newborn screening performed, the person with the duty to perform testing under subdivision 1 must follow that election. A written election to decline testing exempts persons with a duty to perform testing and the Department of Health from the requirements of this section and section 144.128.
 - Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 5. Newborn screening program operations. (a) "Newborn screening program operations" means actions, testing, and procedures directly related to the operation of the newborn screening program, limited to the following:
 - (1) confirmatory testing;
 - (2) laboratory quality control assurance and improvement;
 - (3) calibration of equipment;
- (4) evaluating and improving the accuracy of newborn screening tests for conditions approved for screening in Minnesota;
 - (5) validation of equipment and screening methods; and
- (6) continuity of operations to ensure testing can continue as required by Minnesota law in the event of an emergency.
- (b) No research, public health studies or development of new newborn screening tests shall be conducted under this subdivision.
 - Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 6. Standard retention period for samples and test results. The standard retention period for blood samples with a negative test result is up to 71 days from the date of receipt of the sample. The standard retention period for blood samples with a positive test result is up to 24 months from the date of receipt of the sample. The standard retention period for all test results is up to 24 months from the last date of reporting. Blood samples with a negative test result will be destroyed within one week of the 71-day retention period. Blood samples with a positive test result will be destroyed within one week of the 24-month retention period. All test results will be destroyed within one month of the 24-month retention period. During the standard retention period, the Department of Health

may use blood samples and test results for newborn screening program operations in accordance with subdivision 5.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 7. Parental options for extended storage and use. (a) The parent or legal guardian of an infant otherwise subject to testing under this section may authorize that the infant's blood sample and test results be retained and used by the Department of Health beyond the standard retention periods provided in subdivision 6 or the purposes described in subdivision 9.
- (b) The Department of Health must provide a consent form, with an attached Tennessen warning pursuant to section 13.04, subdivision 2. The consent form must provide the following:
- (1) information as to the personal identification and use of samples and test results for studies, including studies used to develop new tests;
- (2) information as to the personal identification and use of samples and test results for public health studies or research not related to newborn screening;
- (3) information that explains that the Department of Health will not store a blood sample or test result for longer than 18 years from an infant's birth date;
- (4) information that explains that, upon approval by the Department of Health's Institutional Review Board, blood samples and test results may be shared with external parties for public health studies or research;
- (5) information that explains that blood samples contain various components, including deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA); and
- (6) the benefits and risks associated with the department's storage of a child's blood sample and test results.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. Extended storage and use of samples and test results. When authorized in writing by a parent or legal guardian under subdivision 7, the Department of Health may store blood samples and test results for a time period not to exceed 18 years from the infant's birth date, and may use the blood samples and test results in accordance with subdivision 9.
 - Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 9. Written informed consent for other use of samples and test results. With the written, informed consent of a parent or legal guardian, the Department of Health may:
- (1) use blood samples and test results for studies related to newborn screening, including studies used to develop new tests; and
- (2) use blood samples and test results for public health studies or research not related to newborn screening, and upon approval by the Department of Health's Institutional Review Board, share samples and test results with external parties for public health studies or research.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.125, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 10. Revoking consent for storage and use. A parent or legal guardian may revoke approval for extended storage or use of blood samples or test results at any time by providing a signed and dated form requesting destruction of the blood samples or test results. The Department of Health shall make necessary forms available on the department's Web site. Blood samples must be destroyed within one week of receipt of a request or within one week of the standard retention period for blood samples provided in subdivision 6, whichever is later. Test results must be destroyed within one month of receipt of a request or within one month of the standard retention period for test results provided in subdivision 6, whichever is later.
 - Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 144.128, is amended to read:

144.128 COMMISSIONER'S DUTIES.

- (a) The commissioner shall:
- (1) notify the physicians of newborns tested of the results of the tests performed;
- (2) make referrals for the necessary treatment of diagnosed cases of heritable and congenital disorders when treatment is indicated;
- (3) maintain a registry of the cases of heritable and congenital disorders detected by the screening program for the purpose of follow-up services;
- (4) prepare a separate form for use by parents or by adults who were tested as minors to direct that blood samples and or test results be destroyed;
- (5) comply with a destruction request within 45 days after receiving it as described in section 144.125;
- (6) notify individuals who request destruction of samples and test results that the samples and test results have been destroyed and the date of destruction; and
 - (7) adopt rules to carry out sections 144.125 to 144.128.
- (b) Nothing in sections 144.125 to 144.128 shall exempt the commissioner from the requirements of the genetic privacy act in section 13.386 or from the penalties for a violation of the genetic privacy act as provided in chapter 13."

Page 8, after line 3, insert:

"Sec. 23. NOTIFICATION FROM COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.

After destruction of the test results created pursuant to the newborn screening program that were retained for more than two years prior to November 16, 2011, and after destruction of all blood samples collected pursuant to the newborn screening program that were retained prior to November 16, 2011, the commissioner of health must notify the public through a general announcement and must submit a letter of notification to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services.

Sec. 24. REPORTS FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH.

By January 15, 2013, the commissioner of health must publish and submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and data

privacy proposed legislation to authorize the commissioner of health to collect, store, use and disseminate genetic information, which includes biological information or specimens, for existing activities at the Department of Health where the commissioner of health determines express authorization is not already provided in law.

Sec. 25. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- (a) Sections 4 and 8 to 11 are effective August 1, 2012.
- (b) Sections 5 to 7 are effective the day following final enactment and apply to blood samples collected and test results created on or after that date.
- (c) Nothing in sections 1 to 12 affects or limits pending legal actions with respect to transactions, occurrences, or events that occurred prior to November 16, 2011."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the first Robling amendment, as amended. The motion prevailed. So the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

Senator Hayden moved to amend H.F. No. 2967, as amended pursuant to Rule 45, adopted by the Senate April 25, 2012, as follows:

(The text of the amended House File is identical to S.F. No. 2558.)

Page 18, after line 15, insert:

"ARTICLE 6

SUPPORTIVE HOUSING

Section 1. [462A.375] ADDITIONAL PURPOSES, HOUSING INFRASTRUCTURE BONDS.

In addition to any other purpose authorized in this chapter for use of housing infrastructure bond proceeds, the agency may use the proceeds to fund loans, on terms and conditions the agency deems appropriate, to finance the costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of supportive housing for girls and women to provide them protection from and the means to escape exploitation and trafficking."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

H.F. No. 2967 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 63 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk Benson Bonoff Brown Carlson Chamberlain Cohen Dahms Daley DeKruif Dibble	Fischbach Gazelka Gerlach Gimse Goodwin Hall Harrington Hayden Higgins Hoffman Howe	Kelash Koenen Kruse Langseth Latz Limmer Lourey Magnus Marty McGuire Metzen	Nelson Newman Nienow Olson Ortman Pappas Pederson Reinert Rest Robling Rosen	Sheran Sieben Skoe Sparks Stumpf Thompson Tomassoni Torres Ray Vandeveer Wiger Wolf
			\mathcal{E}	
Dziedzic Eaton	Ingebrigtsen Jungbauer	Michel Miller	Saxhaug Senjem	

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Messages From the House.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has adopted the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee on House File No. 1721, and repassed said bill in accordance with the report of the Committee, so adopted.

House File No. 1721 is herewith transmitted to the Senate.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted May 7, 2012

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON H. F. NO. 1721

A bill for an act relating to economic development; authorizing redevelopment demolition loans; eliminating a semiannual report; establishing a small business advocate office in the Business Assistance Center; granting Albert Lea the authority to establish an industrial sewer charge rebate program; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 116J.555, subdivision 2; 116J.571; 116J.572; 116J.575, by adding a subdivision; 116J.66; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116J.

May 3, 2012

The Honorable Kurt Zellers
Speaker of the House of Representatives

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

We, the undersigned conferees for H. F. No. 1721 report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the Senate recede from its amendments.

We request the adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

House Conferees: Bob Gunther, Rich Murray

Senate Conferees: Julie A. Rosen, John C. Pederson, Rod Skoe

Senator Rosen moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on H.F. No. 1721 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

H.F. No. 1721 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 65 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Fischbach	Jungbauer	Miller	Saxhaug
Benson	Gazelka	Kelash	Nelson	Senjem
Bonoff	Gerlach	Koenen	Newman	Sheran
Brown	Gimse	Kruse	Nienow	Sieben
Carlson	Goodwin	Langseth	Olson	Skoe
Chamberlain	Hall	Latz	Ortman	Sparks
Cohen	Hann	Limmer	Pappas	Stumpf
Dahms	Harrington	Lourey	Parry	Thompson
Daley	Hayden	Magnus	Pederson	Tomassoni
DeKruif	Higgins	Marty	Reinert	Torres Ray
Dibble	Hoffman	McGuire	Rest	Vandeveer
Dziedzic	Howe	Metzen	Robling	Wiger
Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Rosen	Wolf

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Orders of Business of Executive and Official Communications, Messages From the House and First Reading of House Bills.

EXECUTIVE AND OFFICIAL COMMUNICATIONS

The following communication was received.

May 7, 2012

The Honorable Michelle L. Fischbach President of the Senate

Dear Madam President:

I have vetoed and am returning Chapter 284, Senate File 1717, a bill modifying the State Building Code, and amending Minnesota Statutes related to licensing and independent contractors.

This bill would prevent the State Building Code, the State Fire Code, or political subdivisions from requiring the installation of fire suppression sprinklers in new or existing single-family homes. Except for this anti-sprinkler mandate, which I vetoed last year, I could support this bill's other provisions. They include clarification of statutory language governing certain occupational licenses and apprenticeships, as well as a pilot program for registering construction providers and improvements in regulating independent contractors.

Installation of fire suppression sprinklers is required by the International Residential Building Code, which is currently being considered for adoption in Minnesota. Objections to its requirements would be best considered through the regular code adoption process, which is now underway. This process allows adequate notice, time for fact gathering, and a public hearing. Commissioner of Labor and Industry Ken Peterson is committed to ensuring that the code adoption process is fair. He has pledged to consider carefully all sides of the issue before making a final decision.

As I stated in my veto message last year, I take very seriously the concerns which fire safety professionals have expressed about the safety of home residents, their properties, and the lives of the men and women who courageously risk their lives to fight those fires. They are concerned that newly built homes burn more quickly, and that more firefighters are injured when floors collapse during fires. They contend that, with sprinkler systems in place, fires could be more readily contained, resulting in fewer injuries and deaths to homeowners and firefighters.

For those reasons I have vetoed this bill.

Sincerely, Mark Dayton, Governor

Senator Senjem moved that S.F. No. 1717 and the veto message thereon be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following House File, herewith transmitted: H.F. No. 1752.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted May 7, 2012

FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following bill was read the first time.

H.F. No. 1752: A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and for other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; establishing programs; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds; modifying previous appropriations; authorizing Cook County to form a district for the construction of water facilities and provision of water service; authorizing the commissioner of natural resources to make certain acquisitions of land or interests in land; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 16A.633, by adding a subdivision; 16A.641, subdivision 9; 462A.21, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 16A.641, subdivision 7; 16A.96, by adding a subdivision; Laws 2006, chapter 258, sections 7, subdivision 23, as amended; 17, subdivision 3; Laws 2008, chapter 179, sections 7, subdivision 27, as amended: 17, subdivision 4; 18, subdivision 3, as amended; 19, subdivision 4, as amended; 21, subdivision 15, as amended; Laws 2009, chapter 93, article 1, section 12, subdivision 2; Laws 2010, chapter 189, sections 18, subdivision 5; 24, subdivision 3; Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 12, sections 3, subdivisions 7, 8; 14, subdivision 2; 19; 22; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 15B; 116J; 462A; repealing Laws 2011, chapter 107, section 101; Minnesota Rules, part 8895.0700, subpart 1.

Senator Senjem moved that H.F. No. 1752 be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

RECESS

Senator Senjem moved that the Senate do now recess until 5:30 p.m. The motion prevailed.

The hour of 5:30 p.m. having arrived, the President called the Senate to order.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Olson imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

RECESS

Senator Senjem moved that the Senate do now recess subject to the call of the President. The motion prevailed.

After a brief recess, the President called the Senate to order.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Senator Senjem imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

APPOINTMENTS

Senator Senjem from the Subcommittee on Conference Committees recommends that the

following Senators be and they hereby are appointed as a Conference Committee on:

S.F. No. 1212: Senators Brown, Nienow and Lourey.

Senator Senjem moved that the foregoing appointments be approved. The motion prevailed.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Senator Rosen moved that her name be stricken as chief author, and the name of Senator Senjem be added as chief author to S.F. No. 1463. The motion prevailed.

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Messages From the House.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following Senate File, AS AMENDED by the House, in which amendments the concurrence of the Senate is respectfully requested:

S.F. No. 1983: A bill for an act relating to appropriations; eliminating a fire safety account allocation; modifying certain surcharges; eliminating the transfer of funds from the construction code fund to the general fund; appropriating money for the fire safety account; requiring a report; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, section 297I.06, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 16A.152, subdivision 2; 326B.148, subdivision 1; Laws 2007, chapter 135, article 1, section 16.

Senate File No. 1983 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned May 7, 2012

CONCURRENCE AND REPASSAGE

Senator DeKruif moved that the Senate concur in the amendments by the House to S.F. No. 1983 and that the bill be placed on its repassage as amended. The motion prevailed.

S.F. No. 1983 was read the third time, as amended by the House, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 64 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

BakkBonoffCarlsonCohenDaleyBensonBrownChamberlainDahmsDeKruif

Dibble	Higgins	Lillie	Olson	Sheran
Dziedzic	Hoffman	Limmer	Ortman	Sieben
Eaton	Howe	Lourey	Pappas	Skoe
Fischbach	Ingebrigtsen	Magnus	Parry	Sparks
Gazelka	Jungbauer	Marty	Pederson	Stumpf
Gimse	Kelash	McGuire	Reinert	Thompson
Goodwin	Koch	Metzen	Rest	Tomassoni
Hall	Koenen	Miller	Robling	Vandeveer
Hann	Kruse	Nelson	Rosen	Wiger
Harrington	Langseth	Newman	Saxhaug	Wolf
Hayden	Latz	Nienow	Senjem	

So the bill, as amended, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Senator Senjem moved that H.F. No. 1752 be taken from the table. The motion prevailed.

H.F. No. 1752: A bill for an act relating to capital improvements; authorizing spending to acquire and better public land and buildings and for other improvements of a capital nature with certain conditions; establishing programs; authorizing the sale and issuance of state bonds; modifying previous appropriations; authorizing Cook County to form a district for the construction of water facilities and provision of water service; authorizing the commissioner of natural resources to make certain acquisitions of land or interests in land; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 16A.633, by adding a subdivision; 16A.641, subdivision 9; 462A.21, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 16A.641, subdivision 7; 16A.96, by adding a subdivision; Laws 2006, chapter 258, sections 7, subdivision 23, as amended; 17, subdivision 3; Laws 2008, chapter 179, sections 7, subdivision 27, as amended; 17, subdivision 4; 18, subdivision 3, as amended; 19, subdivision 4, as amended; 21, subdivision 15, as amended; Laws 2009, chapter 93, article 1, section 12, subdivision 2; Laws 2010, chapter 189, sections 18, subdivision 5; 24, subdivision 3; Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 12, sections 3, subdivisions 7, 8; 14, subdivision 2; 19; 22; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 15B; 116J; 462A; repealing Laws 2011, chapter 107, section 101; Minnesota Rules, part 8895.0700, subpart 1.

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Senator Senjem moved that an urgency be declared within the meaning of Article IV, Section 19, of the Constitution of Minnesota, with respect to H.F. No. 1752 and that the rules of the Senate be so far suspended as to give H.F. No. 1752 its second and third reading and place it on its final passage.

The question was taken on the adoption of the motion.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 47 and nays 19, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Dziedzic	Harrington	Jungbauer	Lourey
Bonoff	Eaton	Hayden	Kelash	Magnus
Carlson	Fischbach	Higgins	Koenen	Marty
Cohen	Gimse	Howe	Langseth	McGuire
Dahms	Goodwin	Ingebrigtsen	Latz	Metzen

Wiger Wolf

Michel	Pappas	Rosen	Skoe
Miller	Pederson	Saxhaug	Sparks
Nelson	Reinert	Senjem	Stumpf
Olson	Rest	Sheran	Tomassoni
Ortman	Robling	Sieben	Torres Ray

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	DeKruif	Hann	Lillie	Parry
Brown	Dibble	Hoffman	Limmer	Thompson
Chamberlain	Gazelka	Koch	Newman	Vandeveer
Dalev	Hall	Kruse	Nienow	

The motion prevailed.

H.F. No. 1752 was read the second time.

Senator Parry moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 22, line 1, delete "10,000,000" and insert "60,000,000"

Page 28, delete subdivision 5

Page 37, delete section 32

Renumber the subdivisions and sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 25 and nays 40, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Benson	Dibble	Jungbauer	Newman	Skoe
Brown	Hall	Koch	Nienow	Sparks
Chamberlain	Hann	Kruse	Ortman	Thompson
Daley	Hoffman	Lillie	Parry	Vandeveer
DeKruif	Howe	Limmer	Robling	Wolf

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Gazelka	Langseth	Miller	Saxhaug
Bonoff	Gimse	Latz	Nelson	Senjem
Carlson	Goodwin	Lourey	Olson	Sheran
Cohen	Hayden	Magnus	Pappas	Sieben
Dahms	Higgins	Marty	Pederson	Stumpf
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	McGuire	Reinert	Tomassoni
Eaton	Kelash	Metzen	Rest	Torres Ray
Fischbach	Koenen	Michel	Rosen	Wiger

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Skoe moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 11, delete lines 1 to 3 and insert:

"Subdivision 1. Library Accessibility and Improvement Grants

1,000,000

To the commissioner of education for library accessibility and improvement grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 134.45.

$\frac{Subd.\ 2.}{Lake} \ \underline{ \ \ Independent\ School\ District\ No.\ 38,\ Red}$

8,000,000

From the maximum effort school loan fund for a capital loan to Independent School District No. 38, Red Lake, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, sections 126C.60 to 126C.72, to design, construct, furnish, and equip renovation of existing facilities and construction of new facilities.

The project paid for with this appropriation includes a portion of the renovation and construction identified in the review and comment performed by the commissioner of education under the capital loan provisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 126C.69. This portion includes renovation and construction of a single kitchen and cafeteria to serve the high school and middle school, a receiving area and dock and adjacent drives, utilities, and grading.

Before any capital loan contract is approved under this authorization, the district must provide documentation acceptable to the commissioner on how the capital loan will be used. If any portion of the appropriation remains after completion of the identified project components, the district may, with the commissioner's approval, use the money for other items identified in the review and comment submission."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

Pursuant to Rule 7.4, Senator Ortman questioned whether the Skoe amendment was in order. The President ruled the amendment was not in order.

Senator Robling moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 12, line 3, delete "30,000,000" and insert "25,000,000"

Page 20, line 16, delete "19,500,000" and insert "14,500,000"

Page 22, line 2, delete "10,000,000" and insert "20,000,000"

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 29 and nays 36, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Benson	Dziedzic	Koch	Nienow	Rosen
Bonoff	Eaton	Latz	Olson	Sieben
Brown	Fischbach	Lillie	Ortman	Thompson
Daley	Hall	Limmer	Parry	Torres Ray
DeKruif	Hann	Michel	Rest	Wolf
Dibble	Hoffman	Newman	Robling	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Hayden	Langseth	Pappas	Stumpf
Carlson	Higgins	Lourey	Pederson	Tomassoni
Chamberlain	Howe	Magnus	Reinert	Vandeveer
Cohen	Ingebrigtsen	Marty	Saxhaug	Wiger
Dahms	Jungbauer	McGuire	Senjem	C
Gazelka	Kelash	Metzen	Sheran	
Gimse	Koenen	Miller	Skoe	
Goodwin	Kruse	Nelson	Sparks	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Metzen moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "49,500,000"

Page 28, after line 27, insert:

"Subd. 8. South St. Paul - Floodwall Extension

500,000

For a grant to the city of South St. Paul for the predesign and design, including preliminary engineering evaluations to determine the environmental impact, exact location, and design features of a floodwall extension on the west shore of the Mississippi River from the area of Interstate Highway 494 to the southern border of South St. Paul. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner of management and budget determines that at least an equal amount is committed to the project from nonstate sources."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 38 and nays 27, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Hall	Langseth	Nienow	Sparks
Bonoff	Hayden	Latz	Pappas	Stumpf
Chamberlain	Higgins	Lillie	Reinert	Thompson
Cohen	Hoffman	Lourey	Rest	Tomassoni
Dibble	Howe	Marty	Saxhaug	Torres Ray
Dziedzic	Jungbauer	McGuire	Sheran	Wiger
Eaton	Kelash	Metzen	Sieben	· ·
Goodwin	Koenen	Newman	Skoe	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Fischbach	Kruse	Olson	Senjem
Gazelka	Limmer	Ortman	Vandeveer
Gimse	Magnus	Parry	Wolf
Hann	Michel	Pederson	
Ingebrigtsen	Miller	Robling	
Koch	Nelson	Rosen	
	Gazelka Gimse Hann Ingebrigtsen	Gazelka Limmer Gimse Magnus Hann Michel Ingebrigtsen Miller	Gazelka Limmer Ortman Gimse Magnus Parry Hann Michel Pederson Ingebrigtsen Miller Robling

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Pappas moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 3, line 6, delete "10,000,000" and insert "54,000,000"

Page 31, line 3, delete "\$526,858,000" and insert "\$570,858,000"

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

Pursuant to Rule 7.4, Senator Ortman questioned whether the Pappas amendment was in order. The President ruled the amendment was not in order.

Senator Pappas appealed the decision of the President.

The question was taken on "Shall the decision of the President be the judgment of the Senate?"

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Benson	Fischbach	Koch	Nelson	Rosen
Brown	Gazelka	Kruse	Newman	Senjem
Carlson	Gimse	Lillie	Olson	Vandeveer
Chamberlain	Hann	Limmer	Ortman	Wolf
Dahms	Howe	Magnus	Parry	
Daley	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Pederson	
DeKruif	Jungbauer	Miller	Robling	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Hall	Lotz	Reinert	Stumpf
		Latz	Kemen	
Bonoff	Hayden	Lourey	Rest	Thompson
Cohen	Higgins	Marty	Saxhaug	Tomassoni
Dibble	Hoffman	McGuire	Sheran	Torres Ray
Dziedzic	Kelash	Metzen	Sieben	Wiger
Eaton	Koenen	Nienow	Skoe	· ·
Goodwin	Langseth	Pappas	Sparks	

So the decision of the President was overturned.

The question was taken on the adoption of the Pappas amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 29 and nays 36, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Goodwin	Lourey	Reinert	Sparks
Bonoff	Hayden	Marty	Rest	Stumpf
Cohen	Higgins	McGuire	Saxhaug	Tomassoni
Dibble	Kelash	Metzen	Sheran	Torres Ray
Dziedzic	Koenen	Nienow	Sieben	Wiger
Eaton	Latz	Pannas	Skoe	e

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Gazelka	Koch	Nelson	Senjem
Brown	Gimse	Kruse	Newman	Thompson
Carlson	Hall	Langseth	Olson	Vandeveer
Chamberlain	Hann	Lillie	Ortman	Wolf
Dahms	Hoffman	Limmer	Parry	
Daley	Howe	Magnus	Pederson	
DeKruif	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Robling	
Fischbach	Jungbauer	Miller	Rosen	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Howe moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "49,388,000"

Page 28, after line 27, insert:

"Subd. 8. Red Wing - Sheldon Theatre

\$ 612,000

For a grant to the city of Red Wing to design, construct, furnish, and equip the renovation of the Sheldon Theatre. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner determines that at least an equal amount has been committed to the project from nonstate sources."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 25 and nays 40, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bonoff	Goodwin	Kelash	Metzen	Sieben
Cohen	Hann	Latz	Nienow	Skoe
Dibble	Hayden	Lourey	Pappas	Tomassoni
Dziedzic	Higgins	Marty	Reinert	Torres Ray
Eaton	Howe	McGuire	Sheran	Wiger

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	DeKruif	Jungbauer	Magnus	Parry
Benson	Fischbach	Koch	Michel	Pederson
Brown	Gazelka	Koenen	Miller	Rest
Carlson	Gimse	Kruse	Nelson	Robling
Chamberlain	Hall	Langseth	Newman	Rosen
Dahms	Hoffman	Lillie	Olson	Saxhaug
Daley	Ingebrigtsen	Limmer	Ortman	Senjem

Sparks Stumpf Thompson Vandeveer Wolf

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Sheran moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 28, after line 27, insert:

"Subd. 8. Mankato Civic Center

14,500,000

For a grant to the city of Mankato to design, construct, improve, furnish, and equip the Minnesota State Mankato Arena and to design, expand, furnish, and equip the adjacent Events Center Auditorium. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner has determined that at least an equal amount has been committed to the project from nonstate sources."

Page 30, after line 27, insert:

"Sec. 25. BOND AUTHORIZATION REDUCTIONS

The general obligation bond appropriations to agencies in H.F. No. 1752 are reduced by 3 percent, estimated to be \$14,500,000."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 30 and nays 35, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Goodwin	Latz	Reinert	Sparks
Bonoff	Hayden	Lourey	Rest	Stumpf
Cohen	Higgins	Marty	Saxhaug	Tomássoni
Dibble	Kelash	McGuire	Sheran	Torres Ray
Dziedzic	Koenen	Metzen	Sieben	Vandeveer
Eaton	Langseth	Pappas	Skoe	Wiger

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Fischbach	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Parry
Brown	Gazelka	Jungbauer	Miller	Pederson
Carlson	Gimse	Koch	Nelson	Robling
Chamberlain	Hall	Kruse	Newman	Rosen
Dahms	Hann	Lillie	Nienow	Senjem
Daley	Hoffman	Limmer	Olson	Thompson
DeKruif	Howe	Magnus	Ortman	Wolf

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Goodwin moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 14, line 23, delete "6,000,000" and insert "4,750,000"

Page 15, line 18, delete "6,000,000" and insert "4,750,000"

Page 24, after line 22, insert:

"Subd. 6. Springbrook Nature Center

2,500,000

For a grant to the city of Fridley to predesign, design, construct, furnish, and equip the redevelopment and expansion of the Springbrook Nature Center. No nonstate match is required for this appropriation."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Kruse moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 22, line 34, delete "4,586,000" and insert "4,286,000"

Page 23, after line 29, insert:

"Subd. 4. Brooklyn Park Wheelchair-Accessible Softball Field

300,000

For a grant to the city of Brooklyn Park to engineer and construct capital asset improvements and betterments to Northwoods Park in the city of Brooklyn Park for phase II construction of a wheelchair-accessible softball field and facilities associated with the project, subject to Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.695."

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 19 and nays 45, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk Hoffman Limmer Parry Stumpf Benson Jungbauer Miller Saxhaug Thompson Bonoff Kruse Nelson Sheran Vandeveer DeKruif Latz Nienow Skoe

Those who voted in the negative were:

Brown Carlson Chamberlain Cohen Dahms

Daley	Hall	Koenen	Newman	Rosen
Dibble	Hann	Langseth	Olson	Senjem
Dziedzic	Harrington	Lillie	Ortman	Sieben
Eaton	Hayden	Lourey	Pappas	Sparks
Fischbach	Higgins	Magnus	Pederson	Tomassoni
Gazelka	Howe	Marty	Reinert	Torres Ray
Gimse	Ingebrigtsen	McGuire	Rest	Wiger
Goodwin	Kelash	Metzen	Robling	Wolf

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Wiger moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 24, after line 32, insert:

"Subd. 3. Maplewood - Harriet Tubman Center

2,000,000

Senjem Thompson Vandeveer Wolf

For a grant to the city of Maplewood to design, renovate, and equip Harriet Tubman Center East to be used as a regional safety service center for domestic violence shelter, legal services, youth programs, mental and chemical health services, and community education."

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "48,000,000"

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 33 and nays 32, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Harrington	Latz	Pappas	Sparks
Bonoff	Hayden	Lillie	Reinert	Stumpf
Cohen	Higgins	Lourey	Rest	Tomassoni
Dibble	Howe	Marty	Saxhaug	Torres Ray
Dziedzic	Kelash	McGuire	Sheran	Wiger
Eaton	Koenen	Metzen	Sieben	
Goodwin	Langseth	Nienow	Skoe	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Fischbach	Jungbauer	Newman
Brown	Gazelka	Kruse	Olson
Carlson	Gimse	Limmer	Ortman
Chamberlain	Hall	Magnus	Parry
Dahms	Hann	Michel	Pederson
Daley	Hoffman	Miller	Robling
DeKruif	Ingebrigtsen	Nelson	Rosen

The motion prevailed. So the amendment was adopted.

Senator Bakk moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 3, line 2, delete "50,000,000" and insert "42,650,000"

Page 3, after line 10, insert:

"Subd. 4. Duluth Campus - American Indian Learning Resource Center

7,350,000

To design, construct, furnish, and equip an American Indian Learning Resource Center."

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 33 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk Bonoff Cohen Dibble Dziedzic Eaton	Harrington Hayden Higgins Howe Kelash Koenen	Latz Lourey Marty McGuire Metzen Nienow	Reinert Rest Saxhaug Sheran Sieben Skoe	Stumpf Tomassoni Torres Ray Vandeveer Wiger
Goodwin	Langseth	Pappas	Sparks	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Fischbach	Ingebrigtsen	Miller	Robling
Brown	Gazelka	Jungbauer	Nelson	Rosen
Carlson	Gerlach	Kruse	Newman	Senjem
Chamberlain	Gimse	Lillie	Olson	Thompson
Dahms	Hall	Limmer	Ortman	Wolf
Daley DeKruif	Hann	Magnus	Parry	
DeKruif	Hoffman	Michel	Pederson	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Sieben moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "49,950,000"

Page 28, after line 27, insert:

"Subd. 8. Cottage Grove - Business Incubator

50,000

For a grant to the city of Cottage Grove to renovate, furnish, and equip the former city hall building into a business incubator."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Vandeveer moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 13, after line 9, insert:

"Subd. 7. Browns Creek Trail

1,500,000

For a grant to Washington County to design and construct a grade-separated crossing of the proposed Browns Creek Trail at Manning Avenue in the city of Stillwater."

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "48,500,000"

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Lourey moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 7, after line 11, insert:

"Subd. 16. Pine Technical College Entrepreneurship and Technology Business Incubator

250,000

For a matching grant to the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities for Pine Technical College to design, construct, furnish, and equip an entrepreneurship and technology business incubator at Pine Technical College. This appropriation is not available until the board determines that an equal match has been committed from nonstate sources, including a grant from the United States Economic Development Administration."

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "49,750,000"

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 32 and nays 35, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

		_		~ ~
Bakk	Harrington	Latz	Reinert	Stumpf
Bonoff	Hayden	Lourey	Rest	Tomassoni
Cohen	Higgins	Marty	Saxhaug	Torres Ray
Dibble	Howe	McGuire	Sheran	Wiger
Dziedzic	Kelash	Metzen	Sieben	Č
Eaton	Koenen	Nienow	Skoe	
Goodwin	Langseth	Pappas	Sparks	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson Brown Carlson Chamberlain Dahms

Hall Daley Kruse Nelson Robling DeKruif Hann Lillie Newman Rosen Senjem Olson Fischbach Hoffman Limmer Gazelka Ingebrigtsen Magnus Ortman Thompson Gerlach Jungbauer Michel Parry Vandeveer Gimse Koch Miller Pederson Wolf

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Carlson moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 27, line 31, after the period, insert "Up to \$750,000 of this appropriation is reserved for grants and loans to Minnesota school districts, municipalities, and counties to build infrastructure improvements that use Minnesota biomass energy products to conserve energy and reduce reliance on electricity, oil, and natural gas."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 20 and nays 47, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Eaton	Lourey	Rest	Stumpf
Harrington	Marty	Saxhaug	Tomassoni
Koenen	McGuire	Sieben	Torres Ray
Latz	Pappas	Skoe	Wiger
	Harrington Koenen	Harrington Marty Koenen McGuire	Harrington Marty Saxhaug Koenen McGuire Sieben

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Gerlach	Jungbauer	Miller	Rosen
Brown	Gimse	Kelash	Nelson	Senjem
Chamberlain	Goodwin	Koch	Newman	Sheran
Cohen	Hall	Kruse	Nienow	Sparks
Dahms	Hann	Langseth	Olson	Thompson
Daley	Hayden	Lillie	Ortman	Vandeveer
DeKruif	Higgins	Limmer	Parry	Wolf
Dziedzic	Hoffman	Magnus	Pederson	
Fischbach	Howe	Metzen	Reinert	
Gazelka	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Robling	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Newman moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 36, delete lines 29 to 35

Page 37, delete lines 1 to 5

Senator Latz requested division of the Newman amendment as follows:

First portion:

Page 36, delete lines 29 to 35

The question was taken on the adoption of the first portion of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 28 and nays 39, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Benson	Gazelka	Howe	Marty	Parry
Brown	Gerlach	Jungbauer	McGuire	Thompson
Chamberlain	Gimse	Koch	Michel	Vandeveer
Daley	Hall	Kruse	Newman	Wolf
DeKruif	Hann	Lillie	Nienow	
Dibble	Hoffman	Limmer	Ortman	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Goodwin	Latz	Pederson	Sieben
Bonoff	Harrington	Lourey	Reinert	Skoe
Carlson	Hayden	Magnus	Rest	Sparks
Cohen	Higgins	Metzen	Robling	Stumpf
Dahms	Ingebrigtsen	Miller	Rosen	Tomassoni
Dziedzic	Kelash	Nelson	Saxhaug	Torres Ray
Eaton	Koenen	Olson	Senjem	Wiger
Fischbach	Langseth	Pappas	Sheran	2

The motion did not prevail. So the first portion of the amendment was not adopted.

Second portion:

Page 37, delete lines 1 to 5

The question was taken on the adoption of the second portion of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 56 and nays 10, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Gazelka	Kelash	Nelson	Senjem
Benson	Gerlach	Koch	Newman	Sheran
Bonoff	Gimse	Koenen	Nienow	Sieben
Brown	Hall	Kruse	Olson	Thompson
Carlson	Hann	Latz	Ortman	Torres Ray
Chamberlain	Harrington	Lillie	Pappas	Vandeveer
Cohen	Hayden	Limmer	Parry	Wiger
Daley	Higgins	Lourey	Pederson	Wolf
DeKruif	Hoffman	Marty	Reinert	
Dibble	Howe	McGuire	Rest	
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Rosen	
Eaton	Jungbauer	Miller	Saxhaug	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Dahms	Langseth	Metzen	Skoe	Stumpf
Fischbach	Magnus	Robling	Sparks	Tomássoni

The motion prevailed. So the second portion of the amendment was adopted.

Senator Limmer moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 35, lines 14, 18, 31, and 35, delete "Supreme Court" and insert "district court"

Page 35, line 22, delete "Supreme"

Page 35, line 23, delete "Court" and insert "district court"

Page 36, lines 8 and 19, delete "Supreme Court" and insert "district court"

Page 36, lines 15 and 32, delete "Supreme Court" and insert "district court"

Page 37, line 4, delete "Supreme Court" and insert "district court"

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 33 and nays 33, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Benson	Gazelka	Koenen	McGuire	Sheran
Brown	Gerlach	Kruse	Michel	Thompson
Chamberlain	Hall	Latz	Newman	Torres Ray
Cohen	Hann	Lillie	Nienow	Vandeveer
Daley	Hoffman	Limmer	Ortman	Wolf
DeKruif	Jungbauer	Lourey	Pappas	
Dibble	Koch	Marty	Parry	

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Gimse	Langseth	Reinert	Skoe
Bonoff	Harrington	Magnus	Rest	Sparks
Carlson	Hayden	Metzen	Robling	Stumpf
Dahms	Higgins	Miller	Rosen	Tomassoni
Dziedzic	Howe	Nelson	Saxhaug	Wiger
Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Olson	Senjem	_
Fischbach	Kelash	Pederson	Sieben	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Hoffman moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "45,250,000"

Page 28, after line 27, insert:

"Subd. 8. Wadena-Regional Wellness Center

4,750,000

For a grant to the city of Wadena to design and construct a new Regional Wellness Center for the city of Wadena, Otter Tail and Todd Counties, including aquatics, locker rooms, fitness space, gymnasium, commons area, office, and support area. This appropriation is not available until the commissioner has determined that at least \$4,500,000 has been committed to the project from nonstate sources."

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 14 and nays 50, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Dibble	Hayden	Koch	Langseth	Skoe
Gazelka	Higgins	Koenen	Limmer	Torres Ray
Hall	Hoffman	Kruse	Sheran	,

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Eaton	Latz	Newman	Rosen
Benson	Fischbach	Lillie	Nienow	Saxhaug
Bonoff	Gerlach	Lourey	Olson	Senjem
Brown	Gimse	Magnus	Ortman	Sieben
Carlson	Hann	Marty	Pappas	Sparks
Chamberlain	Harrington	McGuire	Parry	Stumpf
Dahms	Howe	Metzen	Pederson	Thompson
Daley	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Reinert	Tomassoni
DeKruif	Jungbauer	Miller	Rest	Wiger
Dziedzic	Kelash	Nelson	Robling	Wolf

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

Senator Tomassoni moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 37, after line 5, insert:

"Sec. 31. [16B.323] SOLAR ENERGY IN STATE BUILDINGS.

Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

- (b) "Made in Minnesota" means the manufacture in this state of:
- (i) components of a solar thermal system certified by the Solar Rating and Certification Corporation; or
 - (ii) solar photovoltaic modules that:
- (1) are manufactured at a manufacturing facility in Minnesota that is registered and authorized to manufacture those solar photovoltaic modules by Underwriters Laboratory, CSA International, Intertek, or an equivalent independent testing agency;
- (2) bear certification marks from Underwriters Laboratory, CSA International, Intertek, or an equivalent independent testing agency; and
- (3) meet the requirements of section 116C.7791, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (5), and (6).

For the purposes of clause (ii), "manufactured" has the meaning given in section 116C.7791, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2).

- (c) "Major renovation" means a substantial addition to an existing building, or a substantial change to the interior configuration or the energy system of an existing building.
- (d) "Solar energy system" means solar photovoltaic modules alone or installed in conjunction with a solar thermal system.
- (e) "Solar photovoltaic module" has the meaning given in section 116C.7791, subdivision 1, paragraph (e).
- (f) "Solar thermal system" has the meaning given "qualifying solar thermal project" in section 216B.2411, subdivision 2, paragraph (e).
 - (g) "State building" means a building whose construction or renovation is paid wholly or in part

by the state from the bond proceeds fund.

- Subd. 2. Solar energy system. (a) As provided in paragraphs (b) to (e), a project for the construction or major renovation of a state building, may include installation of "Made in Minnesota" solar energy systems of 40 kilowatts capacity on, adjacent, or in proximity to the state building.
- (b) The capacity of a solar system must be less than 40 kilowatts to the extent necessary to match the electrical load of the building or to the extent necessary to keep the costs for the installation below the five percent maximum set by paragraph (c).
- (c) The cost of the solar system must not exceed five percent of the appropriations from the bond proceeds fund for the construction or renovation of the state building. Purchase and installation of a solar thermal system may account for no more than 25 percent of the cost of a solar system installation.
- (d) The commissioner may exempt a major renovation of a state building from the requirements of this section if the commissioner finds that the structural soundness or other physical condition of the state building to be renovated makes the installation of a solar energy system infeasible.
- (e) The commissioner may exempt appropriations for construction or major renovation of a state building authorized before June 30, 2012, from the requirements of this section if the commissioner determines that the installation of a solar energy system would require the redesign of program space or major building systems, but in no event shall more than 20 percent of the applicable projects be exempted under this paragraph.
- (f) A project subject to this section is ineligible to receive a rebate for the installation of a solar energy system under section 116C.7791or from any utility.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal references

Amend the title accordingly

Senator Benson moved to amend the Tomassoni amendment to H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 1, line 31, after the comma, insert "after the completion of a cost-benefit analysis,"

The motion prevailed. So the amendment to the amendment was adopted.

The question recurred on the adoption of the Tomassoni amendment, as amended. The motion prevailed. So the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

Senator Lillie moved to amend H.F. No. 1752 as follows:

Page 19, after line 29, insert:

"Subd. 6. Oakdale Veterans Memorial

30,000

For a grant to the city of Oakdale to construct a veterans memorial at the Oakdale City Hall. This appropriation may be matched by

in-kind contributions."

Page 28, line 6, delete "50,000,000" and insert "49,470,000"

Renumber the subdivisions in sequence

Correct the subdivision and section totals and the appropriations by fund accordingly

The question was taken on the adoption of the amendment.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 15 and nays 49, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Dibble	Harrington	Lillie	Newman	Sieben
Dziedzic	Hayden	Limmer	Parry	Vandeveer
Gimse	Koch	Metzen	Saxhaug	Wiger

Those who voted in the negative were:

Bakk	Eaton	Ingebrigtsen	Michel	Senjem
Benson	Fischbach	Kelash	Miller	Sheran
Bonoff	Gazelka	Koenen	Nelson	Skoe
Brown	Gerlach	Kruse	Olson	Sparks
Carlson	Goodwin	Langseth	Ortman	Stumpf
Chamberlain	Hall	Latz	Pappas	Thompson
Cohen	Hann	Lourey	Pederson	Tomassoni
Dahms	Higgins Hoffman	Magnus	Reinert	Torres Ray
Daley	Hoffman	Marty	Rest	Wolf
DeKruif	Howe	McGuire	Robling	

The motion did not prevail. So the amendment was not adopted.

H.F. No. 1752 was read the third time, as amended, and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill, as amended.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 45 and nays 22, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Bakk	Goodwin	Kruse	Nelson	Sheran
Bonoff	Harrington	Langseth	Olson	Sieben
Carlson	Hayden	Lourey	Pappas	Skoe
Cohen	Higgins	Magnus	Pederson	Sparks
Dahms	Howe	Marty	Rest	Stumpf
Dziedzic	Ingebrigtsen	McGuire	Robling	Tomassoni
Eaton	Jungbauer	Metzen	Rosen	Torres Ray
Fischbach	Kelash	Michel	Saxhaug	Wiger Wolf
Gimse	Koenen	Miller	Senjem	Wolf

Those who voted in the negative were:

Benson	Dibble	Hoffman	Newman	Thompson
Brown	Gazelka	Koch	Nienow	Vandeveer
Chamberlain	Gerlach	Latz	Ortman	
Daley	Hall	Lillie	Parry	
DeKruif	Hann	Limmer	Reinert	

So the bill, as amended, was passed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Orders of Business of Messages From the House and First Reading of House Bills.

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce that the House has adopted the recommendation and report of the Conference Committee on Senate File No. 1143, and repassed said bill in accordance with the report of the Committee, so adopted.

S.F. No. 1143: A bill for an act relating to state government; classifying and authorizing sharing of data; making technical changes to data practices; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 13.02, subdivisions 3, 4, 8a, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15; 13.10, subdivision 1; 13.201; 13.202, subdivision 3; 13.35; 13.3805, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.384, subdivision 1; 13.39, subdivision 2; 13.392, subdivision 1; 13.40, subdivision 1; 13.41, subdivision 2; 13.44, subdivision 3; 13.46, subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5, 6; 13.462, subdivision 1; 13.467, subdivision 1; 13.47, subdivision 1; 13.485, by adding subdivisions; 13.495; 13.51, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.52; 13.548; 13.55, subdivision 1; 13.585, subdivisions 2, 3, 4; 13.59, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 13.591, subdivision 4; 13.601, subdivision 3; 13.643, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7; 13.6435, by adding a subdivision; 13.65, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 13.67; 13.679, subdivisions 1, 2; 13.714; 13.719, subdivisions 1, 5; 13.7191, subdivisions 14, 18; 13.72, subdivisions 7, 11, by adding subdivisions; 13.792; 13.7932; 13.82, subdivisions 2, 3, 6, 7; 13.83, subdivisions 2, 4, 6; 13.861, subdivision 1; 13.87, subdivisions 1, 2; 79A.16; 79A.28; 216C.266; 237.701, subdivision 1; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 13D.

Senate File No. 1143 is herewith returned to the Senate.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Returned May 7, 2012

Madam President:

I have the honor to announce the passage by the House of the following House File, herewith transmitted: H.F. No. 1485.

Albin A. Mathiowetz, Chief Clerk, House of Representatives

Transmitted May 7, 2012

FIRST READING OF HOUSE BILLS

The following bill was read the first time.

H.F. No. 1485: A bill for an act relating to stadiums; providing for a new National Football

League stadium in Minnesota; establishing a Minnesota Stadium Authority; authorizing the sale and issuance of state appropriation bonds; abolishing the Metropolitan Sports Facilities Commission; providing for use of certain local tax revenue; providing for electronic pull-tab games, electronic linked bingo games, and sports-themed tipboard games; providing for the conditional imposition of certain taxes and collection of other revenues; modifying certain rates of tax on lawful gambling; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 3.971, subdivision 6; 3.9741, by adding a subdivision; 297A.71, by adding a subdivision; 297E.01, subdivisions 7, 8, 9; 297E.02, subdivisions 1, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, by adding subdivisions; 297E.13, subdivision 5; 349.12, subdivisions 3b, 3c, 5, 6a, 12a, 18, 25, 25b, 25c, 25d, 29, 31, 32, 34, 35, by adding subdivisions; 349.13; 349.151, subdivisions 4b, 4c, by adding subdivisions; 349.155, subdivisions 3, 4; 349.161, subdivisions 1, 5; 349.162, subdivision 5; 349.163, subdivisions 1, 5, 6; 349.1635, subdivisions 2, 3, by adding a subdivision; 349.165, subdivision 2; 349.17, subdivisions 6, 7, 8, by adding a subdivision; 349.1711, subdivisions 1, 2; 349.1721; 349.18, subdivision 1; 349.19, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 10; 349.211, subdivisions 1a, 2c; 352.01, subdivision 2a; Minnesota Statutes 2011 Supplement, sections 10A.01, subdivision 35; 340A.404, subdivision 1; Laws 1986, chapter 396, sections 4, as amended; 5, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 16A; 297A; 297E; 349A; proposing coding for new law as Minnesota Statutes, chapter 473J; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2010, sections 297E.02, subdivision 4; 349.15, subdivision 3; 349.19, subdivision 2a.

Senator Senjem moved that H.F. No. 1485 be laid on the table. The motion prevailed.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Senator Lillie was excused from the Session of today from 1:00 to 3:50 p.m. Senator Koch was excused from the Session of today from 2:30 to 3:50 p.m. and from 8:40 to 9:25 p.m. Senator Torres Ray was excused from the Session of today from 5:30 to 6:30 p.m. Senator Harrington was excused from the Session of today from 7:00 to 8:40 p.m.

ADJOURNMENT

Senator Senjem moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 9:00 a.m., Tuesday, May 8, 2012. The motion prevailed.

Cal R. Ludeman, Secretary of the Senate